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144856

**EXHIBITS ATTACHED TO
IRA S. BERG, ESQ. CERTIFICATION
IN SUPPORT OF
CERRO COPPER PRODUCTS CO.'S COMMENT
TO PROPOSED NPL LISTING OF
SAUGET AREA 1, SAUGET, ILLINOIS**

EXHIBITS 4 - 7

VOLUME II

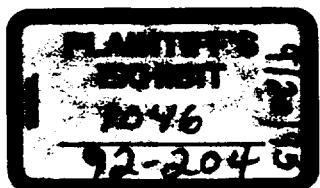
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EXPANDED SITE INVESTIGATION
DEAD CREEK PROJECT SITES
AT CAHOKIA/SAUGET, ILLINOIS
FINAL REPORT
VOLUME 2 OF 2

May 1988

Prepared for:

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Division of Land Pollution Control
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APPENDIX A

**DESCRIPTION OF CURRENT SITUATION
AT THE
DEAD CREEK PROJECT SITES**

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**DESCRIPTION OF CURRENT SITUATION
AT THE
DEAD CREEK PROJECT SITES**

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I. INTRODUCTION

The RI portion of the Dead Creek Project Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study, as described in the Project Work Plan, includes eleven tasks to be completed. Task 5, Description of Current Situation, calls for Ecology and Environment, Inc. to prepare a description of the background information pertinent to the area and its problems and outline the purpose and need for remedial investigation in the area.

This report was prepared to provide the information on and a description of the current situation of the sites in the Dead Creek Project area. The report is organized to provide an area wide description followed by a detailed site by site description. The site by site description provides a detailed presentation of all available information concerning each site, which was acquired and evaluated during Tasks 3 and 4 of the RI.

II. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT AREA

Location

The Dead Creek Project area is located in and around the cities of Sauget (formerly Monsanto) and Cahokia in St. Clair County, Illinois (Figure 1). Under the scope of the RFP issued by the IEPA, the study area consists of 18 suspected uncontrolled hazardous waste sites located throughout the study area (Figure 2). The project area consists of 12 individual sites and 6 additional sectors in Dead Creek.

Areal Description and Topography

The sites to be investigated as part of the Dead Creek Project are in an area which contains a mixture of industrial, residential, commercial, farm, and undeveloped land. The sites consist of closed and active landfills, industrial property, undeveloped or currently unutilized land, residential land, and an areal drainage flowpath (Dead Creek).

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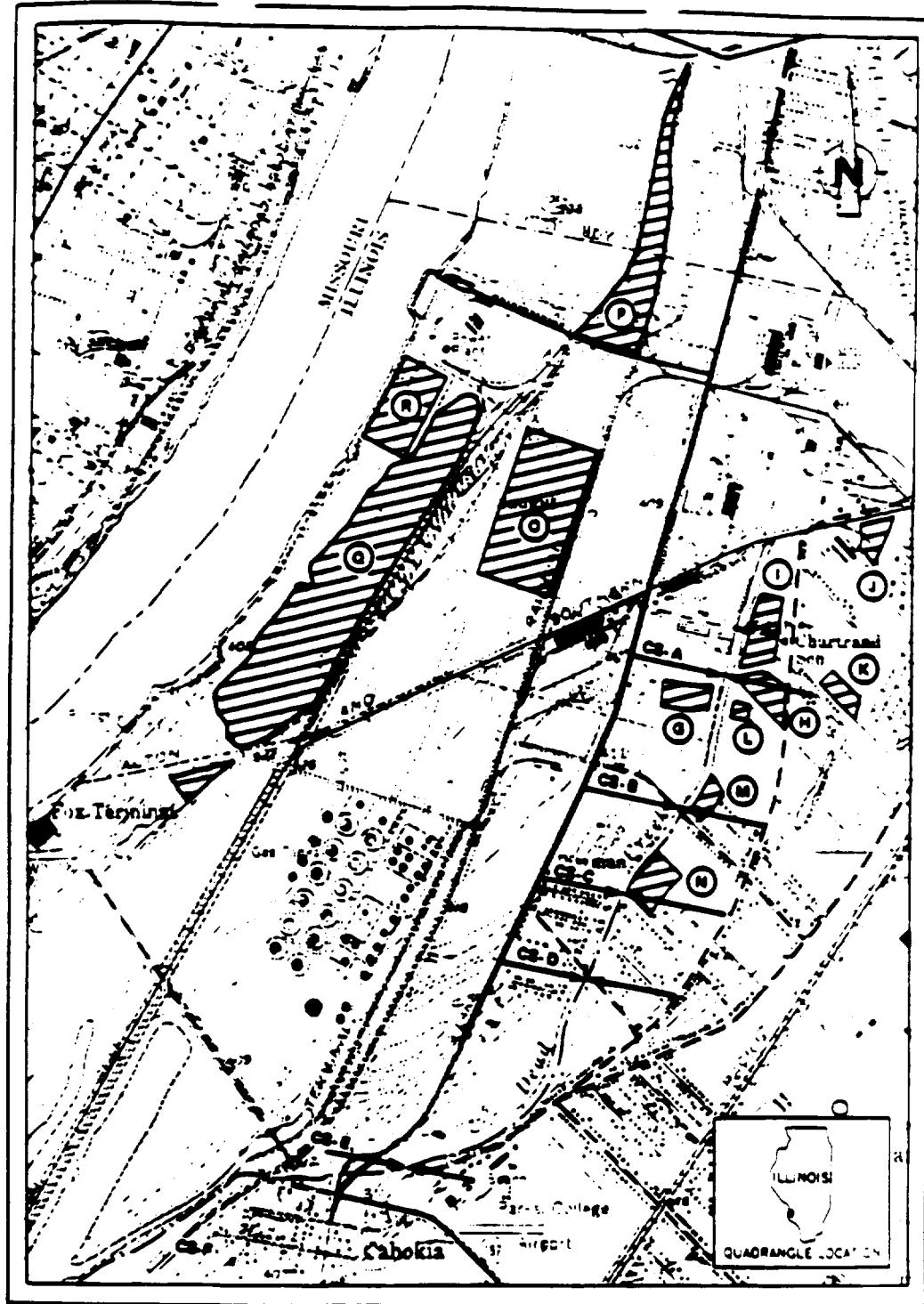
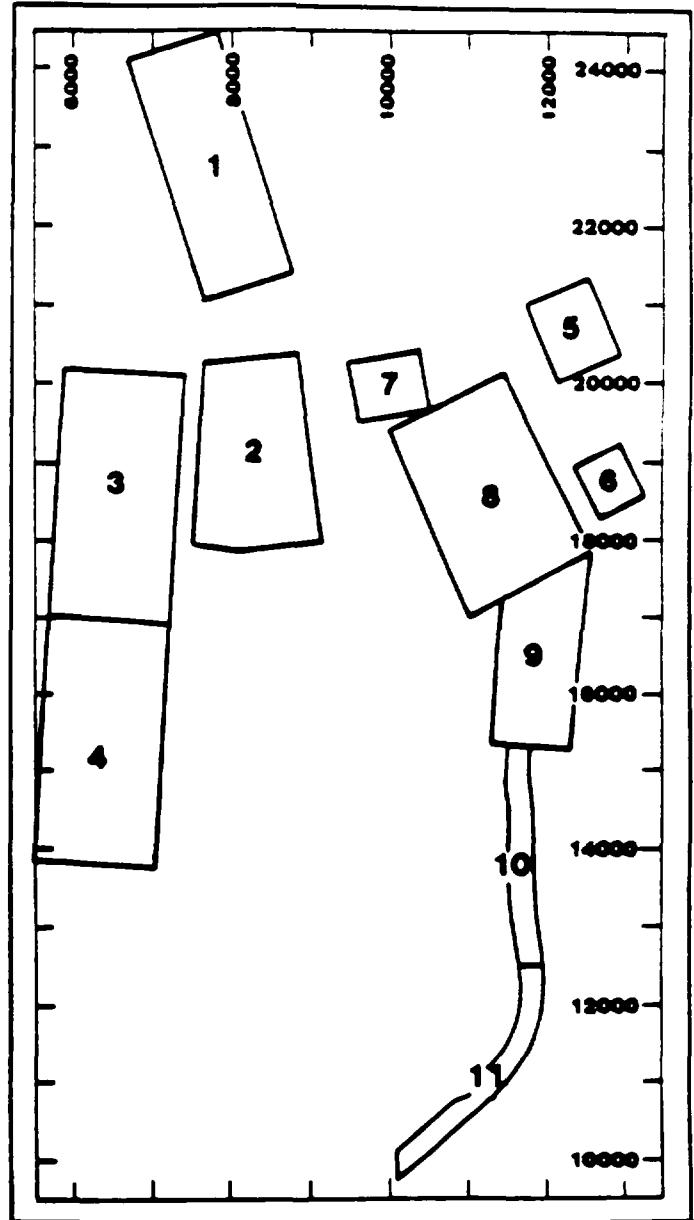


FIGURE 2
SITE REPORTING DESIGNATIONS FOR THE DEAD CREEK PROJECT

- 3 -

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0 500 1000 1500 METER
0 500 1000 1500 FEET

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FIGURE 3
BOUNDARIES OF ENGINEERING PLATES FOR THE DEAD CREEK SITES

underlain by basement granitic crystalline rock. The geologic formation sequence for South-Central Illinois is represented in Figure 4. The study area, the American Bottoms, and the Mississippi River channels are all located in a broad deep cut bedrock valley. The bedrock valley is delineated by bluff lines on both sides. Based upon available data, the bedrock valley has steep walls along the bluff lines while the valley bottom slopes gently toward the middle.

Within the bedrock valley, the Mississippi River has provided the primary mechanisms controlling the recent formation of geology and hydrogeology. Bergstrom, et al (1956) suggests that the bedrock valley is pre-glacial in nature; however, Willman et al (1970) concludes that insufficient data exists to suggest a pre-glacial valley structure for the Mississippi River. Nevertheless, glaciation did significantly modify and redesign the Mississippi River and its valley through both glacial and interglacial periods. These changes occurred as glacial wasting caused massive amounts of meltwater to be directed generally southward through and around bedrock and ice contacts, ultimately discharging into the Gulf of Mexico. Through geologic history, a wide and deep valley (2 to 8 miles across and up to 170 feet deep) has been carved into the predominantly soft sedimentary bedrock underlying the river (Bergstrom, 1956). Changes in stream flow, direction, and sediment load have caused this valley to fill with secondary alluvial sediments. These constantly changing parameters have resulted in the river continuously picking up and depositing (and cutting and filling) its sediment base, thereby directing and redirecting the river and its channels throughout time.

The unconsolidated valley fill, present in the bedrock valley, ranges in thickness from approximately 70 to 120 feet in the study area. The thickness of the valley fill in the region of the study area is depicted in Figure 5. A cross section of the valley fill in the vicinity of the study area is presented in Figure 6.

The valley fill deposits are typically comprised of two main formations which may reach as deep as 120 feet in the site area. The Cahokia, the uppermost formation, is comprised of predominantly silt,

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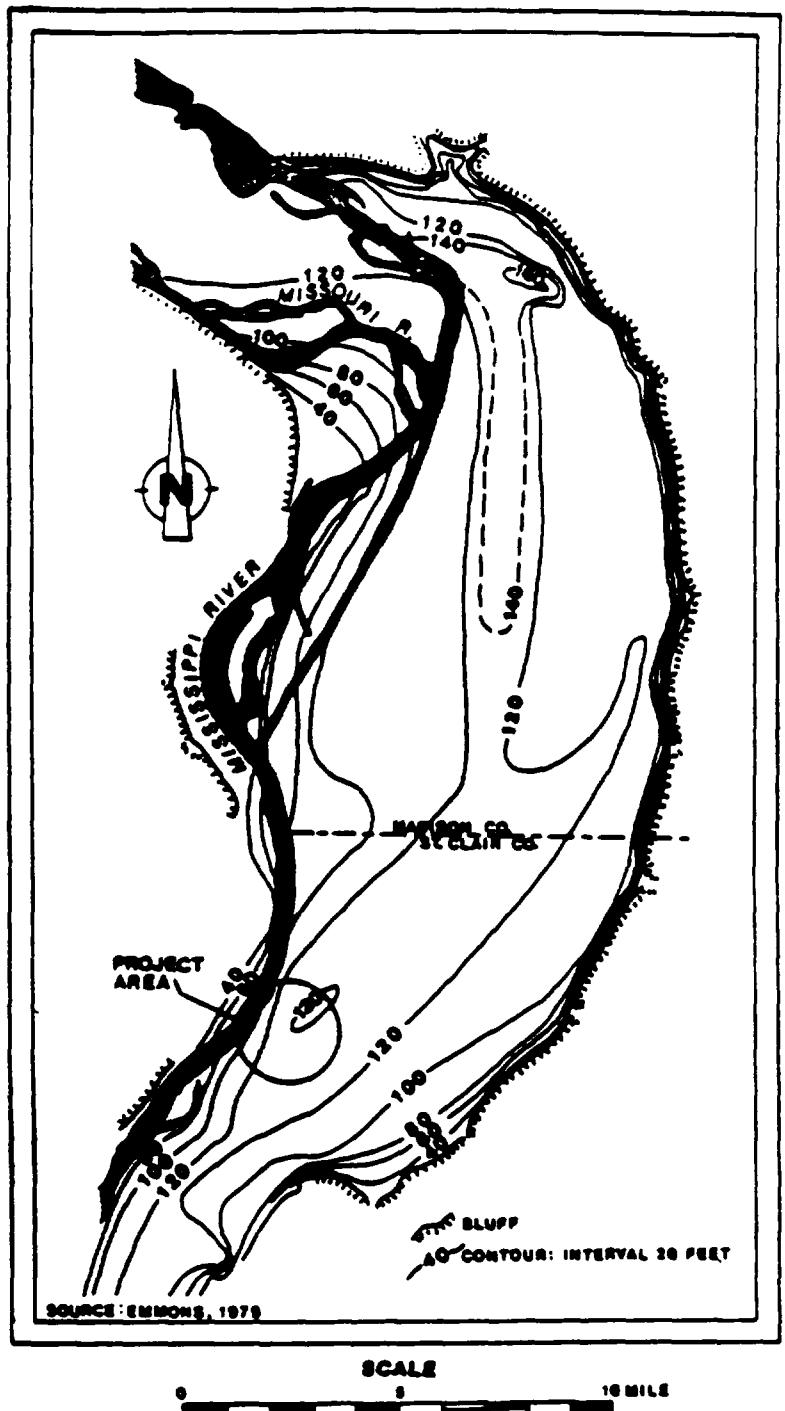


FIGURE 3
THICKNESS OF THE UNCONSOLIDATED VALLEY FILL IN THE
DEAD CREEK STUDY AREA

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clay, and fine sand deposits generally indicative of an aggrading environment. These deposits were laid down as flood events of the Mississippi River, eolian activity, bank slumping, erosion, and/or slugs of material deposited directly by tributary streams. This formation has been frequently reworked by the Mississippi River and typically consists of coarser material intertongued with finer grained deposits. As such, these deposits can be variable in thickness (ranging from 15 to 30 feet). Larger expressions of tributary deposits may form thicker alluvial fans where high energy streams dissipated and dropped their sediment load.

The second major formation of the floodplain setting is the Mackinaw Member of the Henry Formation. This formation underlies the Cahokia Alluvium, and is comprised of sand and gravel from glacial outwash. Within the study area, this material rests directly on the bedrock surface and can be highly variable in thickness (70 to 100 feet) due to the fluvial processes which formed it. This formation typically contains portions which are complexly interbedded due to meandering of the river throughout history.

A third minor formation noted locally within the floodplain, but not discovered within the site investigation area, is the Peyton Colluvium. This material is comprised of fine grained silt (loess) and clay (till) which has slumped from upland areas and accumulated at the base of steep bluffs.

Immediately adjacent to the floodplain (and 3.5 to 5 miles east-south east of the sites) is an upland area marked by a steep (50 to 150 feet above surrounding terrain) bluff. Structurally, these upland areas are based unconformably on bedrock (which has not been eroded as deeply as the adjacent valley), and consists of 10 to 100 feet of unconsolidated sediments of predominantly glacial origin. No upland formations exist in the study area; however, erosion and slumping of the upland has provided the parent material for the Cahokia Formation and Peyton Colluvium, which are found in the floodplain.

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valley erosional processes to the southwest of the study area, while maintaining these same formations at a deeper elevation to the northeast of the study area.

Hydrology

The description of the hydrology of the study area is divided into the surface drainage and groundwater discussions presented below.

Surface Drainage

The Mississippi River extends far to the north and south of the site area and drains the American Bottoms and the tributary upland area. Although the Mississippi River floodplain is subject to periodic inundation by excess water runoff, most of the area is protected from massive regional flooding by a complex series of levees and other flood control structures. This condition partially adds to local small scale flooding problems since precipitation is trapped behind the flood control structures where drainage is typically poor. Dead Creek itself provides drainage for a portion of the American Bottoms, and ultimately discharges to the Mississippi River via the Prairie DuPont Floodway and Cahokia Chute. Fenneman (1909) has suggested that Dead Creek may at one time have been a southward extension of Cahokia Creek. Excessive siltation, realignment of surface drainage, or stream piracy may have redirected Cahokia Creek to its present channel, thus cutting off Dead Creek from the original source water.

Major surface drainage in the area is also provided by Cahokia Creek (to the north) and the Old Prairie DuPont Creek (to the south). Both of these creeks channel surface water directly into the Mississippi River. Significant additional secondary drainage within the site area and floodplain is provided by an extensive system of storm drains, pumping stations, and ditches, which were constructed or modified from existing natural drainage features for this purpose.

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depressed below ground surface except where affected by surface structure or well pumpage. Groundwater levels are affected by flood stages of the Mississippi River, and undergo water-level fluctuations as a result of seasonal weather patterns. In areas remote from major pumping centers, water levels generally recede in late spring, summer and early fall, when discharge from the groundwater reservoir by evapotranspiration, groundwater run-off to streams, and pumping from wells is greater than recharge. Recovery of water levels generally occurs in the early winter when conditions are favorable for infiltration of rainfall to the water table. Water level recovery is especially pronounced during the spring when the groundwater reservoir receives most of its annual recharge. Water levels are generally highest in May and lowest in December. Water levels remote from major pumping centers have a seasonal fluctuation ranging from 1 to 13 feet, with an average fluctuation of about 4 feet.

Based upon the surface drainage system for the region in 1900, R.J. Schicht (Illinois State Water Survey, 1965) estimated the piezometric surface prior to heavy development in the area. Groundwater elevation was estimated to be about 420 feet near the bluffs to about 400 feet near the Mississippi River. The piezometric surface had an average slope of about 3 feet per mile and ranged from 6 feet per mile in the Alton area to the north, to one foot per mile in the Dupo area to the south. The slope of the piezometric surface was greatest near the bluffs and flattest near the Mississippi River. Groundwater movement was generally directed to the west and south toward the Mississippi River and other streams and lakes.

Groundwater movement in the shallow deposits throughout the study area generally follow the land surface topography, with lateral movement toward local discharge zones (wells and small streams), and some movement into the deeper unconsolidated aquifers. Groundwater in the deeper unconsolidated deposits generally follows the bedrock surface. Accordingly, groundwater generally flows downstream through the sand and gravel aquifers in much the same direction as the original streamflow, but at a much slower rate.

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recharge of the water table only captures a portion of the annual precipitation. A major portion of the precipitation runs-off to streams or is lost by the evapotransporation process before it reaches the aquifer. Nevertheless, precipitation is probably the most important recharge source for the study area as a whole. The amount of surface recharge that reaches the saturation zone depends upon many factors, including the character of the soil and other materials above the water table, the topography, vegetal cover, land use, soil moisture, depth to the water table, the intensity and seasonal distribution of precipitation, and temperature. Because of the low relief and limited runoff in the study area, and because the upper silt and clay fill is not so impermeable as to prevent appreciable recharge, most of the precipitation either evaporates or seeps into the soil. Because of the extensive flood-control network in the area, recharge from floodwaters provides a limited input to the area. Based upon a modified form of the Darcy equation, R.J. Schicht (1965) calculated the average rate of surface recharge to be about 371,000 gpd/sq. mi. for the study area.

Regional groundwater flow components to the west and south provide subsurface recharge to the study area. Schicht similarly estimated that the average recharge from subsurface flow of water from the eastern bluff boundary is 329,000 gpd/mi.

The lowering of the water table as a result of groundwater withdrawals in the study area has, in the past, established a hydraulic gradient from the Mississippi River toward the pumping centers. This resulted in water percolation through the river bed and into the aquifer, producing induced infiltration recharge. Schicht estimated the 1961 induced infiltration recharge volume for the study area to be approximately 18.5 million gpd, or roughly 58%, of the 31.9 million gpd total being withdrawn. Water withdrawal data from 1980 for the study area and areas to the north indicate that total withdrawals amount to only 3.9 million gpd as compared to more than 42 million gpd in 1961. Accordingly, for the study area, the amount of current induced infiltration from the Mississippi is

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E000487

III. SITE SPECIFIC DESCRIPTIONS

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SITE G. ABANDONED LANDFILL

Site Description

Site G is a former subsurface/surface disposal area which occupies approximately 4.5 acres in Sauget, Illinois. The site is bordered on the north by Queeny Avenue; on the east by Dead Creek; on the south by a cultivated field; and on the west by Wiese Engineering Company property.

The surface of Site G is littered with demolition debris and metal wastes. Several small pits have been observed in the northeast and east-central portions of the site. Oily and tar-like wastes, along with scattered corroded drums, are found in these areas. Additionally, 20-30 deteriorated drums are scattered along a ridge running east-west, near the southern perimeter of the site. The western portion of Site G is marked by a mounded area with several corroded drums protruding at the surface. A large depression is found immediately south of the mounded area. This depression receives surface runoff from a sizable area within the site. Also, exposed debris is present over most of the site. In areas where wastes are not exposed, flyash and cinder material has been used as cover.

Site History and Previous Investigations

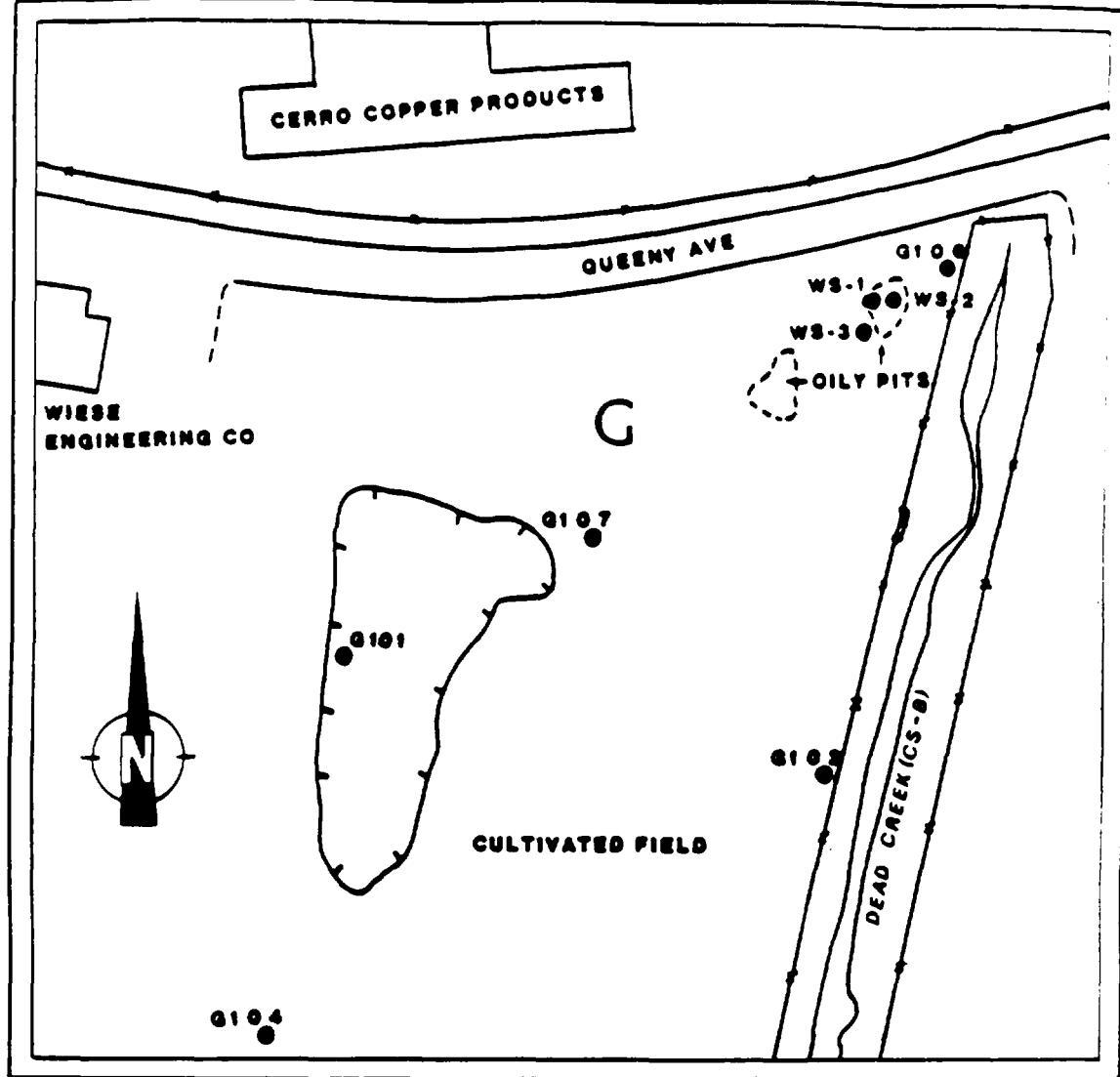
Examination of historical aerial photographs indicates excavation at Site G began sometime prior to 1950 and disposal operations were initiated shortly thereafter. No information is available concerning owners or operators for Site G at the time disposal was occurring. The photographs suggest disposal activities at the site continued until the early 1970s. Presently, Site G is inactive, although recent observations suggest that random dumping of various non-chemical wastes continues.

Site G was previously studied by the Illinois EPA in 1980 and 1981 as

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G-1

E000489



SCALE
0 100 FEET

LEGEND

- G106 IEPA MONITORING WELL
- WS-1 IEPA WASTE SAMPLING LOCATION

FIGURE G-1
DEAD CREEK SITE AREA G WITH SAMPLE LOCATIONS

CER 051532

G-3

E000490

at Site G from a pit in the northeast corner. Analyses of these samples are presented in Table G-2. Elevated levels of heavy metals were found in all samples, as were various organic contaminants. PCBs were detected in sample WS-3, but not in the other two samples. Sample WS-1 showed the highest degree of organic contamination. Organics detected in this sample include dimethyl phenanthrene, phenyl indene, pyrene, trimethyl phenanthrene, and aliphatic hydrocarbons.

Data from additional samples taken adjacent to Site G in Dead Creek are addressed in the narrative for Creek Sector B. Site G may be a source of contamination in Dead Creek; however, since the hydrology in the area is not well-defined, this cannot presently be determined.

A geophysical investigation, including flux-gate magnetometry and electromagnetics (EM), was completed at Site G in December, 1985 as part of the Dead Creek RI/FS project. A survey grid with dimensions of 440 by 600 feet was laid out using a compass and tape measure. Because of the large amount of scrap metal scattered about the surface of Site G, instruments were calibrated in off-site areas. The magnetometer survey was subcontracted to Technos, Inc. of Miami, Florida.

The magnetometer survey at Site G showed that a major magnetic anomaly covers most of the northern portion of the site. Several smaller anomalies were found to the north of the large depression in the southwest corner of Site G. Survey lines run south of the fill area in a cultivated field showed no magnetic anomalies above background conditions. The mounds in the northwest corner of the site showed smaller anomalies at the surface and larger anomalies for deeper readings, indicating significant quantities of buried metals.

An EM survey was done using the same grid as for the magnetometer investigation. Shallow soundings indicated three areas showing relatively high intensity anomalies. These include a 50 feet by 20

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G-5

E000-191

feet area in the northeast corner, a 150 feet by 100 feet area in the east-central portion, and the entire mounded area along the west perimeter of the site. Deep soundings (approximately 10 to 15 meters in depth) indicated a significant anomaly covers most of the northern portion of the site. Three negative anomalies were recorded in the center of the fill area, possibly indicating higher, off-scale instrument readings or the presence of significant quantities non-conductive material such as concrete. The EM survey also showed anomalies trending off-site in the northwest corner, indicating the possibility that the actual filled area extends north under Queeny Avenue.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

Activities proposed at Site G for the Dead Creek Project include collecting 10 subsurface and 40 surface soil samples, and water samples from IEPA wells located on or near the site. A soil gas monitoring survey is also scheduled for Site G, and will be conducted in conjunction with ambient air monitoring at the site. Additional investigation is necessary to adequately characterize the site and to provide an adequate data base for conducting the feasibility study. Existing monitoring wells in the vicinity of the site need to be refurbished prior to sampling. Additional wells need to be installed around the site to determine if Site G is contributing to groundwater pollution in the area. Additional borings and subsurface sampling (alternatively excavation of test pits and sampling) in anomalous areas encountered during the geophysical study would be needed to provide additional information concerning depth of fill, waste characteristics, and past operation. This additional information will allow more specific evaluation of remedial alternatives. The hydrology of Site G in relation to Dead Creek also needs to be assessed to determine if the site is a source of pollution observed in the creek. This assessment would include collecting the following data: (1) Ground water elevations from a minimum of three locations on each side of the creek, (2) Surface water and creek bed elevations from three locations in the creek, and (3) Infiltration rates for the

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G-7

E000492

SITE H. ROGER'S CARTAGE PROPERTY

Site Description

Site H is a former disposal area covering approximately five acres in Sauget, Illinois. The site is located immediately southwest of the intersection of Queeny Avenue and Falling Springs Road. Presently, Site H is an open field which has been covered, vegetated, and graded. Several depression areas, capable of retaining rain water, are also evident. Surface drainage is generally to the west; although certain localized drainage is toward the aforementioned depressions.

Site History and Previous Investigations

A review of historical aerial photographs indicates that Site H was initially used as a disposal area sometime around 1940. Monsanto Company submitted a "Notification of Hazardous Waste Site Form" to the U.S. EPA in 1981, indicating below-ground drum disposal of organics, inorganics, and solvents. The notification listed the site name as Sauget Monsanto Illinois Landfill, and indicated that waste disposal continued until 1957. Site H is presently owned by James Tolbird of Roger's Cartage Company. Photographs suggest the site initially operated as a sand and gravel borrow pit prior to disposal activities. The southern half of Site I operated contiguously with Site H, and the properties were subsequently separated by the construction of Queeny Avenue.

Previous investigation of Site H is limited to review of historical photographs and the installation of one monitoring well downgradient from the site. This well, G110, was sampled in 1980 and 1981 as part of IEPAs hydrogeological investigation. Analytical data for well G110 is shown in Tables B-6, B-7, and B-8, presented in the Creek Sector B portion of this report. Contaminants detected in G110 include PCBs, chlorophenol, cyclohexanone, arsenic, copper, and nickel.

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H-1

E000-193

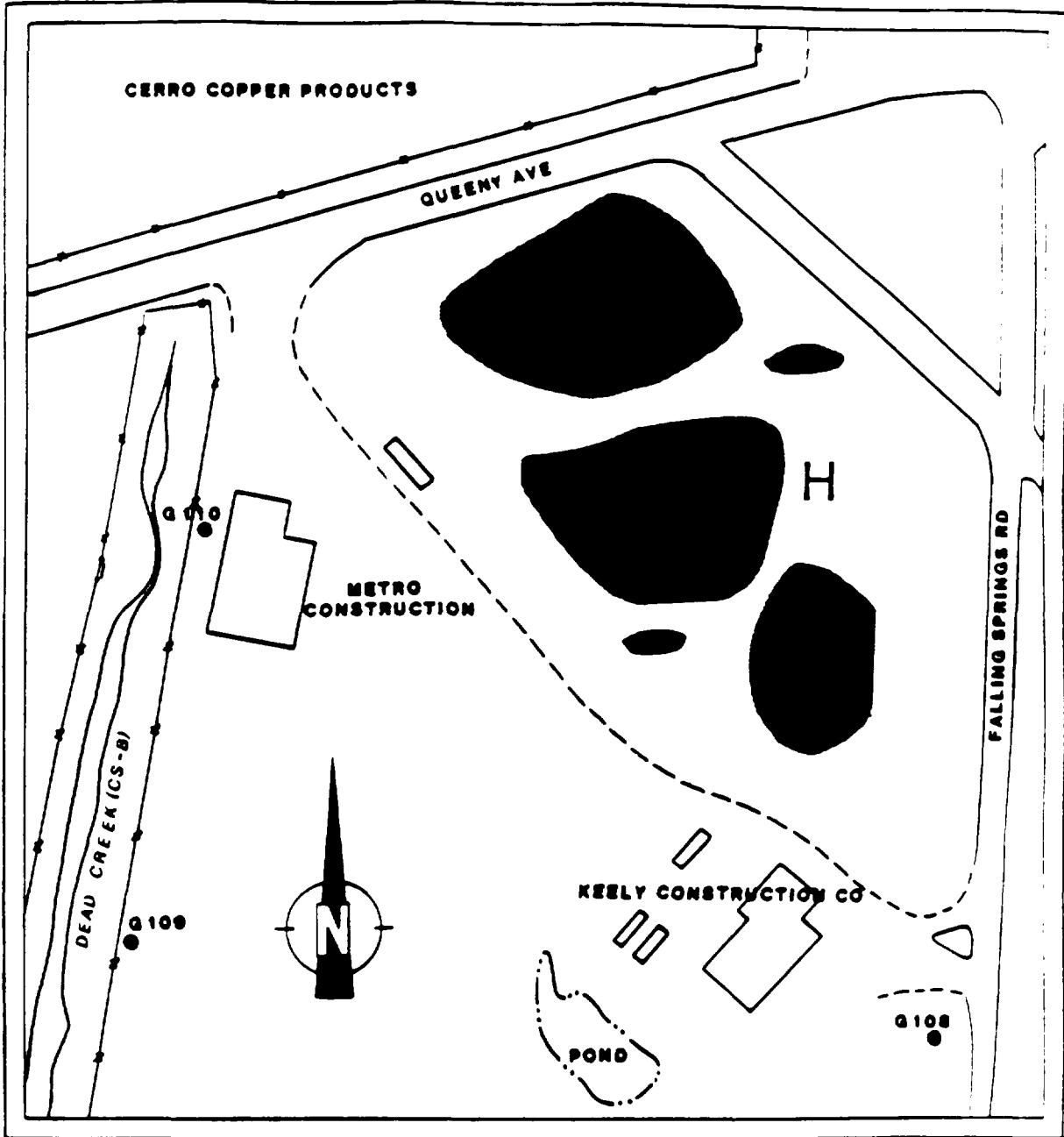


FIGURE H-1
DEAD CREEK SITE AREA H WITH MAGNETIC ANOMALIES

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H-3

E000494

SITE I AND CREEK SECTOR A - CERRO COPPER PRODUCTS

Site Description

Site I is an operating copper refining and tube manufacturing facility covering approximately 55 acres in Sauget, Illinois. The areas of interest for the Dead Creek Project at this facility include a former sand and gravel pit which was subsequently filled with unknown wastes, and a holding pond (Creek Sector A) which formerly served as head waters for Dead Creek. The Cerro Copper Products property is bordered on the north by the Alton and Southern Railroad; on the west by Illinois Route 3; on the south by Queeny Avenue; and on the east by Falling Springs Road. The areas to be investigated encompass roughly the eastern one-third of the property. Presently, the former gravel pit/fill area is covered and graded, and is used for equipment storage.

Site History and Previous Investigations

Cerro DePasco Corporation of New York purchased the existing plant and property west of Dead Creek in 1957 from the Lewin-Mathes Corporation. Cerro Copper subsequently added property east of the creek to their holdings in 1967. Examination of historical aerial photographs indicate subsurface disposal at Site I was discontinued sometime between the years 1955-1962. These photographs also show that Site I and Site H, which is located across Queeny Avenue to the south, constitute one large subsurface disposal area. Monsanto company submitted a "Notification of Hazardous Waste Site" form for this landfill (Sauget Monsanto Illinois Landfill), indicating disposal of organics, inorganics, and solvents in drums. The years of operation listed on the notification are "unknown to 1957." Historical photographs suggest activity at the site began prior to 1937.

Creek Sector A reportedly received discharges from Monsanto and other companies prior to 1970. In the early 1970's, the culvert

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IA-1

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TABLE IA-1: ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES FROM CREEK SECTOR A
(COLLECTED BY IEPA)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE DATE AND LOCATION			
	11/26/80 5503	11/26/80 5504	1/26/81 5501	1/26/81 5502
Alkalinity	127	110		
Ammonia	0.2	1.0		
Arsenic	0.058	0.025		
Barium	1.2	0.7		
BOD-5	630	158		
Boron	0.2	0.3		
Cadmium	0.36	0.19		
COD		1190		
Chloride	33	36		
Chromium (Total)	0.61	0.21		
Copper	4.5	3.6		
Cyanide	.01	.01		
Fluoride	0.4	0.7		
Hardness	227	260		
Iron	58	28		
Lead	6.6	2.8		
Magnesium	35.8	28.7		
Manganese	1.0	0.67		
Mercury	0.0016	0.0016		
Nickel	4.2	3.3		
Nitrate-Nitrite	1.4	1.7		
pH	6.9	7.0		
Phenols	0.02	0.035		
Phosphorus	1.9	3.4		
Potassium	4.3	6.2		
R.O.E.	361	407		
Selenium	0.002			
Silver	0.24	0.14		
Sodium	19.7	22.4		
Sulfate	90	130		
Zinc	30	17		
PCB (ppb)	22	28	2.0	-
Aliphatic hydrocarbons (ppb)	23,000			

NOTES: All results in ppm unless otherwise noted
 Blanks indicate that parameter was not analyzed
 - Indicates below detection limits

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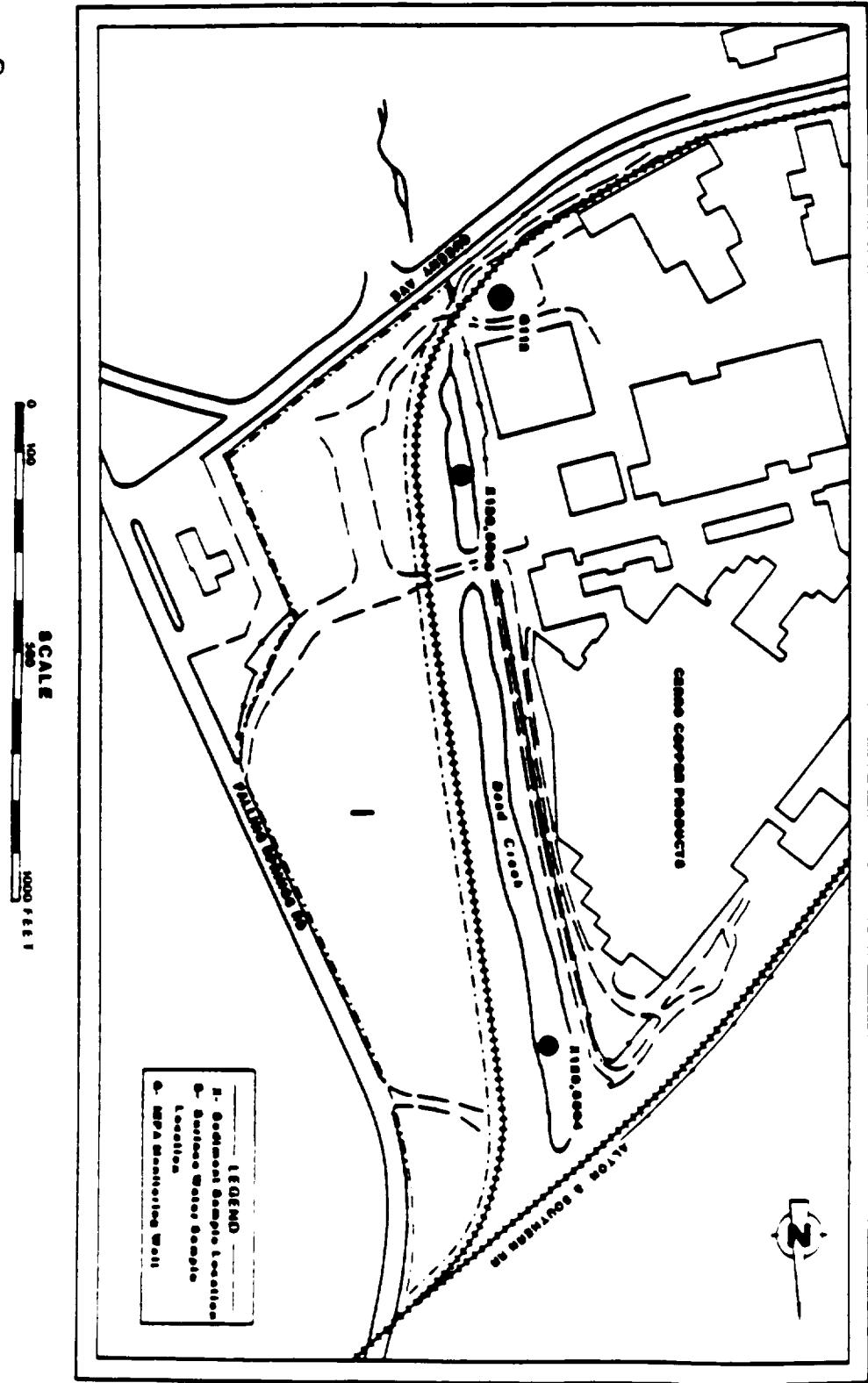
E000496

IA-5

E000497

CER 051539

FIGURE IA-1
DEAD CREEK SITE AREA I AND CREEK SECTION A WITH SAMPLING LOCATIONS



SITE J. STERLING STEEL FOUNDRY

Site Description

Site J consists of two pits and a surface disposal area utilized by an active steel foundry in the Village of Sauget, Illinois. The site is bordered on the north by the Alton and Southern Railroad; on the west by Monsanto Road; on the south by Little Avenue, and on the east by a Mobil Oil Tank Farm. The surface disposal area is defined by a triangular portion of the property to the northeast of the plant buildings. Generally, surface drainage in this area is directed toward a ditch along the northern perimeter. However, several scattered depression areas are also evident. Two unlined pits and one concrete-lined surface impoundment were observed at Site J, along with an incinerator which is no longer in use (Figure J-1).

Site History and Previous Investigations

The pit located southeast of the plant building was excavated approximately 30 years ago, based on a review of historical aerial photographs. According to the site operator, it was a borrow pit for road construction fill. The pit was subsequently filled with scrap metal, demolition debris, and casting sand. No evidence has been found suggesting disposal of hazardous materials in the borrow pit. The other unlined pit, located north of the plant building, was excavated in approximately 1950 for the purpose of collecting and settling baghouse dust from furnaces in the foundry. The dust is blown into this pit through underground piping, thus reducing the chance for off-site migration of airborne particulates. The adjacent concrete impoundment has two aerators, used to cool water from the furnaces and compressors.

A small incinerator is situated immediately west of the former borrow pit at Site J (Figure J-1). It has a stack approximately 15-18 feet in height, and was used solely to burn trash and empty bentonite sacks, according to the plant operator. The incinerator was operated

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J-1

E000498

for 10-12 years following its installation in 1970.

The surface disposal area covers approximately six acres to the northeast of the plant buildings. Sometime in the mid-1970's, Sterling Steel began to use this area for disposal of spent casting sand, slag, scrap steel, and construction debris. No initial excavation was done in this area prior to disposal activities, other than installing a drainage ditch along the northern perimeter. The area is periodically graded, although several depressional areas are evident. Several corroded drums, apparently containing only casting sand and slag, were also observed during a recent visit to the site.

R. O. Shive and Claude Harrell began operations at Sterling Steel Castings Company at its present location in 1922. In 1982, St. Louis Steel Company purchased the facility, and the name was changed to Sterling Steel Foundry, Inc. Raw materials used in Sterling's casting operations included manganese, chromium, nickel, the molybdenum, silicon, bentonite, and water. Water is circulated from furnaces and compressors to the aerated holding pond, and wastewater is directed to the Saugat Treatment Plant.

Site J has not been previously investigated by IEPA. The site was identified by inspection of historical photographs, which indicate possible disposal in the sand pits.

The original scope of work for the Dead Creek Project, as stipulated in the RFP, called for geophysical investigations at Site J to determine potential areas of drum disposal. Based on background review and visual observation, it was determined that geophysical surveys could not adequately define such locations in the originally proposed surface disposal area. This is due to the high metal content of the wastes in the area (casting sand, slag, scrap steel, steel shot), which would result in the entire site appearing as one large anomaly, thereby making it impossible to differentiate drums from other wastes.

CER 051541

J-3

E000.199

SITE K. FORMER SAND PIT

Site Description

Site K is the location of a former sand pit for which no file information could be located. The site is located north of a residential area on Queeny Avenue, and east of Falling Springs Road in Sauget, Illinois (Figure K-1). Site K covers approximately six acres, and presently the property is unoccupied. Several trucks with the name M-T-S, Inc. (Sauget) on the doors were observed at the site during preliminary reconnaissance, but there was no activity at the property. Subsequent attempts to contact M-T-S, Inc. by telephone did not succeed. Several trailer homes and houses are located within 100 feet of the site. The pit, which constitutes Site K, has been filled and covered with soil and gravel, and the area has been graded to the surrounding topography.

Site History and Previous Investigation

Historical aerial photographs suggest possible waste disposal operations at Site K. Excavation at the site began sometime in the late 1940s. By 1955, the site was filled with unknown materials, and a vegetation cover had started to develop. No buildings were apparent at the site at the time of the initial excavation. After the excavation was filled, the site remained unchanged until at least 1968. Photographs from 1973 again show an excavation, somewhat larger than the first one, in the same location at Site K. This pit contained water, as seen in photographs from 1973 and 1974, and a building had been erected at the site sometime prior to 1973. No information has been located concerning operations at the site during this time period. The second excavation was filled with unknown materials by 1979, and the site has apparently remained generally unchanged since that time.

Previous investigation of Site K has been limited to a review of the historical photographs. No field investigations have been conducted at the site.

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K-1

E000500

Data Assessment and Recommendations

No sampling and/or analytical data has been developed to date for Site K. Since other sand pits/disposal operations in the area have shown significant contamination, it is entirely possible that the disposal of hazardous materials did occur at this site. Field activities scheduled for Site K consists of collecting three subsurface soil samples and conducting soil gas and ambient air surveys. This sampling should be adequate to determine the presence of wastes and also indicate if further investigation is necessary. If contamination is detected, additional attempts should be made to locate information concerning past operations at the site. Additional subsurface soil sampling and installation and sampling of groundwater monitoring wells should then be carried out. If contamination is detected, this added investigation would be essential in order to complete feasibility study activities. In addition, depending upon subsurface conditions identified, a geophysical investigation may be of value to delineate pit boundaries as well as determine the presence of subsurface drum disposal.

CER 051543

K-3

E000501

SITE L - OLD WAGGONER COMPANY IMPOUNDMENT

Site Description

Site L is the location of a former surface impoundment used by the Harold Waggoner Company to dispose of wash water from a truck cleaning operation. The impoundment was situated approximately 250 feet south of the present Metro Construction Company building, and approximately 125 feet east of Dead Creek (Figure L-1). The site is now covered with black cinders, and is used by Metro Construction Company for equipment storage. Several rows of heavy equipment are presently stored in the immediate area of the former impoundment. This equipment should be moved prior to any field activities.

Site History and Previous Investigations

Waggoner Company, owned and operated by Harold Waggoner, specialized in hauling industrial wastes for companies in the St. Louis/Metro East area. Harold Waggoner operated the company from 1964 to 1974, when he sold the operation to Ruan Trucking Company. Prior to 1971, Waggoner reportedly discharged wash water from truck cleaning operations directly to Dead Creek. In August 1971, the IEPA ordered Waggoner to cease discharging wastes to the creek. Subsequently, a pit was excavated for the purpose of storing wash waters, and the pit was used by Waggoner until 1974. Based on a review of historical photographs, the dimensions of this pit were determined to be roughly 70 feet by 150 feet. Ruan Trucking reportedly continued this practice of wash water storage until 1978. The property was then leased, and later purchased, by Tony Lechner of Metro Construction Company.

The IEPA calculated a rough estimate of the quantity of wash water disposed of in the impoundment between 1971 and 1978. This estimated volume, 164,000 gallons, is based on the assumption that Ruan Trucking operated at the same volume as Waggoner. The estimate is useful as a starting point for further calculations concerning

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L-1

E000502

expected leachate migration rates and plume characteristics in the ground water aquifer. It should be noted that the impoundment was not lined, and the base consisted of medium to coarse grained sands.

Site L was identified in the IEPA St. John Report as a source of both ground water and surface water contamination in the area. The IEPA study included collecting several soil/sediment samples and one groundwater sample from areas downgradient of Site L. Results from analyses of sediment samples are presented in Table B-1, located in the Creek Sector B portion of this report. Results from the analyses of groundwater samples from the monitoring well downgradient of Site L (well G109) are included in Tables B-6, B-7, and B-8 (Creek Sector B).

Monitoring well G109, located approximately 100 feet west of the former impoundment, was found to be the most polluted well during IEPA's preliminary investigation. Also, during the installation of G109, drillers became nauseous from fumes at the well location. Initial sampling conducted by IEPA on October 23, 1980 indicated the presence of chlorophenol, phenol, and cyclohexanone, along with relatively high levels of heavy metals (Table B-6). Analyses from subsequent sampling events did not show organic contaminants, other than phenol. Arsenic, cadmium, copper, nickel, and phosphorus were detected at quantities significantly above IEPA's water quality standards. Other IEPA monitoring wells adjacent to the creek showed concentrations of these contaminants at least an order of magnitude (10 times) less than those found in G109. No other likely sources of contamination are known to exist in the immediate area. In view of these points, it is likely that contaminants found in well G109 are attributable to the former disposal impoundment (Site L).

Surface soil samples collected in the vicinity of Site L during the IEPA study include X106, X120, and X125 (Figure L-1). Samples X106 and X125 were taken from the creek bed, and X120 was taken from surface soil east of the creek in the general vicinity of the

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L-3

E000503

Data Assessment and Recommendations

Investigations planned for Site L during the RI include subsurface soil sampling and soil gas monitoring. Ambient air monitoring will also be conducted as for all sites in the project.

Further activities necessary to provide adequate data for the feasibility study should include installation and sampling of 3 to 4 monitoring wells, and collecting additional subsurface soil samples. Subsurface soil sampling would be done in conjunction with well installation, and would provide additional data concerning migration of contaminants. The hydrology of the area also needs to be assessed to determine the interaction, if any, between the ground water and the creek.

Preliminary geophysical investigations and subsequent acquisition of historical aerial photographs indicate the likely presence of waste residues extending to the farmland to the south of Site L. Accordingly, additional surveys should be conducted south of the area initially surveyed. Additional geophysical investigations would allow better definition of the impoundment boundaries and also aid in delineating off-site migration of contaminants.

CER 051546

L-5

E000504

SITE M. HALL CONSTRUCTION PIT

Site Description

Site M is a sand pit excavated by the H.H. Hall Construction Company in the mid to late 1940's. The pit is located immediately east of Dead Creek, and approximately 300 feet north of Judith Lane in Cahokia, Illinois (Figure M-1). The dimensions of the pit are approximately 275 by 350 feet. Presently, Site M is enclosed by a chain link fence, which also surrounds Creek Sector B. A small residential area is located just east of the pit on Walnut Street, which earlier served as an access road to Site M. The pit was excavated prior to any residential development on this street. Observations suggest that the pit is apparently isolated from Dead Creek by an embankment; however, this embankment may not be continuous. Aerial photographs indicate that a small break in the southern part of the embankment may allow flow between the creek and Site M. This possibility is supported by past IEPA inspections indicating discoloration in the pit similar to that observed in Dead Creek.

Site History and Previous Investigations

No information is available on file concerning waste disposal activities at Site M. It is possible that disposal did occur, since access to the pit remained unrestricted until a snow fence was erected in 1980. From review of historical aerial photographs, it is evident that minor changes in the dimensions of the pit have occurred. This could be an indication of filling around the perimeter of the pit. IEPA and the Cahokia Health Department have received numerous complaints about Site M and the creek from residents in the area. These complaints address, for the most part, seepage of odoriferous water into basements and problems associated with well water used to water gardens and lawns.

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IEPA sampled several private wells in the area during the preliminary

hydrogeological study conducted in 1980. In addition, one sample of basement seepage from a home on Walnut Street near Site M was collected. Analytical results of these samples are presented in Table B-9, located in the Creek Sector 9 portion of the report. The results show concentrations of copper, manganese, and phosphorus above the state's water quality standards in one or more wells as well as in the basement seepage sample.

In conjunction with the creek sampling done in 1980, IEPA collected sediment and water samples from Site M. Analytical data for these samples are presented in Table M-1. In general, the water samples showed no significant contamination, although water quality standards for copper, phosphorous, and zinc were exceeded. Trace levels of PCBs (0.9 to 4.4 ppb) were found in both samples. The sediment samples, however, did show fairly high levels of several contaminants, including cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel, zinc, and PCBs. In general, the samples closer to the break in the embankment separating Site M from Dead Creek showed higher levels of contaminants than the other samples.

Because water levels in the pit were approximately two feet higher than those found in the closest monitoring wells, the IEPA study concluded that there is no hydrological connection between water in the pit and the ground water aquifer. This assessment may or may not be accurate.

Data Assessments and Recommendations

The IEPA study conducted in 1980 showed significant contamination at Site M and identified specific waste types present. Investigation of Site M for the Dead Creek Project includes collecting two surface water and three sediment samples. A soil gas survey and ambient air monitoring will also be conducted at Site M. This sampling program will not provide sufficient data to adequately evaluate remedial alternatives. Core samples should be collected from the bottom of the pit in order to determine the types of wastes present and the

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M-3

E000506

extent of vertical migration of contaminants that has occurred. In addition, several borings should be completed around the perimeter of the pit, including the embankment between the pit and the creek. It would also be necessary to verify that there is no hydrological connection between the water in the pit and the ground water aquifer. This would be best accomplished using continuous recording gauging stations at wells in the vicinity of the creek and at the pit. These activities would provide the information necessary to proceed with a viable remedial program.

CER 051549

E000507

M-5

SITE N - H.H. HALL CONSTRUCTION CO.

Site Description

Site N is an operations and equipment storage facility for the H. H. Hall Construction Company of East St. Louis. The site is located in a residential/commercial neighborhood in the town of Canokia, Illinois. Site N is bordered on the north by residential property along Judith Lane; on the west by Dead Creek; on the south by residential property along Edwards Street, and on the east by Falling Springs Road. The entire facility covers approximately 23 acres. Access to the site is restricted by a chain link fence.

Site History and Previous Investigation

Historical photographs indicate that a borrow pit existed at the facility which may have been used for waste disposal. The borrow pit, located in the southwest corner adjacent to Dead Creek, is roughly 4-5 acres in size (Figure N-1). No file information has been located concerning waste disposal at Site N. The pit has been filled and covered.

Historical photographs indicate that excavation at Site N began sometime prior to 1950. The presence of water in the pit was displayed in photographs from 1950, suggesting excavation into the Henry Formation aquifer. Hall Construction Company officials were recently contacted in an attempt to gather further information about the site. Apparently the pit was excavated in the late 1940's as a borrow pit for road construction materials. According to the officials contacted, concrete rubble and other demolition debris are the only wastes disposed of in the pit by Hall Construction. The area is presently covered with rubble and debris and is used only for equipment storage.

Although no analytical data has been developed for Site N, it should not be overlooked as a possible source of contamination in the area.

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N-1

E000508

The site is located adjacent to Creek Sector C of Dead Creek, which has shown elevated levels of several contaminants, including PCBs. At this time, it cannot be determined if the contamination in Creek Sector C is the result of flow from the heavily-contaminated Creek Sector B, or the result of other unknown sources. It is also not known if access to Site N has always been restricted. Accordingly, the possibility exists that other parties may have used the pit for disposal.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

No sampling or field investigation data is presently available for Site N. Field activities scheduled at Site N during the Dead Creek Project include collecting three surface and two subsurface soil samples. In addition, a soil gas survey and ambient air monitoring will be conducted at the site. These investigations should be adequate to characterize the types of wastes present. The results of this sampling should also indicate if further investigation of the site is warranted.

If contamination is identified at the site, additional subsurface soil sampling and installation and sampling of groundwater monitoring wells should be carried out. This added investigation would be essential to complete feasibility study activities. In addition, depending upon subsurface conditions identified, a geophysical investigation may be of value to delineate pit boundaries and determine the presence of subsurface drum disposal. The hydrology of the creek in relation to the site should also be assessed to determine the potential for discharge from the pit to the creek.

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N-3

E000509

SITE 0 - SAUGET WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANT

Site Description

Site 0 is the Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant and related property, located on Mobile Avenue in Sauget, Illinois. The property covers approximately 45 acres in a heavily industrialized area. The site consists of a series of four inactive sludge dewatering lagoons and a separate area of contamination. The former sludge lagoons cover approximately 20 acres to the south of the treatment plant buildings, and the identified contaminated area (3 acres) is located immediately west of the Sauget Waste Water Treatment Plant on the northwest corner of the property.

Site History and Previous Investigations

The Sauget Treatment Plant has been in operation in some form since approximately 1952. The plant primarily treats effluent from area industries, but also provides treatment for the entire Village of Sauget. Approximately ten million gallons per day (MGD) of waste water is treated at this facility, of which over 95 percent is from industrial sources. Area industries served by the Sauget Treatment Plant include Monsanto Chemical, Cerro Copper, Sterling Steel Foundry, Amax Zinc, Rogers Cartage, Edwin Cooper, and Midwest Rubber. Effluent from the treatment plant is directed to a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permitted discharge point in the Mississippi River.

The treatment plant has a long history of NPDES permit violations, for the most part due to the chemical quality of the plant effluent. Mercury, PCBs, and organic solvents have been detected at concentrations exceeding permit limits on several occasions. A USEPA study conducted in 1982 concluded that the treatment plant waste water contributed a substantial volume of priority, toxic pollutants annually to the Mississippi River. Since operations began, the plant has undergone several modifications and upgrades, increasing both

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E000511

0-3

CER 051533

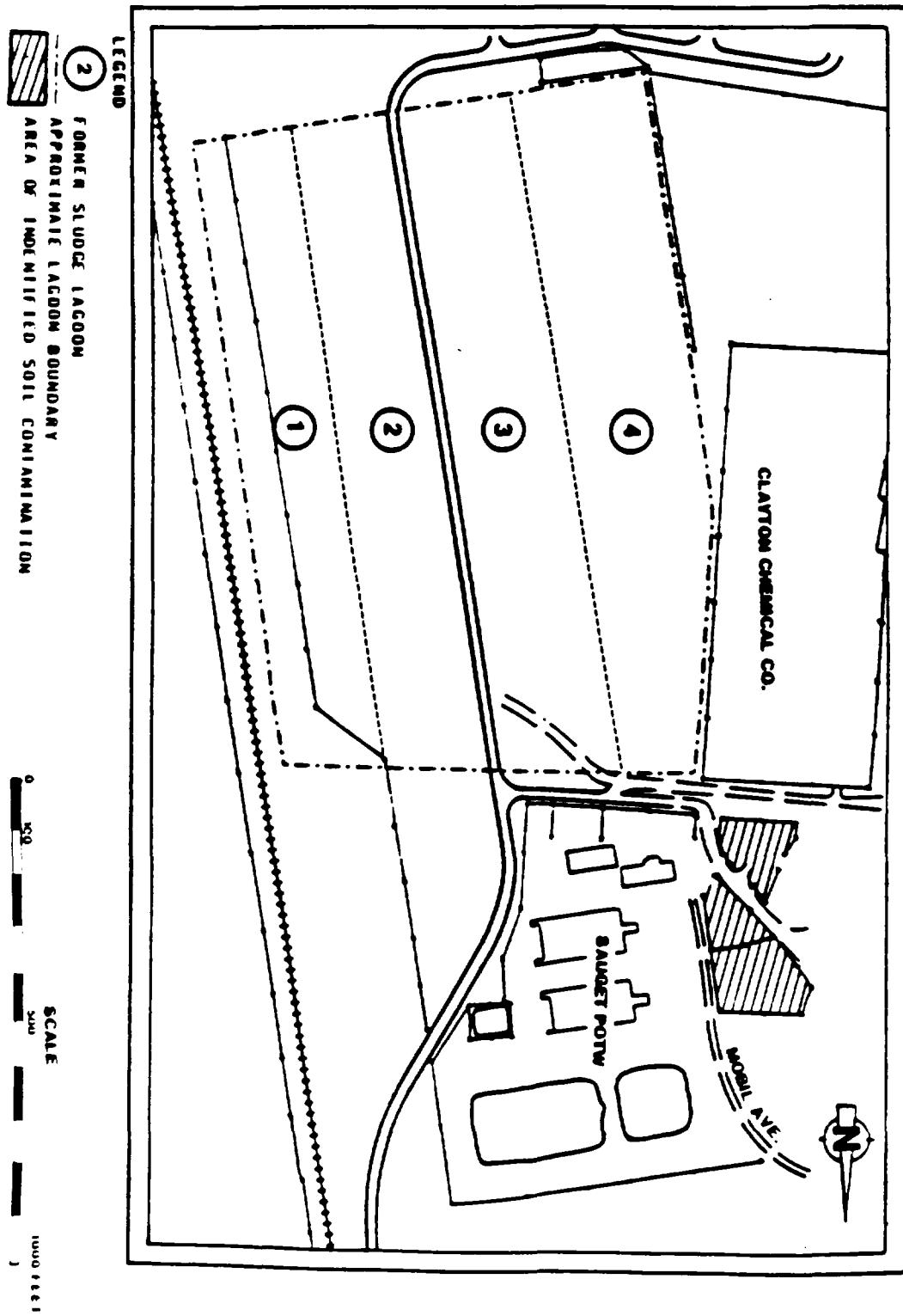


FIGURE 0-1
FORMER SLUDGE LAGOONS AND CONTAMINATED SOIL AREAS AT SITE 0

TABLE O-1: IDENTIFIED ORGANIC COMPOUNDS IN
SAMPLES FROM TRENCH EXCAVATION
AT SITE O (COLLECTED JULY 20, 1984
BY RUSSELL AND AXON, INC.)^a

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS		
	SAMPLE 1	SAMPLE 2	BLANK
2,4-Dichlorophenol	50.1		
Pentachlorophenol	3,600	159	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	39.3		
Crycene	123	2.2	
Benzo-k-Fluoranthene	15.9	0.45	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate	10.9		
1,2-Chlorobenzene		12.2	0.098
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		8.01	
Di-Butyl Phthalate		5.06	0.1
Phenanthrene	100	1.6	
Pyrene	102	2.1	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	65.3	1.6	
PCBs	*	*	
Benzo(a)Pyrene	4.2	1.0	

NOTE: All results in ppm.

Blanks indicate compound not detected.

* Identified, but values cannot be verified.

^a Analysis performed by Envirodyne Engineers, Inc. (EEI),
St. Louis, MO.

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E000512

TABLE 0-3: ANALYTICAL RESULTS FOR SOIL SAMPLES
AT SITE 0. (SPLIT SAMPLES COLLECTED
MARCH 12, 1983 BY IEPA AND EEI)

SAMPLE NO. (Depth)	PARAMETERS		COMMENTS
	TCDD - IEPA ^a	TCDD - EEI	
7A (0" - 6")			
7B (8" - 16")	1.8	44	
8A (0" - 6")	77	Interferences	
8B (6" - 12")	*	19	
8C (13" - 18")		37	
8D (18" - 25")		56	Duplicate
8D (18" - 25")			
9A (0" - 6")	1.3		
9B (6" - 12")	*		
9C (14" - 21")			
9D (22" - 28")	0.92		Control Sample
10A	12		Control Sample
10B	*	13	
11A (0" - 6")			
11B (6" - 18")	*		
12 (10" - 19")	*		
13A (0" - 7")			
13B (7" - 18")	13	13	
14 (0" - 6")	25	170	Composite of soil samples
15 (0" - 16")			
16 (0" - 18")			

NOTE: All results in ng/g (ppb).
Blanks indicate below detection limits.

* Sample not collected by IEPA.
a Hazelton Raltech, Inc. performed TCDD analysis for IEPA.

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0-7

E000513

Data Assessment and Recommendations

Based on the information outlined above, there is significant and widespread contamination in the area of the Saugat Treatment Plant. Additional information is available from Russell and Axon, Inc., and further attempts should be made to secure all data pertaining to chemical wastes in the area from this contractor. A significant amount of analytical data has been generated for the contaminated area west of the treatment plant. However, the horizontal and vertical extent of contamination has not been assessed. Similarly, very little data is available with respect to the former sludge lagoons which would be useful in proposing remedial alternatives.

The present scope of work for this project includes only collecting and cataloging all data pertaining to Site O. Wastes have been characterized in the area west of the treatment plant, and two major contaminants have been identified to a depth of 28 inches in this area. Data is also available from samples taken in the vicinity of the former sludge lagoons which provides an indication of possible waste types present in the lagoons. The approximate boundaries of the lagoons can be determined based on a review of historical aerial photographs. The data generated to date for Site O indicates that further field investigation is warranted. In order to define and specify remedial alternatives, the areas of surface and subsurface soil contamination need to be accurately defined. In addition, since the sludge lagoons are not lined, and may have been excavated into the Henry Formation aquifer, a strong possibility for ground water contamination exists.

For the former sludge lagoons, it is recommended that soil borings be completed into the lagoons to a depth sufficient to assess the vertical migration of contaminants from the lagoons. The borings should be located so as to provide intersecting cross sections for mapping purposes, and should cover the entire lagoon area. Samples should be composited for ten foot intervals for each boring and analyzed for all hazard substance list (HSL) compounds. These

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0-9

E000514

SITE P - SAUGET/MONSANTO LANDFILL

Site Description

Site P is an inactive, IEPA-permitted landfill covering approximately 20 acres in Sauget, Illinois (Figure P-1). The site is bordered on the west by the Illinois Central Gulf Railroad; on the south by Monsanto Avenue, and on the east by the Terminal Railroad Association railroad. The two railroads converge to delineate the north boundary. Generally, the geology at the site consists of silty sand, underlain by fine grained to silty clay, followed by fine to coarse grained sands down to the bedrock. Surface drainage is to the south-central portion of the site, which was not landfilled due to the presence of a potable water line in this area. A depression area is also found along the east perimeter, adjacent to the Terminal Railroad. Surface drainage will not leave the site due to the presence of railroad embankments along the perimeter and the depression in the central portion of the site.

Site History and Previous Investigations

Sauget and Company entered into a lease agreement with the Union Electric Company in St. Louis to operate a waste disposal facility in 1972. In January 1973, IEPA issued an operating permit to Sauget and Company to accept only non-chemical waste from Monsanto. Sauget and Company subsequently applied for, and was granted, a supplemental permit in 1974 which allowed acceptance of general waste and diatomaceous earth filter cake from Edwin Cooper, Inc. (now Ethyl Corp.). The IEPA began conducting routine inspections of the facility in 1974, at which time no violations were evident. In October 1975, an inspector observed a small amount of yellowish, tar-like liquid in an area adjacent to several crushed fiber drums which were labelled "Monsanto ACL-85, Chlorine Composition." Sauget and Company and Monsanto were subsequently notified of this permit violation, and the matter was not further addressed. The site was operated in general compliance until December 1977, when an

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P-1

E000515

inspection revealed the disposal of approximately 25 metal containers (12-15 gallon) full of phosphorus pentasulfide (P_2S_5), a flammable solid. Monsanto was required to excavate and remove all of this material from the site, and to discontinue disposal of any chemical wastes or packagings.

The IEPA became aware of another potential problem at this time, specifically the use of a Southern Railway slag pile for intermediate and final cover material. Analysis of this slag showed it to be unsuitable as cover due to its high permeability and heavy metal content. Cinders were also used as cover material at Site P, and are expected to pose the same problems as the slag; that is, increased surface water infiltration and the resulting potential for leaching heavy metals along with organic wastes into the groundwater.

State inspections in 1978 and 1979 indicated unpermitted disposal of Monsanto ACL filter residues and packagings. The composition of this material is not known. According to the site operator at that time, this material would occasionally ignite when in contact with the filter cake waste from Edwin Cooper.

An Illinois American Water Company distribution main was discovered in 1980 during preparatory excavation on the southern portion of the site. The south one-third of the property was purchased from Illinois Central Gulf in 1971 by Paul Sauget. Following discovery of the water line, Site Plans and permits were modified to include no waste disposal within 100 feet of the line.

Review of available IEPA records indicates that the Edwin Cooper filter cake is the only industrial process waste that was reported to have been disposed of at Site P. Records indicate that approximately 117,000 cubic yards of this material was accepted. The filter cake was classified as non-hazardous on special waste authorization permit number 7400017, based on EP toxicity results submitted in 1973. Additional analytical data is available for a filter cake composite sample from Edwin Cooper in 1979 which indicates elevated levels of

CER 051558

P-3

E000516

SITE Q - SAUGET/SAUGET LANDFILL

Site Description

Site Q is the Sauget/Sauget Landfill, an inactive waste disposal facility operated by Sauget and Company between the years 1966 and 1973. The site is approximately 90 acres in size, including a southern extension, as delineated by the Alton and Southern Railroad tracks (Figure Q-1). The site is located on east bank of the Mississippi River and is also on the river side of a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers flood control levee. Site Q is also situated immediately east of Site R, commonly known at Sauget Toxic Dump, a chemical waste disposal facility owned by the Monsanto Chemical Company.

Site Q was operated without a permit from IEPA, although registration with the Illinois Department of Public Health was obtained for the north site in 1967, prior to the formation of the IEPA. The site is presently covered with black cinders, which is an unsuitable cover material due to its high permeability. Site Q is presently owned by the Riverport Terminal and Fleeting Company, and the property is leased to the Pillsbury Company. Pillsbury operates a coal unloading facility at the site.

Site History and Previous Investigations

Disposal operations at Site Q began in approximately 1966 in the northernmost portion of the property. A Union Electric Company flyash pond existed at the site in an area immediately south of Monsanto's chemical dump. IEPA inspections in the early 1970's documented several violations of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act, including open burning, use of unsuitable cover materials (cinders and flyash), and acceptance of liquid chemical wastes. Septic tank pumpings were also accepted at the site from approximately 1968 to 1972, and were apparently co-disposed with general municipal refuse.

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Q-1

E000517

in April, 1971, a complaint was filed by IEPA against Sauget and Company for the violations mentioned above. The company was ordered to cease and desist open burning, accepting liquid chemical wastes, open dumping, and use of cinders and flyash as cover material. In July, 1972, a smoldering underground fire was observed by IEPA inspectors at the site. The fire continued to smolder until October, 1972 despite repeated attempts to extinguish it. Underground fires were a continuing problem, as documented by later IEPA inspection reports. In the spring of 1973, flood waters from the Mississippi River inundated Site Q. This condition persisted into the fall, and operations at the site were discontinued. Exposed refuse was observed being carried downstream in the river at that time.

Sauget and Company filed a permit application to IEPA in 1972 for a proposed extension to the existing landfill. The proposed extension was located south of the Alton and Southern railroad tracks, and will be referred to as the south site. IEPA denied issuance of a permit for this extension several times, as Sauget and Company had filed repeated applications. Although approval of the south site was never issued, disposal operations continued in this area.

In the early 1970's, IEPA collected several samples from Site Q. Approximate sample locations are shown in Figure Q-1. Analytical data for samples collected from ponded water, leachate seeps, and ground water are provided in Table Q-1. The first set of samples, collected in October, 1972, consisted of one sample from ponded water, and one leachate sample. The results for these samples show the presence of several metals, including copper, iron, lead, mercury, and zinc. Ground water samples were collected in January, 1973 from two monitoring wells at Site Q. Information regarding construction details for these wells has not been located. Sample GW-1 showed trace levels of cadmium, silver, and phenols, while GW-2 showed very little evidence of contamination. Samples were again collected by IEPA from ponded water at Site Q on two occasions in April, 1973. Analytical results showed low levels of boron, cadmium, copper, iron, lead, manganese, mercury, nickel, and zinc in sample

CER 051560

Q-3

E000518

P-2 and/or P-3. Although the data from samples collected in the early 1970's showed the presence of several contaminants, most notably phenol and heavy metals, no conclusive evidence of contamination at Site Q was obtained.

IEPA collected samples from leachate seeps along the Mississippi River in October, 1981 and again in September, 1983. The locations of these samples are shown in Figure Q-1, and analytical results are presented in Table Q-2. Data for the 1981 samples shows elevated concentrations of arsenic, chromium, copper, lead, manganese, and phosphorus in both samples. Additionally, low levels of phenols and PCBs were detected in the samples. The samples collected in September, 1983 show very similar results. Heavy metals and PCBs were again detected at concentrations very close to those seen in the earlier samples.

The cinders and flyash used as cover materials at Site Q have been the subject of numerous investigations and complaints by IEPA. In addition, the depth of final cover has been deemed inadequate, and enforcement action is pending on this matter. The Illinois Pollution Control Board Case Number 77-84 was filed against Sauget and Company and Paul Sauget in May, 1977. As a result of the findings in this case, a monetary penalty was invoked, and Sauget and Company was ordered to place two feet of suitable cover material on the entire site by February, 1981. Sauget's failure to comply with these orders led the Illinois Attorney General's office to file a similar case. Site Q has been a chronic enforcement problem, and recently Paul Sauget was found in contempt of court for failure to comply with court orders.

Laboratory tests run on the cinders and flyash indicate permeability values in the range of 9×10^{-3} centimeters per second, which is considered unsuitable by IEPA. In addition, metals analysis of the cover material showed unacceptably high levels of arsenic, copper, lead, and zinc. In 1972, IEPA collected samples from stockpiled flyash at Site Q, and ran leach tests for inorganic constituents.

CER 051561

Q-5

E000519

Samples were taken from piles estimated to be 5 years old, 1 year old, and fresh material to determine the types and quantities of contaminants being leached from this material at the site. Analytical data for these samples are shown in Table Q-3. Analysis of the first set of samples (August, 1972) shows a distinct trend of the more soluble compounds, such as calcium, sodium and potassium, being leached from the fresh ash. However, the second set of samples, collected in October 1972, does not show a similar trend. The reasons for this discrepancy are not clear. The data in Table Q-3 also shows that significant quantities of metals are contained in the ash, particularly for the material estimated to be five years old.

IEPA's Notices of Violations concerning disposal of chemical wastes at Site Q in early inspections are supported by more recent information. Notification of Hazardous Waste Site Forms were submitted to USEPA from three companies for this site. These notifications indicate disposal of organics, inorganics, solvents, pesticides, paint sludges, and unknown wastes at the site. In May, 1980 workers uncovered buried drums and unknown wastes while excavating for construction of a railroad spur on the property. Workers observed a haze or smoke rising from the material after it was uncovered, suggesting corrosive and/or reactive properties.

In November, 1985, IEPA received a sketch from a reporter for a St. Louis newspaper indicating the location of buried drums containing PCBs. The reporter's source of this information is not known, nor has the information been verified to date.

As a result of the May, 1980 incident in which buried drums were unearthed, USEPA tasked its FIT contractor (Ecology and Environment, Inc.) to perform a detailed study to determine the extent of chemical contamination at Site Q. The study included a systematic geophysical investigation using EM, magnetometry, and ground penetrating radar (GPR), followed by a drilling and sampling program to investigate possible subsurface contamination. The investigation was limited

CER 051562

Q-7

E000520

to the northern portion of the site which amounts to approximately 25 percent of the site area.

Technos, Inc. of Miami, Florida was contracted to perform the geophysical investigation. This investigation was completed in June 1983. Results of the geophysical investigation identified the probable limits of landfilling and burial zones of relatively large concentrations of iron bearing materials such as drums or car bodies. These iron bearing zones were found in several distinct locations in the north-central and western portions of the study area.

Following the geophysical investigation, a drilling/sampling program was conducted to determine if subsurface soils were contaminated. The program consisted of drilling 18 test borings through the landfill, and collecting 35 soil samples for full priority pollutant analysis, as designated by USEPA. Subsurface soil samples were collected at depths ranging from 10 to 26 feet. Sample locations are shown in Figure Q-2. Analytical data for the soil samples are shown in Table Q-4, which consists of five pages. As can be seen in the table, a wide variety of organic compounds were detected at high concentrations in these samples. The sample analysis consisted of testing for 112 organic compounds, and 63 compounds were confirmed to be present in the subsurface samples.

Specifically, the data showed that thirty-four organic compounds were found at concentrations of 10 ppm or greater. Of these 34 compounds, 20 compounds were detected at concentrations 100 ppm or greater. And of these 20 compounds, 7 compounds were detected at concentrations of 1000 ppm or greater. Compounds detected at concentrations of 1000 ppm or greater include 2,4-dichlorophenol, 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene, 1,4-dichlorobenzene, bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, toluene, o-xylene, and PCB-1260. In addition, 2,3,7,8-TCDD was detected in two samples (B48 and B88). Compounds detected in samples taken from Site Q include many of the same compounds as detected in samples taken from Site R, the Saugat Toxic Dump site. Contamination was detected

CER 051563

Q-9

E000521

It is remarkable how little time the average man takes for his morning exercises. I have seen men who are perfectly fit, and yet who do not spend more than five or ten minutes in getting up and about. I have seen others who spend half an hour in getting up and about.

results in me. Present, but lower than the elevation last for ten minutes and more. The winds would not be strong or particularly so, but there would be a slight increase in the pressure.

卷之三

It is evident that the greater the distance from the center of the sun, the smaller the apparent size of the sun. The apparent size of the sun is proportional to the square of the distance from the sun.

1

CEP 051566

E000524

cover material, and to provide an estimate of leachate production. The ground and surface hydrology should be assessed over a period of time sufficient to address seasonal fluctuations. This assessment would provide data to determine ground water discharge and recharge in relation to the river. Additional investigation, if necessary, would be proposed following the completion of these activities.

CER 051567

Q-17

E000525

SITE R - SAUGET TOXIC DUMP

Site Description

Site R is the Sauget Toxic Dump, an inactive industrial waste landfill used by the Monsanto Chemical Company between the years 1957 and 1977. Site R occupies approximately 36 acres adjacent to the Mississippi River in Sauget, Illinois. The site is located immediately west of Site Q, commonly known as the Sauget Landfill. Site R is presently covered with a clay cap and vegetated, and drainage is directed to ditches around the perimeter of the site. A Monsanto feedstock tank farm is located adjacent to the site on the northwest side.

Site History and Previous Investigation

Site R, also known as the Krumrich Landfill, was operated by Sauget and Company under contract with Monsanto. According to an Eckhardt Report summary sheet submitted in 1979 by Monsanto, approximately 262,500 tons of liquid and solid industrial wastes were disposed of at Site R from Monsanto plants in Sauget and St. Louis. In 1981, Monsanto submitted two Notification of Hazardous Waste Site Forms for Site R to the USEPA. The Monsanto W.G. Krumrich Plant (Sauget) listed 290,000 cubic yards (c.y.) of organics, inorganics, solvents, pesticides, and heavy metals as having been disposed at Site R. The Monsanto J. F. Queeny Plant (St. Louis) listed 6600 c.y. of the same waste types as above. Both notifications also indicated below-ground disposal of drums.

Monsanto has also submitted two reports to IEPA outlining waste types and volumes disposed of at Site R for the years 1968 and 1972. Data compiled from these reports are summarized in Table R-1. This tabulation shows that the volume of wastes landfilled in 1972 was significantly lower than that in 1968. This reduction reflects the elimination of several major production operations at Monsanto's Krumrich Plant. By 1975, the majority of chemical waste disposal at

CER 051568

R-1

E000526

Site R had been terminated, as wastes were either hauled to other disposal facilities or incinerated on the plant site.

Very little information is available concerning disposal activities at Site R prior to 1967. In March, 1967, Sauget and Company filed an application for registration to operate a refuse disposal facility to the Illinois Department of Public Health. Health Department inspection reports from 1967 indicate disposal of liquid chemical wastes and metal containers from Monsanto. Liquids were pumped from tank trucks and drums into several pits around the site. Cinders were used as intermediate cover material.

In August, 1968, the Illinois Department of Public Health collected five ground water samples from on-site monitoring wells. The locations of these wells are shown in Figure R-1, and analytical results are presented in Table R-2. Phenols were detected in all wells at concentrations ranging from 15 to 1220 ppb. Alkalinity and total solids were also analyzed for, but no significant conclusions can be made from the data for these parameters.

IEPA began making routine inspections at Site R in 1971. Photographs of the site at this time suggest that wastes were disposed of in direct contact with the ground water. No segregation of liquid wastes was apparent in these photographs. IEPA collected another set of samples from the monitoring wells in December, 1972. Analytical data for these samples are shown in Table R-3. The results indicate concentrations of iron, zinc, and phenol above the State's water quality standards. Oil was also detected in wells MW-1 and MW-4. Samples were also collected from waste ponds at Site R by IEPA in January, 1973 and analyzed for phenol. Two samples were collected from pits identified as crystallization ponds, and one sample was taken from a spent caustic pond. Results for the waste pond samples are shown in Table R-4. High concentrations of phenols were detected in all samples.

In 1973, IEPA sent notices to Sauget and Company and Monsanto

CER 051569

R-3

E000527

TABLE R-2: ANALYSIS OF GROUND WATER SAMPLES
FROM SITE R (COLLECTED AUGUST 22, 1968 BY
THE ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS				
	MW-1	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	MW-6
Total Solids (conductivity mhos)	320	300	280	250	500
Alkalinity (ppm)	172	148	156	124	248
Phenol (ppb)	1220	25	20	15	1200

CER 051570

R-5

E000528

TABLE R-4: ANALYSIS OF SURFACE WATER
SAMPLES FROM WASTE PONDS AT
SITE R (COLLECTED JANUARY 18, 1973
BY IEPA)

PARAMETER	SAMPLE LOCATIONS		
	CRYSTALLIZATION POND 221	CRYSTALLIZATION POND 270	SPENT CAUSTIC POND
Phenol	2800	50,000	2,000

NOTE: Results in mg/l (ppm).

CER 051571

R-7

E000529

TABLE R-5: ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER
SAMPLES FROM SITE R (COLLECTED
FEBRUARY 22, 1973 BY IEPA)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS				
	MW-1	MW-2	MW-4	MW-5	RANNEY WELL
Iron	6.8	11	0.8	6.6	1.9
Manganese	0.35	0.55	0.05	1.05	0.92
Mercury (ppb)	0.4			0.2	
Zinc	1.9	0.6		1.5	
Ammonia	1.6	2.6	0.7	1.3	0.98
Phenol (ppb)	150	80			7500
BOD	31	48	1	1	85
COD	51	78	16	13	220

NOTE: All results in ppm unless noted otherwise.
Blanks indicate below detection limits.

CER 051572

R-9

E000550

TABLE R-7: ANALYSIS OF GROUND WATER SAMPLES
FROM SITE R (COLLECTED OCTOBER 28, 1975
BY IEPA).

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS			
	RANNEY WELL	MW-2	MW-4	MW-5
Ammonia				
Arsenic	0.002		0.002	
Barium	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Boron	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.2
Cadmium				
COD	345	210	12	16
Chloride	110	200	23	20
Cyanide		0.02	0.01	
Iron	4.5	13.4	1.45	11
Lead	0.02		0.01	0.04
Manganese	1.3	0.2	0.1	0.7
Nitrate		0.3	0.2	0.1
Oil	3	6	2	3
Phenol	19	1.1	0.025	0.013
R.O.E.	300	920	230	200
Selenium	0.02			
Sulfate	95	6	22	15

NOTE: All results in mg/l, (ppm).
Blanks indicate not detected.

CER 051573

R-11

E0005.31

wells were installed. The O'Appolonia study concluded that the landfill area consisted of 5 to 20 feet of flyash, cinders, silty clay, and unidentified waste. The landfill is underlain by alluvium, consisting of fine sands, silt, and clay ranging in thickness from 5 to 50 feet. Field permeability tests showed that alluvium is fairly permeable (1×10^{-3} cm/sec) suggesting that silty sand is the major component of the alluvium. This finding is supported by the evidence of vertical migration of contaminants to a depth of 65 feet, as suggested in the boring logs. Water levels were generally 25 to 30 feet below ground surface.

In May, 1978, Monsanto filed closure documents to IEPA detailing a closure plan for the site. In general, the plan consisted of specifications for the installation of a drainage system and clay cap, along with details for grading, seeding, and access restriction. The Helmkamp Construction Company was retained to implement the closure plan. An IEPA inspection report from October, 1979 indicated that closure operations at Site R were complete, including installation of a clay cap 3 to 6 feet in thickness. In February, 1980, Richard Sinise, an Environmental Control Engineer for Monsanto, filed an Affidavit of Closure for Site R.

IEPA personnel collected ground water samples from monitoring wells installed by O'Appolonia in October, 1979 (Figure R-1). The samples were analyzed for inorganics and organic parameters reported by Monsanto to have been disposed of at the site. Analytical results for these samples are shown in Table R-9. Analysis showed the presence of several organic contaminants in the wells. Both shallow (25 to 35 feet) and deep (60 to 70 feet) wells were sampled, and chlorotoluene and phenol were found in all wells sampled. Well B-19S, located in the southeast portion of the site, also showed chlorophenol, dichlorobenzene, and diphenyl ether at concentrations ranging from 0.81 to 2.1 ppm. Iron, copper, and zinc exceeded water quality standards in several wells. Another set of samples was

CER 051574

R-13

E000532

collected by the IEPA from the O'Appolonia monitoring wells in March, 1981. These samples were analyzed specifically for organic compounds. Analytical data for these samples are shown in Table R-10. Concentrations of organic contaminants were detected in all wells sampled. Chlorobenzene (130 to 3000 ppb) was detected in all wells, while biphenylamine, chlorophenol, dichlorobenzene, and dichlorophenol were seen in five or more wells.

In October, 1981, IEPA collected leachate and sediment samples at Site R from an area adjacent to the Mississippi River. Leachate and sediment samples were collected from three locations where leachate seeps were observed flowing from the landfill into the river. Analytical results for these samples are presented in Table R-11, and locations of the samples are shown in Figure R-1. The three water samples showed contamination with a wide variety of organic compounds. PCBs and chloroaniline were detected in all sediment samples. Other compounds detected in sediment samples included 2,4-dichlorophenoxy-acetic acid (2,4-D), chloronitrobenzene, dichloroaniline, chlorophenol, biphenyl-2-ol, and dichlorophenol. The presence of 2,4-D and chlorinated phenols in these samples suggested that dioxin was also a potential contaminant at the site. The IEPA subsequently requested assistance from USEPA in securing a laboratory to perform dioxin analysis on leachate samples from Site R. In November, 1981 a USEPA contractor (Ecology and Environment, Inc.) collected leachate and sediment samples at three locations adjacent to the river (Figure R-1). A total of eight samples plus three blanks were collected. Dioxin analysis was performed by the Brehm Laboratory at Wright State University. Monsanto obtained split samples and analyzed for chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins (CDDs), select organics, and metals. The USEPA samples were analyzed for tetra through octa CDDs and dibenzofurans (CDFs), select organics, and metals. Table R-12 provides an explanation and cross-reference for samples collected by USEPA and Monsanto.

Analytical results for CDDs and CDFs in the USEPA leachate samples

CER 051575

R-15

E000533

TABLE A-11: ANALYSIS OF LEACHATE AND SOIL/SEDIMENT SAMPLES FROM SITE A
(COLLECTED OCTOBER 2, 1981 BY EPA)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS		
	SAMPLE A (WATER) 0022682	SAMPLE B (WATER) 0022682	SAMPLE C (WATER) 0022682
Toluene	11	40	150
Chlorobutane	160	22,000	1,000
Chloroethane	24,000	30,000	1,700
Chloroethylene	21,000	9,000	7,000
Chlorotoluene	15,000	17,000	7,000
2,4,4-T			
Dichloroethane	700	350	700
Dichloroethylene	80	80	2,000
Chloronitrobenzene	30	30	100
Nitrobenzene	100	21	21
Chlorophenol	15,000	30,000	27,000
Phenol	22,000	17,000	12,000
Methylphenol	370	720	110
Dichlorophenoxyisopropenyl	32,000	7,200	2,100
Biphenyl	1,000	1,700	100
Naphthalene	100	100	100
Succinimide			
4-methyl-2-pentanone		20	20
2-methyl-2-pentanone		50	50
Biphenyl 2-ol		10	10
Dimethylformamide		70	60
Dichlorophenone		10	10
Benzoic Acid/Other Phenolics	17,000	6,700	7,000
Hydroquinone	12,000	30,000	20,000
Benzylphenol	20,000	40,000	20,000
2,4,4-T isomer	10,000	12,000	6,000
2,4,5-T isomer	10,000	12,000	6,000

NOTE: All results in ppm.
Blanks indicate below detection limits.
() indicates values are unconfirmed.

CER 051576

R-17

E000534

are shown in Table R-13. Tetra- and penta-CDDs and CDFs were not detected in any of the samples. However, higher chlorinated dioxins and furans (hexa through octa isomers) were detected in three of the five samples submitted for analysis. Concentrations of these compounds ranged from 4.5 to 2693 parts per trillion (ppt). The two remaining samples, S07 and R01, were water blanks, and showed no detectable CDDs or CDFs. Monsanto also analyzed samples M01 through M05 for CDDs, and results showed no detectable concentrations of these compounds.

Inorganic data for the leachate and sediment samples from Site R are shown in Tables R-14 and R-15. In general, the leachate samples did not show significant inorganic contamination, although concentrations of chromium, copper, boron and iron exceeded water quality standards in two or more samples. Cyanide was detected in several samples, but was also found in the blank. Therefore, the results for cyanide should be considered unreliable. Data for the sediment samples show more substantial evidence of contamination. Elevated levels of arsenic, chromium, copper, lead, and barium were found in several samples. Identified organic compounds in leachate and sediment samples are listed in Table R-16. Phenol and chlorinated phenols were found in all but one sediment sample (M02) at concentrations ranging from 0.2 to 300 ppb. Leachate samples showed elevated levels of several organic parameters, including chlorinated phenols, chlorinated benzenes, chloroanilines, and 2,4-D. As shown in Table R-16, there is a significant discrepancy in the Monsanto and USEPA data for the sediment samples. The values listed by Monsanto were consistently and substantially higher than USEPA values. This may be explained by the fact that USEPA's samples were initially analyzed as medium hazard samples. Because of the higher detection limits associated with this analysis, no contaminants were initially found. USEPA subsequently decided to rerun the samples at lower detection limits. It is possible that the increased holding time and handling of these samples were instrumental in the reduction of concentrations of contaminants found.

CER 051577

Site R was assessed using USEPA's Hazard Ranking System (HRS) model in

TABLE R-14: INORGANIC ANALYSIS OF LEACHATE
SAMPLES FROM SITE R (COLLECTED NOVEMBER 12, 1981
BY ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT, INC.)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS							
	S01	M01	001	S03	M03	S05	M05	R01
Arsenic	0.034	0.02	0.031	0.016	0.025	0.029	0.065	
Mercury	0.0002		0.0002	0.0002	0.0014	0.0008	0.001	
Selenium	0.038		0.032	0.026		0.031		
Thallium								
Antimony								
Beryllium		0.008			0.005		0.008	
Cadmium		0.006			0.007		0.008	
Chromium	0.04	0.086	0.02	0.015	0.075	0.02	0.07	0.01
Copper		0.073			0.092		0.08	
Lead	0.005		0.008					
Nickel	0.04	0.155			0.124		0.144	
Silver						0.01		
Zinc	0.048	0.216	0.024	0.01	0.216	0.049	0.062	0.31
Aluminum		26.8			30.5		3.22	
Barium		0.5			0.5		0.36	
Boron	19.7	18	17.1	15.35	13.6	21.6	19.1	
Calcium	N/A	368	N/A	N/A	257	N/A	257	N/A
Cobalt		0.03			0.019		0.031	
Iron	0.06	25.5	0.06		30.8	0.63	27.4	
Magnesium	N/A	43.2	N/A	N/A	48.2	N/A	39.8	N/A
Manganese	0.02	6.27	0.32	1.99	2.1	5.4	3.82	0.03
Molybdenum	N/A	0.53	N/A	N/A	0.403	N/A	0.439	N/A
Phosphorus	N/A	0.9	N/A	N/A	0.907	N/A	2.06	N/A
Sodium	N/A	40.4	N/A	N/A	41.8	N/A	44.2	N/A
Tin						0.02	1.4	
Vanadium		0.18			0.138		0.17	
Cyanide	0.071	N/A	0.057	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.13

NOTE: All Results in ppm.

Blanks indicate below detection limits.

N/A - Parameter not analyzed.

R01 is a water blank.

CER 051578

R-21

E000536

TABLE A-16: IDENTIFIED ORGANIC COMPOUNDS IN LEACHATE
AND SEGMENT SAMPLES FROM SITE A
(COLLECTED NOVEMBER 12, 1981 BY ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT, INC.)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS		
	LEACHATE NO. 1	NO. 2	SEGMENT NO. 1
7-Diethoxyphenol	200	100	0.2
2,4-Dichlorophenol	100		0.42
Phenoxy	120		0.5
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol			0.42
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	20	200	0.32
1,2-Dichloroethylene	20		0.2
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) Phthalate	100	400	400
Chlorobenzene	30	20	
Amtline	400	400	300
Chloroaniline	100	100	
Bisphenol A	100	100	200
Chloronitrobenzenes	300	200	
2,4-D PCP	220	100	0.006
			0.014
			0.024
			0.197

NOTE: All results in parts per billion (ppb).
Blanks indicate below detection limit.

CER 051579

R-23

E000537

detected in monitoring wells and leachate samples from Site R as they relate to wastes reported by Monsanto to have been disposed of at the site. Also included in the analysis were chemicals reported as being manufactured at Monsanto's Krummrich Plant, as documented in the 1977 chemical inventory developed as a result of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA). The analysis revealed a high degree of association or correlation between chemicals detected in the sample, and those reported to have been disposed of or manufactured by Monsanto. A summary of data from this USEPA analysis report is presented in Table R-17.

In 1984, Monsanto contracted Geraghty and Miller, Inc. to perform a detailed hydrogeologic investigation in the Sauget area. Data from this study, which included the installation of approximately 60 monitoring wells, have not been made available.

Data Assessment and Recommendations

A great deal of data has been developed to date for Site R. Organic contaminants have been detected in both shallow and deep monitoring wells on site, as well as in leachate seeps leaving the site. Evidence of contamination has been observed to a depth of approximately 60 feet in soil borings. A substantial listing of the types and quantities of chemical wastes disposed of at the site was submitted to IEPA by Monsanto. In view of this information the only significant data gaps are: (1) specific delineation of contaminant boundaries, and (2) determination of the presence or absence of air emissions from the site. Because of the permeable nature of the subsurface soils and the characteristics of the wastes present at the site, it is likely that extensive migration of contaminants has occurred.

The present scope of work for the Dead Creek Project includes installation and sampling of monitoring wells at Site R. Ambient air monitoring will also be conducted to determine to what extent, if any, off-gassing of organic contaminants is occurring. Every effort

should be made by the IEPA to obtain data on, and gain access to, the Monsanto wells installed by Geraghty and Miller. Access to these wells would likely eliminate the need for, or at least affect the location of, the monitoring wells to be installed during the field investigation of Site R. Pending the results of ground water sampling, a more specific approach to delineating the extent of contamination could be proposed. Samples should initially be collected from a minimum of 8 wells on Site R, and hydraulic conductivity tests should be run on a minimum of 2 deep and 2 shallow wells. Possibilities for identifying plume characteristics include conducting electromagnetic surveys (including off site areas), and soil gas monitoring. In any event, the lateral and vertical extent of contamination must be addressed prior to design of remedial options.

CER 051581

R-27

E000539

CREEK SECTOR B - DEAD CREEK

Site Description

Creek Sector B (CS-B) includes the portion of Dead Creek lying between Queeny Avenue and Judith Lane in Sauget, Illinois. Three other sites in the Dead Creek Project are located adjacent to CS-B. These include Site G to the northwest, Site L to the northeast, and Site M to the southeast. All of these sites have been identified at one time or another as possible sources of pollution in CS-B. Presently, CS-B and Site M are enclosed by a chain link fence which was installed by the USEPA in 1982. The banks of the creek are heavily vegetated, and debris is scattered throughout the northern one-half of CS-B. Culverts at Queeny Avenue and Judith Lane have been blocked in order to prevent any release of contaminants to the remainder of the creek, although the adequacy of these blocks has been questioned several times. Water levels in the creek vary substantially depending on rainfall, and during extended periods of no precipitation, the creek becomes a dry ditch.

Site History and Previous Investigations

The IEPA initially became aware of environmental problems at CS-B in May, 1980 when several complaints were received concerning smouldering and fires observed the creek bed. In August, 1980, a local resident's dog died, apparently of chemical burns resulting from contact with materials in the ditch. Following this incident, the IEPA conducted preliminary sampling to determine the cause of these problems in CS-B. Chemical analysis of these samples indicated high levels of PCBs, phosphorus, and heavy metals, and the IEPA subsequently authorized the installation of fencing in order to prevent public access to the creek. In September 1980, the Illinois Department of Transportation (IDOT) completed installation of 7000 feet of snow fence with warning signs around CS-B and Site M. The IEPA subsequently performed a preliminary hydrogeological investigation in the area in an attempt to identify the sources of pollution.

CER 051582

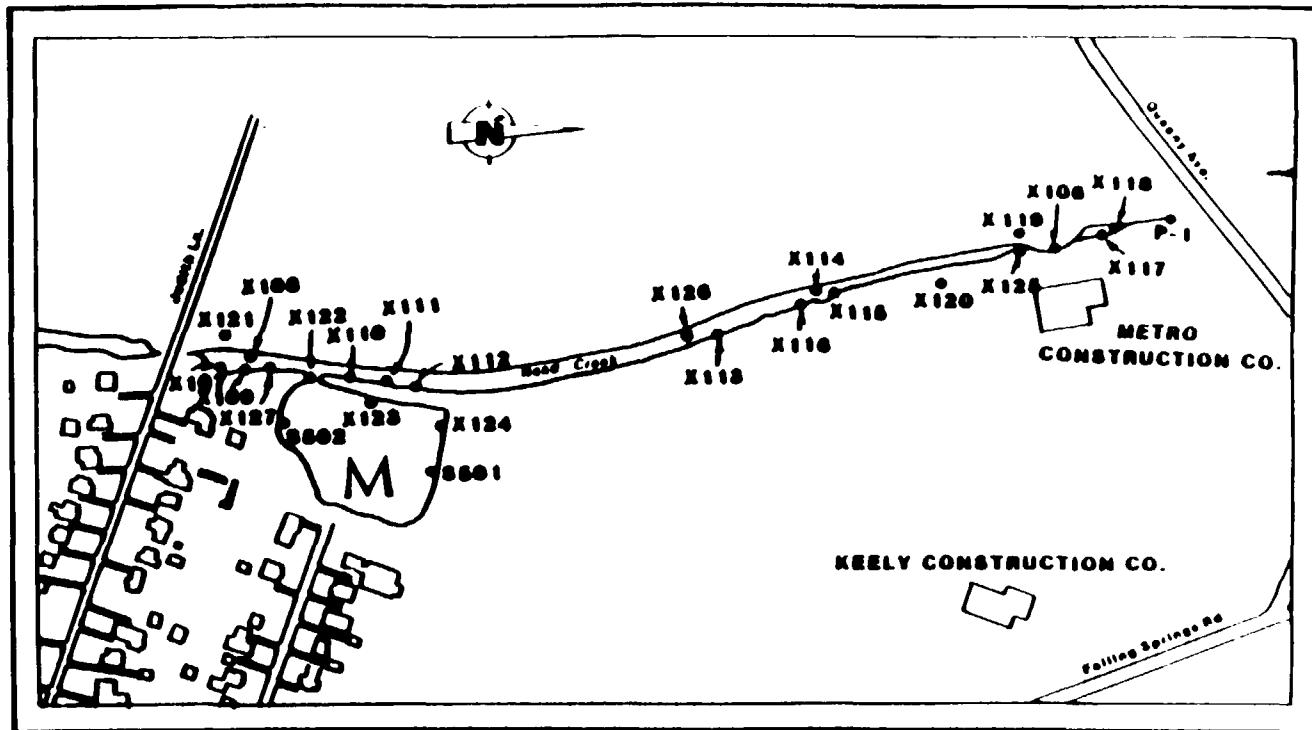
8-1

E0005:0

B-3

CER 051583

T:1 E00051



LEGEND

- X106 SEDIMENT SAMPLING LOCATION
- S502 SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATION
- P-1 SUBSURFACE SOIL SAMPLING LOCATION

SCALE

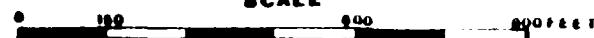


FIGURE B-1
TEPA SAMPLING LOCATIONS AT CREEK SECTOR B AND SITE M

investigation. In general, inorganic analysis of these samples indicated high levels of several metals in comparison with background conditions (Table B-3, sample x121).

Subsurface soil samples were also collected by IEPA from one location in the northern portion of CS-B during the 1980 investigation. Analyses of samples from boring P-1 are included in Table B-2. Results indicated the presence of PCBs to a depth of seven feet, and other organic contaminants to a depth of three feet. PCB concentrations ranged from 9,200 ppm near the surface to 53 ppm at depths greater than 4 feet and up to 7 feet. Other organic contaminants were detected at concentrations ranging from 12,000 ppm near the surface to 240 ppm at 2.5 feet. These results indicate non-uniform contaminant deposition in the northern portion of CS-B, which is common in riverine systems. The above data indicate that historical release(s) of contaminants to the northern portion of CS-B did occur. However, the horizontal and vertical extent of the resulting contamination has not been fully defined.

Analyses of sediment samples from the southern portion of CS-B are summarized in Table B-3. Sample x121 was taken from soil outside the creek bed to establish background conditions. Samples x107, x122, and x127 contained PCBs at concentrations ranging from 73 to 540 ppm. Sample x122 also showed diclorobenzene (0.35 ppm). This was the only organic contaminant other than PCBs detected in samples from the southern portion of CS-B. Several metals, including arsenic, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, and zinc, were detected at levels significantly above background concentrations in all samples. However, the metal concentrations were comparable to concentrations detected in samples of sediment taken in the northern portion of CS-B. All of the samples were collected from the creek bed adjacent to, or downstream from Site M, which is an old sand pit excavated by the H.H. Hall Construction Company in approximately 1950. Hazardous materials were not reported to have been disposed of at Site M.

In October, 1980 IEPA and Monsanto Chemical Company cooperatively

CER 051584

B-5

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TABLE B-3: ANALYSIS OF SOIL SAMPLES IN THE
SOUTHERN PORTION OF CREEK SECTOR B
(COLLECTED BY IEPA 9-8-80 THROUGH 10-25-80)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS								
	x107	x108	x109	x110	x111	x112	x121	x122	x127
Aluminum		8,000	9,100	7,000	8,000	6,600			
Arsenic	6,000	44	25	67	80	50			
Barium	4,800	3,800	1,600	4,300	1,800	8,000	230	5,500	2,50
Beryllium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Boron	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cadmium	70	-	200	40	100	100	1	35	50
Calcium	11,000	10,000	24,000	16,000	13,000	30,000	11,000	15,000	8,000
Chromium	360	300	-	140	50	50	-	50	340
Cobalt	30	30	20	-	-	30	9	15	30
Copper	32,000	31,000	7,700	22,000	15,000	41,000	100	21,900	28,000
Iron	70,000	58,000	75,000	67,000	68,000	52,000	16,500	50,000	63,000
Lead	24,000	2,000	1,700	2,000	2,000	5,100	-	1,700	1,700
Magnesium	2,900	3,900	3,600	4,100	4,000	4,000	5,900	3,800	2,700
Manganese	150	150	300	200	160	300	370	190	150
Mercury	-	1.7	3	3.3	3.2	6	-	-	-
Nickel	3,500	3,000	900	1,900	2,000	2,700	120	1,700	
Phosphorus	7,040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,700
Potassium	1,200	1,500	1,700	1,300	1,600	1,200	1,500	960	1,000
Silver	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	40
Sodium	1,700	900	900	700	1,000	1,600	80	630	700
Strontium	180	200	130	160	160	430	32	190	130
Vanadium	60	-	-	70	100	-	25	45	45
Zinc	25,000	22,000	27,000	25,000	47,000	52,000	230	19,900	28,000
PCBs	120	-	-	-	-	-	-	540	73
Dichlorobenzene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.35	-

NOTE: All results in ppm
 Blanks indicate that parameter not analyzed
 - Indicates parameter is below detector limit

TABLE 8-4: ORGANIC ANALYSIS OF SEDIMENT
SAMPLES FROM DEAD CREEK, SECTOR 8
(SPLIT SAMPLES-IEPA AND MONSANTO
COLLECTED 10-2-80)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS			
	SD-1	SD-2	SD-3	Blank*
CHLOROBENZENES:				
Monochlorobenzene	(0.9)		(0.3)	
p-Dichlorobenzene	370	(0.3)	(0.4)	
o-Dichlorobenzene	80	(0.6)	1	
Trichlorobenzenes	85	1.6	(0.7)	
Tetrachlorobenzenes	6.1	2.4	(0.4)	
Pentachlorobenzene				
Hexachlorobenzene		1.2		
Nitrochlorobenzenes	120			
CHLOROPHENOLS:				
o-Chlorophenol	3.7			
p-Chlorophenol	6.6		(0.9)	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	1.2			
Pentachlorophenol	130		1.8	
PHOSPHATE ESTERS:				
Dibutylphenyl Phosphate	330		(0.8)	
Butyldiphenyl Phosphate			(0.8)	
Triphenyl Phosphate	2600			
2-Ethylhexyldiphenyl Phosphate			2.2	
Isodecyldiphenyl Phosphate				
T-Butylphenyldiphenyl Phosphate	28			
Di-t-butylphenyldiphenyl Phosphate				
Nonylphenyl Diphenyl Phosphate				
Cumylphenyldiphenyl Phosphate	3.7			
PCBs (Cl ₂ to Cl ₆ Homologs)	13,000	240	45	

NOTE: All values in ppm

*Soil blank collected from Missouri Bottoms, St. Charles, Mo.

Blanks indicate below detection limits

() Semi-quantitative values

CER 051586

8-9

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sampling of 12 monitoring wells in addition to the 1980 soil/sediment sampling described above. Residential wells were also sampled to determine ground water quality in the area. Locations of IEPA monitoring wells and residential well samples are shown in Figure 8-2. All IEPA wells were screened in the Henry Formation sands, with screened interval elevations ranging between 366 and 402 feet Mean Sea Level. The hydraulic gradient in the vicinity of CS-8 is very flat, with ground water flow generally to the west toward the Mississippi River.

Analytical data for three sets of samples from the IEPA monitoring wells, corresponding to three sampling events in 1980 and 1981, are presented in Tables B-6, B-7, and B-8. Well G108 can be considered a background well due to its location upgradient from the known disposal areas around CS-8. Organic contaminants were consistently found in Wells G107 and G112. These wells are in downgradient monitoring positions for sites G and I respectively. Certain organic contaminants were detected in Wells G102, G109 and G110 during the initial sample event, but these wells did not show any of the organics in subsequent samples. Well G102 is located immediately west of the northern portion of CS-8, and near the southeast corner of Site G. Well G109 is located approximately 150 feet west of the former Waggoner surface impoundment (Site L). Well G110 is located downgradient of Site H. PCBs were detected at one time or another in Wells G101, G102, G104, G106, G107, G110, and G112. Of these, only G101 and G102 showed PCBs in all three sets of samples.

Inorganic analyses of samples from the IEPA monitoring wells indicate several parameters at concentrations above background (G108) and water quality standards. Standards for iron, manganese, and phosphorus were exceeded in samples from the background well. Barium, cadmium and lead were detected at concentrations exceeding standards in one or more well(s). In general, wells G109, G110, and G112 showed the most significant inorganic contamination. When compared with data for other wells, G109 contained very high concentrations of arsenic, copper, nickel, and zinc. The pH for G109

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8-11

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E0005:6

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13

(COLLECTED 10-23-80)

TABLE 8-8: ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER SAMPLES FROM THE EPA MONITORING WELLS
(COLLECTED 3-10-81 - 3-11-81)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS											
	G101	G102	G103	G104	G105	G106	G107	G108	G109	G110	G111	G112
Absorbancy	483	482	319	348	393	584	607	484	58	331	207	400
Analysts	0.2	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.4	3.0	0.2	0.0	15	0.0	0.1	0.7
Arsenic	0.001	0.0	0.003	0.001	0.013	0.006	0.004	0.001	3.9	0.001	0.001	0.00
Boron	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
Boron	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.4	3.4
Cadmium	0.0	0.01	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.07	1.1	0.0	0.17
Calcium	154	333	161	286	218	175	185	148	431	121	164	207
Chloride	16	24	47	9	23	146	47	12	930	10	9	52
Chloride	16	124	46	28	57	150	235	51	24	27	16	133
Chromium (Total)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.0
Copper	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.03	67	0.02	0.07	0.48
Cyanide	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.81	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Hardness	542	1082	620	839	795	675	1096	479	1651	424	485	789
Iron	0.3	0.3	1.6	0.0	9.4	4.9	2.4	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.2	0.5
Lead	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.06	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.07	0.0
Magnesium	34.2	77.9	41.9	54.8	47	44.0	44.0	22.3	130	20.7	31.8	72
Manganese	2.0	2.00	2.51	0.61	2.32	1.62	2.12	0.23	0.72	0.14	1.02	2.1
Mercury	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0002	-	0.0003	-	-	-
Nickel	0.0	0.3	1.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	123	1.2	0.0	0.4
Nitrate-Nitrite	0.0	1.1	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	15	2.7	0.2
pH	6.9	6.0	6.8	6.9	6.8	6.7	6.7	7.0	4.6	6.6	6.8	6.6
Phenolics	0.0	0.0	0.005	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.1	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.00
Phosphorus	0.0	0.00	0.03	0.02	0.1	1.5	0.03	0.02	2.2	0.01	0.01	0.03
Potassium	4.0	10.0	10.4	5.9	0.9	5.7	2.8	10.2	6.4	6.3	2.9	40.2
Selenium	0.0	0.0	0.001	0.003	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.001	0.003	0.018	0.001	0.0
Silver	0.01	0.02	0.0	0.0	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.01	0.01
Sodium	11	64	65.6	17.4	51.2	92.6	39.2	25.2	12.1	14.2	15.5	96.6
Sulfate	115	617	471	383	466	148	313	35	2629	61	147	544
Zinc	0.1	0.0	2.8	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	6.3	1.8	0.1	11.8
PCB (ppb)	0.13	0.46	-	0.1	-	2.4	0.37	-	-	0.9	-	2.0

NOTE: All results in ppm unless otherwise noted.
Blanks indicate parameter not analyzed.
- indicates below detection limits.

TABLE 8-9: ANALYSIS OF RESIDENTIAL WELL AND
SEEPAGE SAMPLES COLLECTED BY IEPA

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE DATES AND LOCATIONS					
	9/16/80 G501	9/16/80 G502	9/16/80 G503	9/23/80 G504	6/8/83 G505	1/5/83 x301
Arsenic	0.008	0.004	0.001		0.01	0.001
Barium	0.2	0.16	0.39	0.05	0.4	0.1
Boron	0.28	0.27	0.25	0.58	0.4	0.3
Cadmium						
Chromium						
Copper	0.02			0.06	0.01	0.03
Iron	4.6	19	17.7	0.73	26	31
Lead						0.03
Magnesium	33	39	36	30	35.3	54
Manganese	1.02	1.26	0.79	0.65	1.3	1.49
Mercury				0.0001		
Nickel				0.02		0.1
Phosphorus				0.02	0.62	1.2
Potassium	6.6	5.7	4.5	6	6.2	6.4
Silver						
Sodium	21	24	12	26	15.2	19
Zinc	0.85		0.18	0.8		0.7
PCBs	-	-	-	-		
Chlordane (ppb)	-	-	-	-		0.13

NOTE: All results in ppm unless otherwise noted
 Blanks indicate below detection limit
 - Indicates parameter not analyzed
 Sample x301 was collected from basement seepage

CER 051590

B-17

E000518

TABLE B-11: INORGANIC ANALYSIS OF GROUND WATER AND
SOIL SAMPLES IN THE VICINITY OF CREEK SECTOR B
(COLLECTED BY USEPA 3-3-82)

PARAMETERS	SAMPLE LOCATIONS						SOIL IN PPM			
	S01	S02	GROUND WATER - In PPB			S07	S09	S011	S012	
	800	300	S03	S04	S05	750	600	430		
Aluminum										
Antimony										
Arsenic										
Barium										
Beryllium										
Boron	10,500	11,000	8,000	1,800	140	110	750	600	430	
Cadmium	4.2	14	31	5.3			1.05	1.64	0.29	
Chromium	12						2.2			3.2
Cobalt	62	70	82	35						
Copper	65						16	24	11	
Iron	65,000	31,000	38,000	28,000	530	250	340	360	240	
Lead	570	97	74	9	11	10	(45)	(20)	(25)	
Manganese	1,500	1,100	1,500	5,100	400	80	720	630	130	
Mercury										
Mercuryo	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.1		6.5	5.5	4	
Nickel										
Selenium										
Silver										
Thallium										2
Tin										
Vanadium										
Zinc	107,000	109,000	40,000	1,200	260	350	96	77	130	

NOTE: Blanks indicate below detection limits

- () - Results did not meet USEPA Quality Control criteria - Data unreliable
- Duplicate analysis performed by USEPA central regional laboratory
- Samples S09 and S012 are water and soil blanks, respectively

A USEPA Field Investigation Team (FIT) contractor also performed an air monitoring survey in the creek bed in March, 1982. This survey involved the use of an organic vapor analyzer (OVA), an HNU photionizer, and Drager detector tubes for phosgene gas. Results indicated that a small, but measurable, concentration of organic vapors were present in the breathing zone (5 feet above ground surface), with concentrations increasing closer to the creek bed. In the breathing zone, the OVA showed readings up to 0.5 ppm above background, and the HNU readings were as high as 9 ppm above background. The survey crew also observed a 3-inch effluent pipeline adjacent to the former Waggoner Building which was discharging a small stream of oily liquid. OVA and HNU readings were taken approximately 6 inches from the surface where this liquid had pooled. The OVA showed concentrations up to 350 ppm, and the HNU showed concentrations ranging from 400 to 900 ppm in this area. Phosgene gas was not detected in any area using the Drager tubes.

HRS scores have been calculated on two separate occasions for Dead Creek. The creek was first scored in July, 1982, by Ecology & Environment, Inc., with a final migration score of 18.48. The site was again scored in March, 1985 by IEPA in an attempt to increase the previous score. IEPA's assessment led to a final score of 29.23, however, this score has not been finalized by USEPA. Route scores for the 1982 assessment were as follows: ground water 4.24, surface water 7.55, and air 30.77. Corresponding route scores in the 1985 assessment were 5.65, 10.07, and 49.23. Observed releases were used for all route scores in both the 1982 and the 1985 scoring packages. The only difference in the assessments was in the value assigned for waste quantity in the three routes. The 1982 package listed waste quantity as unknown (assigned value - 0), while IEPA calculated an approximate volume of waste based on sample results and visual observations.

A significant amount of data has been developed showing a wide range of contaminants in and around CS-8. Review of existing file data indicates numerous possible sources of contamination in the area.

CER 051592

8-21

E000530

sediment and subsurface soil samples from several locations in the creek bed and along the banks. The hydrology of the area has not been well-defined and should be addressed further. It has not been established whether the ground water discharges to Cead Creek or the creek acts as a recharge conduit for the Henry Formation aquifer. If discharge to the creek is occurring, the subsurface disposal areas (Sites H and I in particular) may be major contributors to the contamination of the creek.

Accordingly, existing IEPA monitoring wells on both sides of the creek should be redeveloped to allow for accurate water level measurements. This, in conjunction with detailed surveying of the creek bed and water levels in the creek, would allow adequate assessment of the hydrology in the area. This would be best accomplished using continuous-recording water level instrumentation, and should be continued over a period of time sufficient to address seasonal fluctuations. In addition, records of industries in the area should be thoroughly reviewed to establish a profile of possible releases from each source.

CER 051593

8-23

E000551

SECTORS C THROUGH F - DEAD CREEK

Site Description

Creek Sectors C through F include the entire length of Dead Creek south of Judith Lane. This portion of the creek flows south-southwest through the Village of Cahokia prior to discharge into the Prairie DuPont floodway. The floodway subsequently discharges into the Cahokia Chute of the Mississippi River. The creek is somewhat wider through these sectors than in sectors A and B, and is not as heavily vegetated as Sector B. Creek Sectors C through F are delineated as follows: CS-C- Judith Lane to Cahokia Street, CS-O - Cahokia Street to Jerome Street, CS-E - Jerome Street to the intersection of State Route 3 and State Route 157, CS-F - intersection (as above) to the discharge point in the old Prairie DuPont Creek.

Site History and Previous Investigations

There are no known discharges to Dead Creek south of Judith Lane, although several apparent discharge pipes have been observed during preliminary reconnaissance. Site N of the Dead Creek Project is located immediately east of the creek in the southern portion of CS-C. Land use in the vicinity of Sectors C through F is residential/commercial for the most part. The creek flows underground through a culvert in the southern part of CS-E near Parks College. Although the Culvert under Judith Lane has reportedly been blocked, flow emanating from the culvert has been observed on several occasions.

IEPA collected five sediment and two surface water samples from creek Sectors C through F as part of their Preliminary Hydrogeological Study conducted in 1980. Locations of these samples are shown in Figure C-1, and analytical data is presented in Table C-1. The water samples showed very little evidence of contamination, although concentrations of copper exceeded the IEPA's water quality

CER 051594

C-1

E000552

TABLE C-1: ANALYSIS OF SURFACE WATER AND SEDIMENT
SAMPLES FROM CREEK SECTORS C THROUGH F
(COLLECTED BY IEPA 9-25-80)

SAMPLE LOCATIONS

PARAMETERS	Water		Sediment				
	S301	S302	x101	x102	x103	x104	x105
Aluminum			12,000				
Arsenic	0.008	0.006	26				
Barium	0.12	0.08	1,300	4,700	210	390	475
Beryllium	-	-	-	3	-	2	-
Boron	0.06	0.04	-	76	-	-	-
Cadmium	-	-	-	50	8	31	2
Calcium			24,000	5,300	210,000	16,000	13,000
Chromium	-	0.01	400	50	60	50	-
Cobalt			40	32	6	8	9
Copper	0.26	0.04	15,000	17,200	320	1,800	360
Iron	0.66	0.87	57,000	110,000	11,000	19,000	18,000
Lead	-	-	800	1,300	260	250	75
Magnesium	3	2	7,100	2,000	10,000	5,100	3,300
Manganese	0.03	0.12	600	170	210	160	200
Mercury			1.2				
Nickel	0.05	0.01	2,000	2,300	45	600	-
Phosphorus	0.19	0.2		6,200	720	1,200	4,200
Potassium	6.6	3.3	2,400	900	1,400	2,100	1,400
Silver	-	-	-	45	10	-	-
Sodium	3	3	800	1,100	100	190	125
Strontium	0.08	0.07	100	140	210	47	43
Vanadium	-	-	-	50	22	31	35
Zinc	0.24	-	12,000	21,000	900	5,600	180
PCB	-	-	0.12	0.12	2.8	2	-

NOTE: All results in ppm.
Blanks indicate parameter not analyzed.
- Indicates below detection limits.

C-3

CER 051595

E000553

proposed provided assumptions regarding chemical profiles are made. However, in order to accurately estimate waste quantities and define to what depth contamination has occurred, a more detailed sampling program is necessary. This would include developing a depth profile of chemical constituents in the creek bed. Cores should be taken from upstream and downstream locations, with additional sampling at point sources as necessary.

CER 051596

C-5

E000554

APPENDIX B

BORING LOGS AND MONITORING WELL DATA

CER 051597

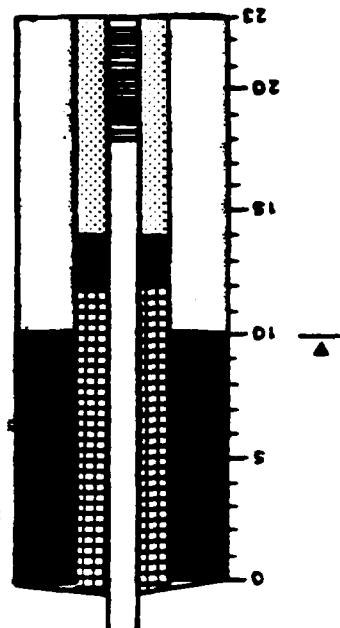
E000555

E000556

CER 051598

REMARKS
COMMENTS
EXPLANATION
SAMPLES TAKEN TOE X NO X
SAMPLES ANALYZED FOR HSL COMPOUNDS
SAMPLES 2 & 3
DATE SAMPLED 3-17-67
TOPS OF SAMPLES 1 TURNED
SAMPLES TAKEN TOE X NO X
MATERIALS
CROWN, VELVETINE
COND. = 1600 ohms TOE = 160 p
OZONE PH = 7.0
HEDDERLINE CONDUCTIVITY 1.3 = 10 CM/SEC
TEST DATE 3-17-67
SLUG TEST TOE X NO X
SELECT MEASURE SLIDE, 196.66 DECE 3-26-67
SELECT MEASURE SLIDE, 196.77 DECE 3-26-67
TEST DATA
LOCK NO. 2834
SCREEN 12 1/2 - 12 1/2
PLIERS PLATE 22.9 - 16 1/2
MOLD CROSSSECTION:
MOLD TYPE MOLDED
SCREEN 2.31 68.
SCREEN TYPE SLIDES 8200 3.02 3.02
SCREEN INCHES 18 - 22 1/2
CARRYING END SCREEN SLIM. 2 1/2
BOTTING DEPTH 23 1/2
HOLE DIAM. 8 IN.
MOLD DATA
HOLLOW SCREEN SLIDES
MACHINED OR DRILLED 1 1/4 - 1 1/2
TYPE OF ALA MOLD 8-61
SCREEN & COMPLETION SLIDES 7/13 10 1/2
SCREEN JEWELRY TURNER
DRILLING PLATE 23 1/2 DRILLING
TOP OR INNER CARTRIDGE 412 1/2
SCREEN 27A
LOCATION SITE 3
BOTTING/MOLD NO. 28-G101
PROJECT NAME DRED CREEK
PROJEC NO. 22 1166
DATE PREPARED 3-25-67
PREPARED BY KATHY PRUITT
DEPTH (in) 0 5 10 15 20 25

DARK BROWN AND GRAY
CLAYEY SILT
SLOWAN SILT
TAN VARY PINE SHAD



EE-G101

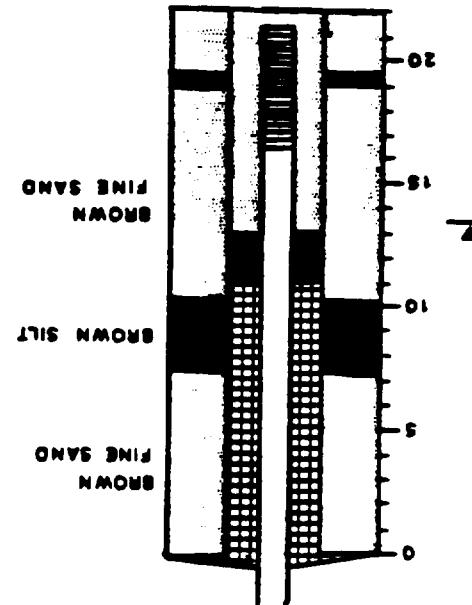
DEPTH (in)
SLOWAN SILT
CLAYEY SILT
TAN VARY PINE SHAD
PROJECT NAME DRED CREEK
PROJEC NO. 22 1166
DATE PREPARED 3-25-67
PREPARED BY KATHY PRUITT
DEPTH (in)

E000557

CER 051599

REMARKS
ESEA well
Coresamples
Depth Sample No. 100 No. X
Samples Analyzed for Hg compounds
Date Sampled 3-26-67
Type of samples 1 core
No. of samples 1 core
Samples Taken Yes X
Water Quality
Clarity to yellowish
Color = light brown to
other DE = 6.0
Hydrodynamic Conductivity 1.0 x 10 cm/sec
Turbidity 9-12-67
Stage Toss Yes X
Sealite Water 810V. 397.37 D030 3-26-67
Sealite Water 810V. 397.37 D030 3-26-67
Toss Water
Depth No. 2812
Dense 11.62 to surface
Soil 11.62 - 11.62
Plastic pebbles 22 - 13.62. measured
Well Type mounted
Stem 11.62
Screen Type sandstone 8000 0.31. 810
Second Interval 16.9 - 22.5 22
Carrying and Second Diam. 2.10.
Boring Depth 21.5 22
Hole Diam. 6 in.
Well Data
Bottom 2000 ft
Top of drilling 11.62
Hatched or dotted
Type of rig mobile 8-19
Screen & completion 810V. 2/16. 3-26-67
Drill bit 30x 10mm
Drilling fluid 100 to
Top of inner casing 810V.
Name ESEA
Location Site 3
Boring/Well No. EE-G102
ESEA well completed

Project Name Bedrock
Date Prepared 3-26-67
Prepared by GORDON MULILIPPO
Accession No. 12-1160
Depth (ft) Description



E000558

CEA 051600

100

8200002

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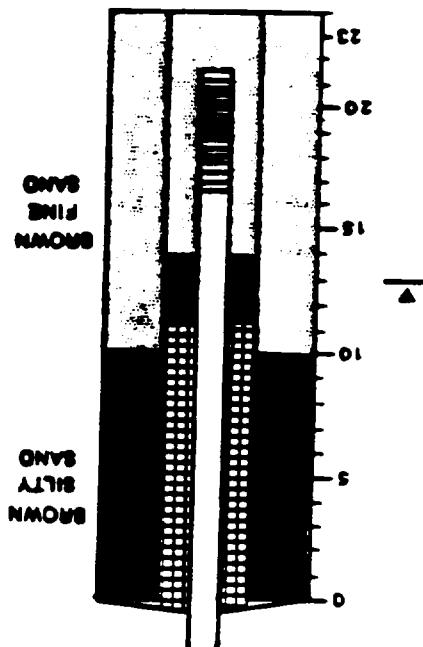
Date Sample No. 3-27-67
Base Samples
Sample No. 878
Samp. No. 878
Samp. No. 878

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.

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כג-בזט

Project Name Dead Cross
Object No. 12 3140
Date Prepared 3-26-67
Prepared by Kevitt Phillips
Reported to DODGETON

Project Name Dead Creek
 Project No. IL 310
 Date Prepared 2-17-87
 Prepared by Kevin Phillips
 Depth (ft) _____
 Description EE-G 104

EE-G 104

Boring/Well No. EE-0104
 Location Site G
 Owner EPA
 Top of Inner Casing elev. 108 ft
 Drilling Firm Pax Drilling
 Driller Jerry Hansen
 Start & Completion Dates 2/23 - 2/25
 Type of Rig Mobile 8-61
 Method of Drilling 1 1/4" : 3"
 Boring stem auger

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 6 in.
 Boring Depth 14 ft.
 Casing and screen diam. 2 in.
 Screen interval 13 - 14 ft.
 Screen Type Stainless steel 316 size
 Strikeup 1.05 ft.
 Well Type Monitoring
 Well Construction:
 Filter pack 24 - 17 ft.
 Seal 17 - 15 ft.
 Open 15 ft. to surface
 Back No. 2114

TEST DATA

Static water elev. 107.01 Date 1-26-87
 Static water elev. 107.71 Date 1-11-87
 Slag Test Yes No 1
 Test Date 1-17-87
 Hydrostatic Conductivity -
 Other PH = 6.5
 Gage = 1600 umhos Temp. = 55.7

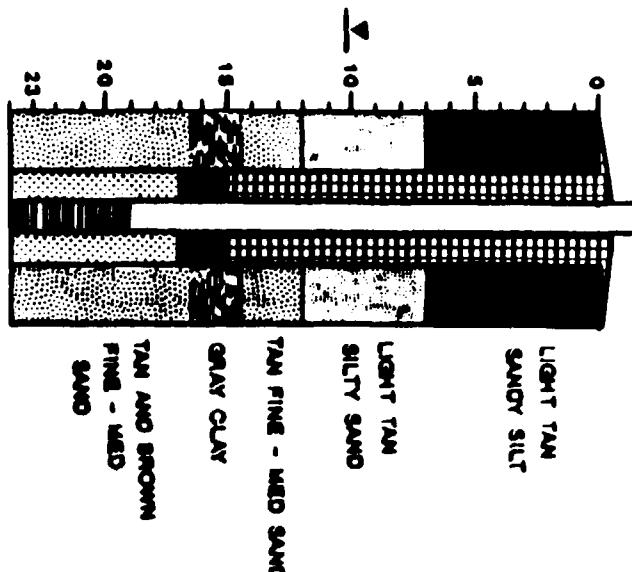
WATER QUALITY

Sample Taken Yes 1 No -
 No. of samples 1 round
 Type of sample Groundwater

Date sampled 1-17-87
 Samples 6 8
 samples Analyzed for NSL compounds
 Split samples Yes No 1
 Recipient -

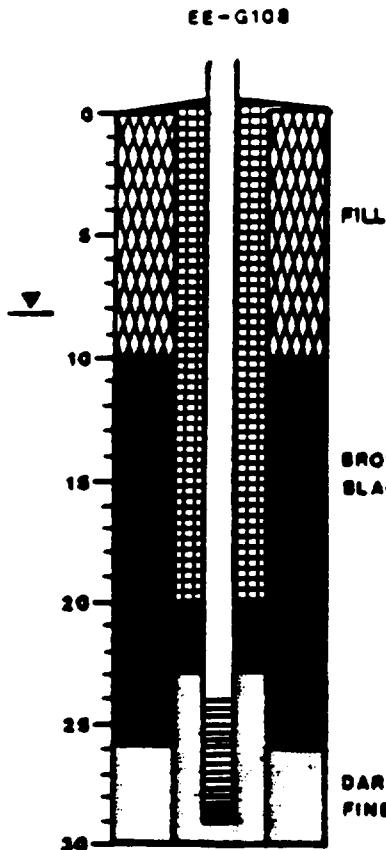
Comments

REMARKS



Project Name Dead Creek
 Project No. IL 3146
 Date Prepared 3-3-87
 Prepared by Kevin Phillips

Depth (ft) Description



(IEPA well replaced)
 Boring/Well No. EE-G108
 Location Site 3
 Owner IEPA
 Top of Inner Casing Elev. 107.21
 Drilling Firm Fox drilling
 Driller Jerry Hammel
 Start & Completion Dates 3/2/87 - 3/12/87
 Type of Rig Mobile S-61
 Method of Drilling 1 1/4" I.D.
hollow stem augers

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 8 in.
 Boring Depth 10 ft.
 Casing and Screen Diam. 3 in.
 Screen Interval 24 - 29 ft.
 Screen Type stainless steel 0.01" slot
 Stickup 0.55 ft.
 Well Type monitoring
 Well Construction:
 Filter Pack 29 - 22 ft.
 Seal 22 - 18 ft.
 Grout 18 ft. to surface
 Log No. 1034

TEST DATA

Static Water Elev. 107.96 Date 3-26-87
 Static Water Elev. 108.03 Date 3-11-87
 Slug Test Yes No
 Test Date
 Hydraulic Conductivity
 Other pH = 5.4
Cond. = 1800 umhos Temp. = 56° F
Clear to cloudy No odor

WATER QUALITY

Samples Taken Yes X No
 No. of Samples 1 round
 Types of Samples groundwater

Date Sampled 3-18-87
 Samplers E & E
 Samples Analyzed for HSL compounds

Split Samples Yes X No
 Recipient Envirotest

Comments _____

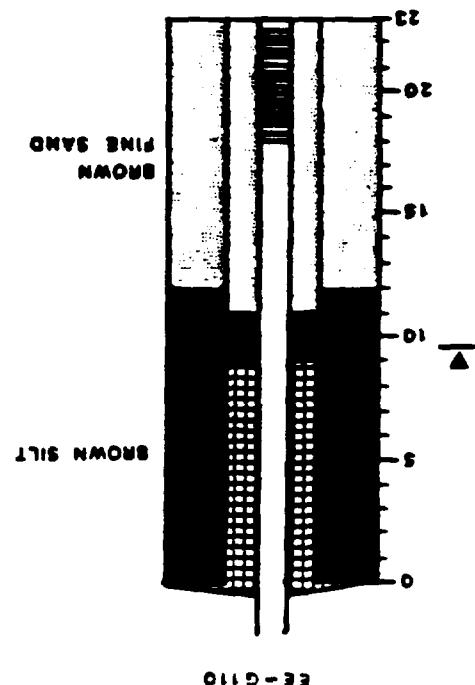
REMARKS

CER 051602

E000560

E000561

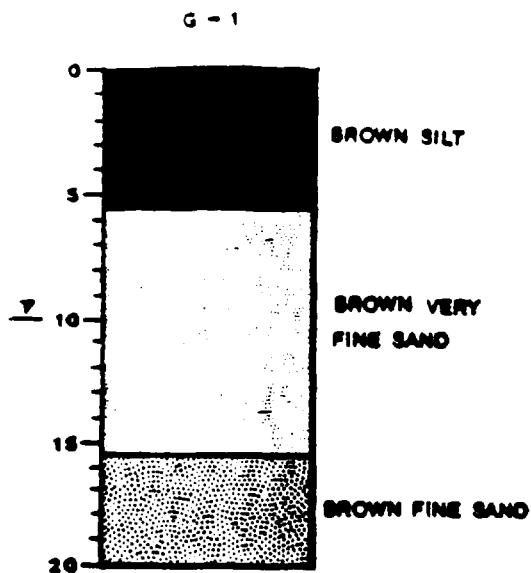
CER 051603



Project Name Lead Cross
Office No. 123-4567
Date Prepared 12-12-99
Prepared by John May

Project Name Dead Creek
Project No. IL 3140
Date Prepared 1-12-87
Prepared by Tim Haley

Depth (ft) Description



Boring/Well No. G-1
Location Site G
Owner EPA
Top of Inner Casing Elev. NA
Drilling Firm Fox drilling
Driller Jerry Hamm
Start & Completion Dates 1/12, 1/12/87
Type of Rig mobile B-61
Method of Drilling 3 1/2" I.D.
hollow stem augers

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 8 in.
Boring Depth 20.0 ft.
Casing and Screen Diam.
Screen Interval
Screen Type
Stickup
Well Type
Well Construction:
 Filter Pack
 Seal
 Grout
 Lock No.

TEST DATA

Static Water Elev. Date
Static Water Elev. Date
Slug Test Yes No
Test Date
Hydraulic Conductivity
Other

WATER QUALITY

Samples Taken Yes No X
No. of Samples
Types of Samples

Date Sampled
Samplers
Samples Analyzed for

Split Samples Yes No X
Recipient

Comments Subsurface soil samples
from boring 0 - 10' and 10 - 20'
analysed for PCB compounds.

REMARKS
Ground elev. 407.31

CER 051604

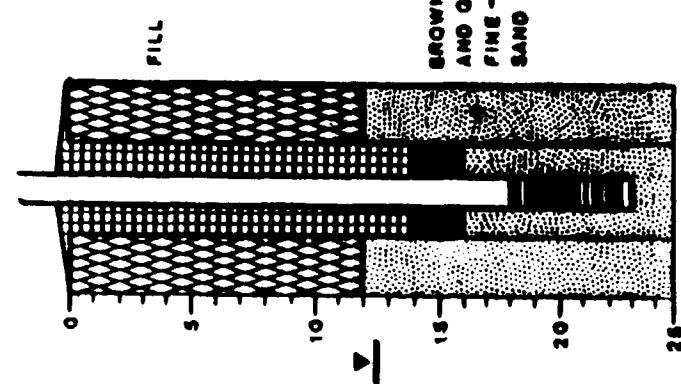
E000562

E000563

CER 051605

Project Name Boad Creek
 Project No. IL 314
 Date Prepared 1-16-87
 Prepared By Fia Maloy
 Depth (ft) EE-09

Description



Boring No. EE-09
 Location Site C
 Date 1-16-87
 Top of Casing 41 ft
 Drilling Method Box Drilling
 Start & Completion Dates 1/14 - 1/16/87
 Type of Rig Hand
 Method of Drilling Rotary
 Hollow stem auger 8 in.

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 8 in.
 Boring Depth 23 ft.
 Casing and Screen Diam. 8 in.
 Screen Interval 10 - 23 ft.
 Screen Type Stainless steel 303 slot
 Slot size 2.75 in.
 Well Type Monitoring
 Well Construction None
 Filter Pack 23 - 16 ft.
 Seal 16 ft.
 Gravel 14 ft. to surface
 Log No. EE-09

TEST DATA

Static water elev. 196.49 Date 1-16-87
 Static water elev. 196.17 Date 1-16-87
 static feet Yes —
 Test Date —
 Resistivity Conductivity —
 Order pH = 9.3
 Conduct. = 3100 microsiemens = 550 p

WELL COMMENTS

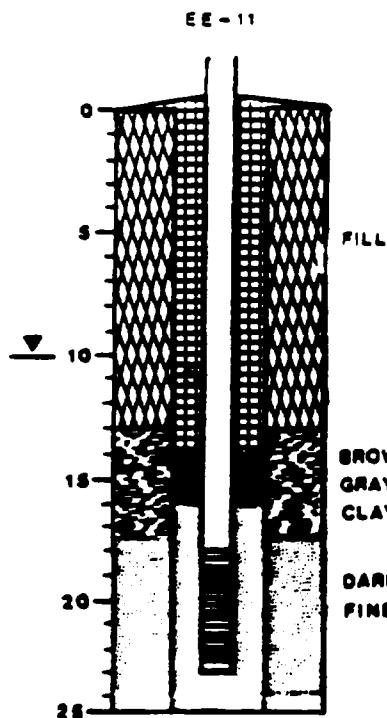
Samples Taken Yes 1 No —
 No. of Samples 1 sample —
 Type of Sample Groundwater —
 Date Sampled 1-16-87
 Samples Analyzed Yes — HDL compounds
 Samples Analyzed Yes — HDL compounds
 Samples Analyzed Yes — HDL compounds
 Comments Soil surface soil sample
from horizon - 1 ft, analyzed for
HDL compounds.

HDL compounds

Slight organic odor

Project Name Dead Creek
Project No. IL 3140
Date Prepared 1-26-87
Prepared by Tim Haley

Depth (ft) Description



Boring/Well No. G-3/EE-11
Location Site 3
Owner EPA
Top of Inner Casing Elev. 409.32
Drilling Firm Fox drilling
Driller Jerry Hamm
Start & Completion Dates 1-26-1/26-87
Type of Rig Mobile S-61

Method of Drilling 3 1/4" I.D.
hollow stem augers

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 8 in.
Boring Depth 23 ft.
Casing and Screen Diam. 3 in.
Screen Interval 18 - 23 ft.
Screen Type stainless steel 0.01" slot
Stickup 1.37 ft.
Well Type monitoring
Well Construction:
Filter Pack 23 - 16 ft.
Seal 16 - 14 ft.
Grout 14 ft. to surface
Loc No. 1034

TEST DATA

Static Water Elev. 397.04 Date 1-26-87
Static Water Elev. 398.26 Date 1-11-87
Slug Test Yes No X
Test Date
Hydraulic Conductivity
Other pH = 7.2
Cond. = 7000 ohms Temp. = 56° F
Brown to black

WATER QUALITY

Samples Taken Yes X No
No. of Samples 1 round
Types of Samples groundwater

Date Sampled 1-24-87
Samples 8 t.b.
Samples Analyzed for MSL compounds

Split Samples Yes X No
Recipient Overdrup, Inc. for Corro
Copper

Comments Subsurface soil samples
from boring 18' - 20' analyzed
for MSL compounds.

REMARKS
Slight organic odor

CER 051606

E000564

E000565

CER 051607

10

COMPARISON OF THE INFLUENCE OF VARIOUS CONCENTRATIONS OF SODIUM BICARBONATE ON THE RESPIRATION OF THE RAT

201 0070000 07728700
0070000 07728700

Sample Test is given to the class for the purpose of gaining an idea of the level of understanding of the material taught.

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DEATH, GLOUCESTERSHIRE RECORDS DEPARTMENT
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS INDEX 1600-1650

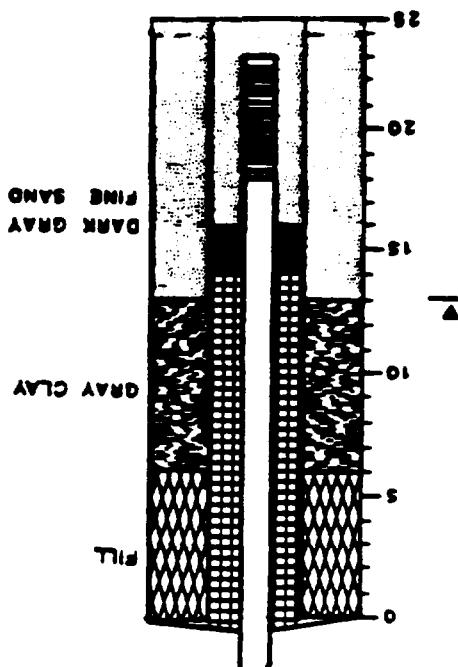
www.ijerpi.org

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INDEXED 25 DEC
SERIALIZED 25 DEC
FILED 25 DEC
RECORDED 25 DEC
SEARCHED 16 DEC
INDEXED 16 DEC
SERIALIZED 16 DEC
FILED 16 DEC
RECORDED 16 DEC
SEARCHED 16 DEC
INDEXED 16 DEC
SERIALIZED 16 DEC
FILED 16 DEC
RECORDED 16 DEC

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**METHOD OF DETERMINING
HOLLOW SPOTS AND GASES**

TYPE OF SITE: MOUNTAIN - B-101
SACRIFICE & COMPROMISE: DECISION 100%
DECEIVER: JEFFERY KERNOON
DESTRUCTIVE PRED. FOR DESTROYING
TOP 20% OF INHAB. COUNTRY SIDE
16 FOR 100
OWNER: SIEVA
LOCATION: STATE 0
SEARCH/WELL NO.: 3-A-22-10100
SEARCHED BY: WALTER COOPER



三-101

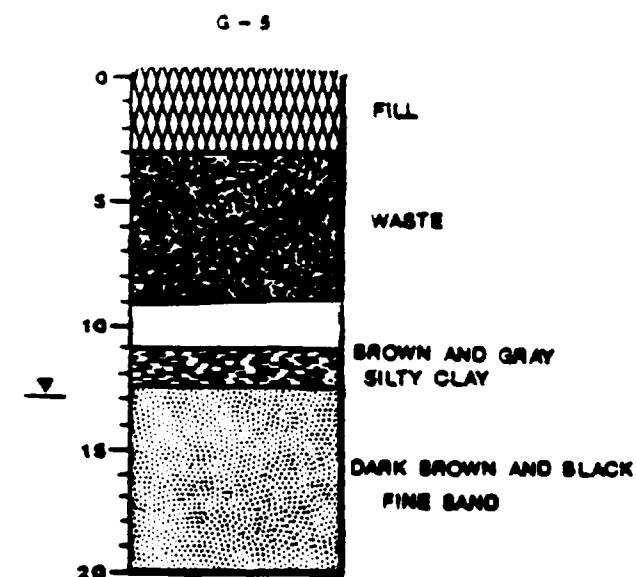
ARMED FORCES

69-43-1 per 1000034 0386

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Project Name Dead Creek
Project No. EL 3160
Date Prepared 1-17-87
Prepared by Tim Raley

Depth (ft) Description



Boring/Well No. 3-3
Location Site 3
Owner EPA
Top of Inner Casing Elev. 4A
Drilling Firm Fox drilling
Driller Jerry Hamm
Start & Completion Dates 1-17 1-17 87
Type of Rig Mobile 8-61

Method of Drilling 3 1/2" S/S hollow stem augers

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 8 in.
Boring Depth 10.0 ft.
Casing and Screen Diam. _____
Screen Interval _____
Screen Type _____
Stickup _____
Well Type _____
Well Construction:
 Filter Pack _____
 Seal _____
 Grout _____
 Loc No. _____

TEST DATA

Static Water Elev. _____ Date _____
Static Water Elev. _____ Date _____
Slug Test Yes _____ No _____
Test Date _____
Hydraulic Conductivity _____
Other _____

WATER QUALITY

Samples Taken Yes _____ No X
No. of Samples _____
Types of Samples _____

Date Sampled _____
Samplers _____
Samples Analyzed for _____

Split Samples Yes _____ No X
Recipient _____

Comments Subsurface soil samples from boring 3 - 15' analyzed for ESL compounds.

REMARKS
Ground elev. 408.02

CER 051608

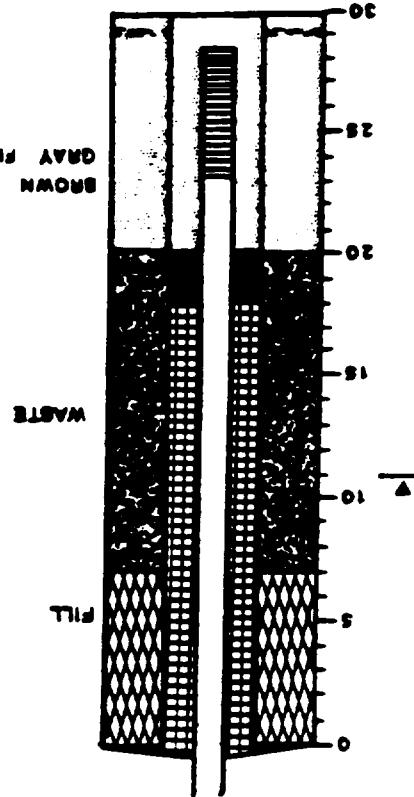
E000566

E000567

CER 051609

STABILIZERS
COMPOUNDS
SOLVENTS
SAMPLES ANALYZED FOR HET COMPOUNDS
DATE SAMPLED 3-18-67
TYPE OF SAMPLES 500 mg
NO. OF SAMPLES 1 CAND
SAMPLES TAKEN TOO X NO
WATER QUALITY
CAND = 500 mg/liter 300 = 6.2%
OCHES PH = 6.0
HYDROXYLIC CARBOXYLATE
TOE 3000
SLAG 3000
SEALAGE WASTE 3100, 397.13 Dose 5-26-67
SEALAGE WASTE 3100, 397.13 Dose 5-26-67
WATER DATA
LARGE NO. 2800
DRINK 10 20 TO SURFACE
SOIL 20 - 10 20
FILTERS 20 - 20 20
WELL CONSTRUCTION
WELL TYPE 10 20
SCREEN TYPE 20 20
SCREEN INTEGRAL 20 - 10 20
CASTING AND SCREEN DIA. 2 1/4
SETTING DEPTH 10 20
HOLE DIAM. 8 1/4 in.
WELL DATA
MOLLO SOIL DRILLING 1 3/4, 1 1/2
MATERIALS OF DRILLING 1 3/4, 1 1/2
TYPE OF RIG MOBILE 8-61
SCREEN & CONSTRUCTION DIA. 2 1/4, 3 1/2 in.
SCREEN & CONSTRUCTION DIA. 2 1/4, 3 1/2 in.
DELLING PUMP FOR DELLING
TOP OF NARROW SCREEN 3100, 400 ft
DIA. 2800
SECTION 3100 3
SECTION 3100 3
SECTION/WELL NO. 3-6/EE-Q107
SECTION/WELL NO. 3-6/EE-Q107
SECTION/WELL NO. 3-6/EE-Q107
SECTION/WELL NO. 3-6/EE-Q107

SHOWN AND
DRAWN BY



DATE PREPARED 3-23-67
PROJECT NO. IL 1110
PREPARED BY KENNETH PHILLIPS
DESCRIPTION
SPECIMEN (S)

E000566

CER 051610

RECORDED ON NOV. 1971.

RECORDED

NO. OF COMPOUNDS
CROWN BOTTLED 16 - 15. ANALYZED FOR
COMPOUNDS SUBSEQUENTLY 60% SAMPLES

SAMPLES TAKEN 100 NO X

SAMPLES ANALYZED FOR
SAMPLES
DATE SAMPLED

NO. OF SAMPLES
SAMPLES TAKEN 100 NO X

TYPE OF SAMPLES

RECORDS

MATERIAL CONCENTRATION
TYPE BASE
SLURRY 100
SOLVENT NUMBER 3100.
SOLVENT NUMBER 3100.
DATE 04/04
DATE 04/04

TEST DATA

TEST NO.
DEGREES
SOUL
PLIABLE PLATE
WELL CONSTRUCTION:
WELL SIZE
STICKERS
SCREEN TYPE
SCREEN INTERVAL
CUTTING AND SCREEN DIA.
HOLE DIAM. 6 IN.
TEST DATA

HOLLOW SCREEN AGGREGATE 1 3/4" I.C.
MESHED OR SPLITTING 1 3/4" I.C.

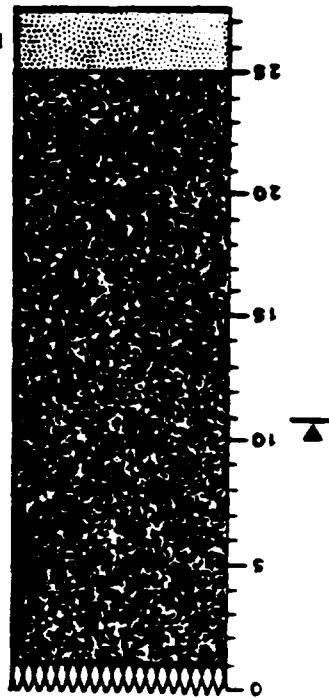
TYPE OF RIG NO. 1010-B-11
SCREEN & COMPLETION SCREEN 2/26. 12-17-71
SCREEN SIZE 1/2"

SPLITTING PLATE FOR SPLITTING VA
TOP OF INNER CUTTING SLICE. VA

OWNER: EPA
LOCATION SITE D

BORING/WELL NO. Q-7

SHAWN PINE - MD3 SAND



G - 7

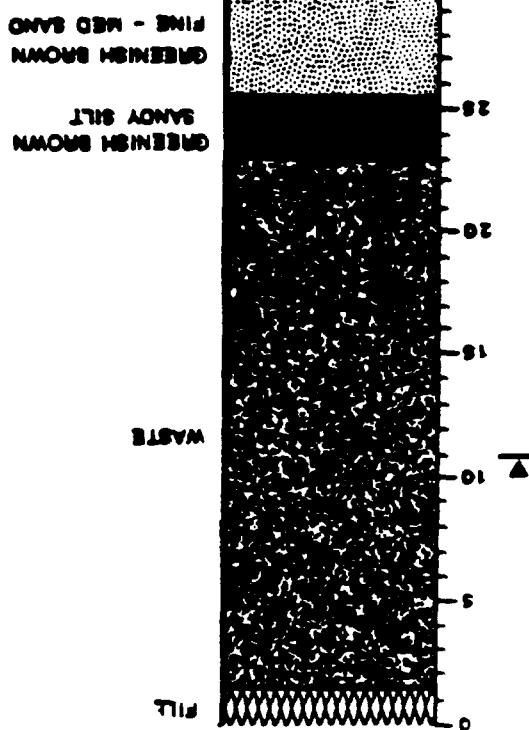
Prepared By KATHY PHILLIPS
Date Prepared 12/16/67
Project No. Q-7

Specimen (1)

Description

E00569

CEA 051612



DISSEMINATION
RECORDED BY KATHY PHILLIPS
DATE PROCESSED 2-24-69
FILE NUMBER 11160
NAME OF SOURCE DISCRETE SOURCE
COPCH (EE)

E00570

CER 051612

007.70 PERIODICALS DEPT.

— 300 —

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Sample taken **Time** **No.** **Date** **Source of samples**

22700 22701

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ ~~DISSEMINATE~~ ~~REF ID: A6526~~

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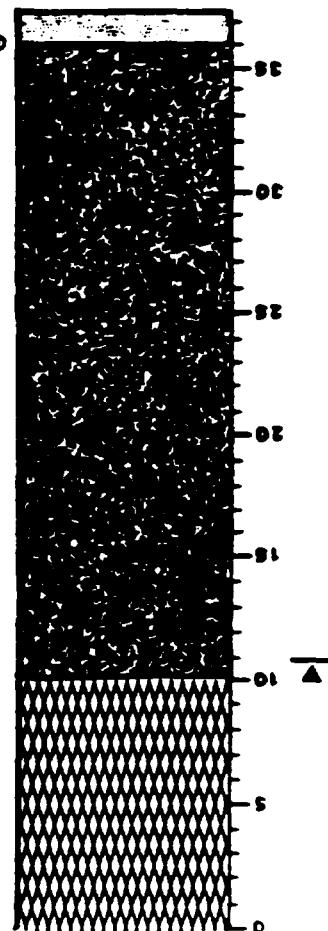
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E000571

CER 051613

Ground floor, 407, 29
String or sample order
BOTTLES
analyzed for HPLC compounds.
from bottom 15 - 15, and 15 - 30.
CONTAINERS samples used all samples
No. X
spill samples Top
samples analyzed for
samples taken Top
No. de samples
samples taken Top
No. X
water quality
OCHE
Hydrodynamic Conductivity
Turbidity
Sugars
Sediment meter 500, 500
Sediment meter 500, 500
Turbidity
Sediment
Second type
Second interval
Bottom depth 50.0 ft.
Note data, 5 in.
WELL DATA
Water quality and conductivity
measured at drilling 1/4, C. 1000
Type of rig mobile 8-61
Sieve & completion dates 12-15-96
Drill bit, 50 mm
Drilling pipe per drilling
Top of inner casing 500, VA
Owner: EPA
Date Prepared 12-15-96
Project No. IL 3140
Location site N
Bottom/well No. M-1

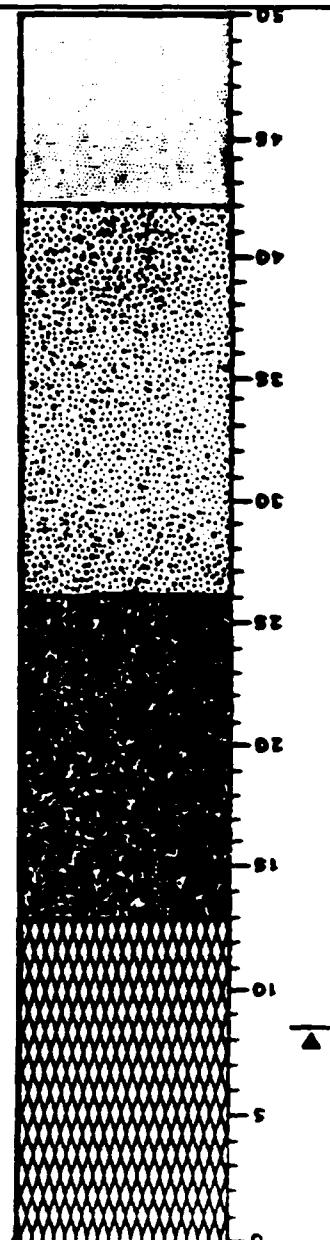
BLACK PINE SAND

SAND
BLACK MUD - CAS

WATER

PLI

Depth (ft)
Description
H - 1
Prepared by TIA MUD
Date Prepared 12-15-96
Project No. IL 3140
Location site N
Bottom/well No. M-1



E000572

CER 051614

42 - 42.9	11-19-21	Same as above.	Pearl 42", black (second) fine grain sand. (var)	42 - 42.9	11-11-21	Same as above.	42 - 42.9	10-14-21	Same as above.	42 - 42.9	10-15-21	Same as above.	42 - 42.9	8-0-8. 9-9-0
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Dosemeter

Sample Depth Below Core

Bottom/Wall No. H-1 Cont'd

Site Read Cross Site-N

Site Dead Creek Site-N

Boring/Well No. 4-2/well 8 EE-01

Sample Depth	Sieve Count	Description
1 - 2.5	3-3-4	<u>0-1.5</u> FILL consisting of black cinders and small gravel. (dry) <u>1.5-2.5</u> FILL consisting of brownish cinders, slag, and medium grain sand. (dry)
3.5 - 5	2-3-3	<u>3.5-4</u> FILL - same as above. <u>4-5</u> FILL consisting of dark gray SILT. Soft and stained. Little of fine grain sand. (very moist)
6 - 7.5	35-17-19	WASTE steel and a coal-like dense black fibrous substance.
8.5 - 10	2-3-3	WASTE - Wood and paper products, heavy black staining.
11 - 12.5	3-3-3	WASTE - same as above.
13.5 - 15	2-3-3	WASTE consisting of black (stained) silt, medium grain sand and wood. (wet)
16 - 17.5	4-6-9	WASTE - Wood chips.
18.5 - 20	5-7-14	WASTE - same as above.
21 - 22.5	9-10-13	WASTE - same as above. WASTE discontinues @ approx. 23'.
23.5 - 25	2-1-6	Firm brownish-gray fine-medium grain SAND. Black staining throughout. Well-rounded and well sorted. Rounded to subangular. (wet)
23.5 - 35	9-10-12	Dense gray fine-medium grain SAND. Trace of coarse grain sand. Fairly well sorted and rounded to subangular. (wet) S.G.S. @ 35

CER 051615

E000573

site Dead Creek Site-N

Boring/Well No. N-3/well 622-02

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

1 - 2.5	6-10-13	0-2.5' PILL consisting of dense brown sandy CLAY including small gravel, cinders, and brick fragments.
3.5 - 5	2-3-4	Firm brown SILT and silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain sand. (moist).
6 - 7.5	2-4-6	Firm brown to yellowish brown very sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand and trace of silty clay. (moist)
8.5 - 10	2-2-2	Same as above. (very moist)
11 - 12.5	9-11-14	Dense brownish-gray silt and fine grain SAND. (wet)
13.5 - 15	7-7-7	Same as above.
		Water table @ approx. 13 feet.
16 - 17.5	9-10-20	Very dense gray very silty fine grain SAND. Some silt. Wet.
18.5 - 20	9-10-11	(From 18 to 23 feet) tan dense very fine grain SAND. Very well sorted. Wet.
		E.O.B. @ 23 feet.

CER 051616

E000574

E000575

CER 051617

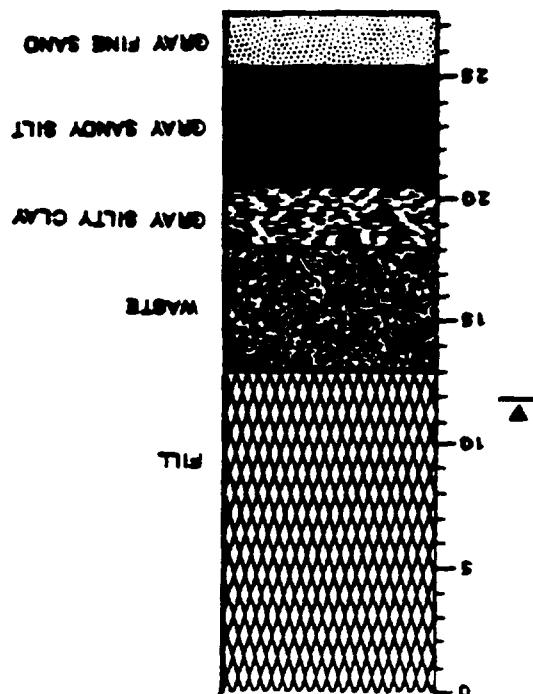
Very light colored, wet. Very loose granular soil on surface. Some of soil is coarse gravel sand.	1-1-T	26.5 - 30
26.5-26.8 Pile containing many fine gravel sand. Some light, wet. Very clayey & silty.	10-15-L	26 - 27.5
Very dense soil & compacted. Clayey.	2-2-E	23.5 - 25
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	11-12-E	22 - 22.5
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	5-4-C	20.5 - 21
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	2-3-E	17.5 - 18
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	2-3-C	17.5 - 18
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	2-3-E	17.5 - 18
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	2-3-C	17.5 - 18
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	2-3-E	17.5 - 18
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	2-3-C	17.5 - 18
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	2-3-E	17.5 - 18
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	2-3-C	17.5 - 18
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	2-3-E	17.5 - 18
Pile containing many fine gravel sand. Some light, wet. Very clayey & silty.	6-5-E	19.5 - 20
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	6-13-E	19.5
Pile containing many fine gravel sand. Some light, wet. Very clayey & silty.	6-13-E	19.5
Very light & sandy soil. Loamy soil.	6-13-E	19.5
Pile containing many fine gravel sand. Dry.	6-9-E	19.5

Descriptive

Sample Depth Below Ground

E000576

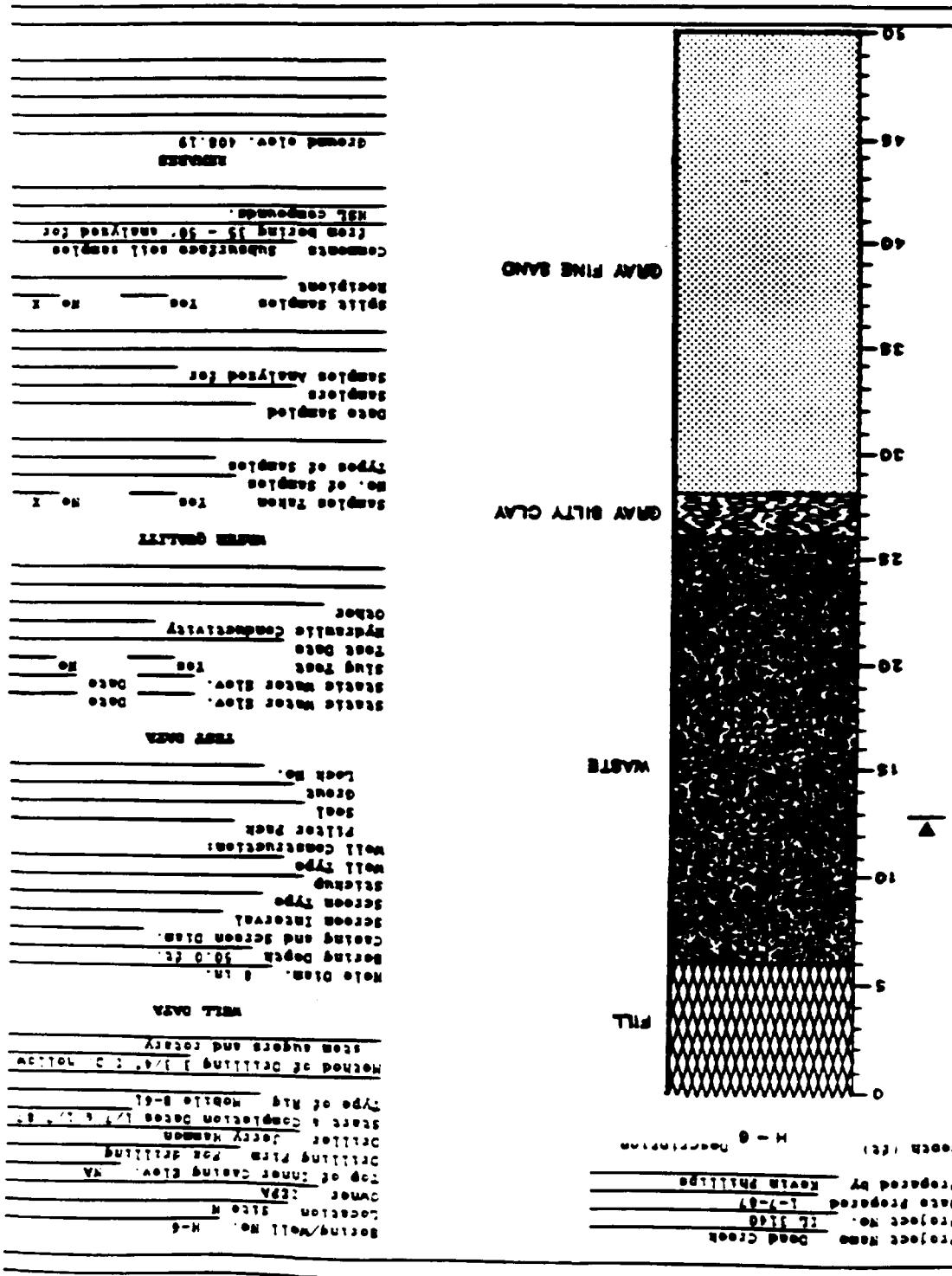
CER 051618



**DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
COMMITTEE ON DEFENSE PRODUCTION
1967-1968**

7000577

CER 051619



E000578

CER 051620

33.5 - 39	9-23-28	SAMPLES OF ABOVE.	10-18-17	8.0.8. 0.90%	18.5 - 50
38.5 - 40	12-20-28	GEAR WORN DUE TO CONTACT WITH GEARBOX GEAR BOX. NOTE.	19-22-28	12.5 - 45	
43.5 - 45	12-22-28	GEAR WORN DUE TO CONTACT WITH GEARBOX GEAR BOX. NOTE.	10-18-17	8.0.8. 0.90%	
48.5 - 50	10-18-17	SAMPLES OF ABOVE.	9-23-28	33.5 - 39	

RECORDED

SAMPLES FROM LOWER CORNER

SOFTENING/WHITENING. H-6 SOURCE.

5000 BAND CROCK SLEEVES

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CER 051621

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2023-0818-NSA-0308

6-11 on 11cm/6in.300

E000580

CER 051622

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10-234 770A/8-H OG 770A/8720G

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Site Dead Creek site-M

Boring/Well No. M-3/well 022-04

Sample Depth below Cane	Description
1 - 2.5	5-5-3 0-2' Firm brownish-gray clayey silt. Trace of fine grain sand. moist. 2-2.5' Firm brown sandy silt. Some fine grain sand. Dry.
3.5 - 5	1-4-6 Stiff brown and gray (mottled) very silty clay. Trace of fine grain sand. Occasional clayey silt layers (~2"). Moist.
6 - 7.5	1-5-8 Same as above; becomes increasingly silty at ~7' then grades into brown very fine sand at 7 1/4". Trace of silt. Dry.
8.5 - 10	1-5-7 Brown very fine grain sand. Trace of silt. Dry.
11 - 12.5	1-2-9 Same as above; a 4 inch silty clay layer appears at 12'. Trace of fine grain sand.
13.5 - 15	2-6-9 Brown fine grain sand. wet.
16 - 17.5	2-6-7 Brown fine grain sand. Some medium grain sand. wet.
18.5 - 20	1-1-3 Brown medium grain sand. Trace of coarse grain sand. wet.
21.5 - 23	7-11-11 Brown medium grain sand. Trace of coarse grain sand and small gravel. wet.
	8.0.8. 0 23'

CER 051623

E000551

Site Dead Creek Site-1

Boring/Well No. 1-1, Well # 22-12

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Crushed limestone and gravel on surface - parking lot for semi-trailers.
1 - 2.5	3-4-7	FILL consisting of brown-black sandy CLAY including a mixture of asphalt, fine to coarse grain sand, large gravel, and slag. Dry.
3.5 - 5	3-4-6	WASTE consisting of brown-black gravelly SAND including slag, stained paper and wood products, and a white gravelly substance. Dry.
6 - 7.5	3-5-4	WASTE. Same as above; with more slag and small spherical beads. Dry.
8.5 - 10	7-2-1	WASTE - poor recovery; probably same as above.
11 - 12.5	4-2-1	WASTE - same as above; wet.
13.5 - 15	7-10-14	WASTE consisting of black (oily stained) sludge-like material including wood chips, coarse grain sand, and concrete fragments. Wet.
16 - 17.5	1-3-4	WASTE. Same as above; with brick and concrete fragments, sand and gravel, and soft clay. Wet.
18.5 - 20	4-3-1	WASTE. Same as above. Fill material discontinues @ 21'.
21 - 22.5	0-0-2	<u>21-22'</u> Dark gray fine grain SAND. Some black staining. Wet. <u>22-22.5</u> Dark gray silty CLAY. Moist.
23.5 - 25	2-2-2	Dark gray silty CLAY. Moist.
26 - 27.5	0-0-1	Dark gray to black fine grain SAND. Trace of silt and medium grain SAND. Wet.
28.5 - 30	4-0-10	Dark gray medium to coarse grain SAND. Wet.
31 - 32.5	7-0-9	Same as above; with a trace of small gravel. Wet.
		E.O.B. @ 33.5"

CER 051624

E000552

Site Dead Creek Site-I

Boring/Well No. I-2

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Crushed limestone parking lot surface.
1 - 2.5	3-6-9	FILL consisting of black sandy CLAY including a mixture of fine-medium grain sand, asphalt, cinders, gravel, and slag. Dry.
3.5 - 5	1-1-2	FILL - same as above.
6 - 7.5	3-6-4	FILL consisting of black-brown silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain sand (in seams) @ 7'. Including some slag and wood particles. Dry.
8.5 - 10	3-2-2	WASTE consisting of light brown silty CLAY (to 9') including very loose black cinder material and medium grain sand. Dry.
11 - 12.5	91-11/1	WASTE - spec refusal - probably a large obstruction in fill material. Wet.
13.5 - 15	2-2-2	WASTE consisting of black oily stained sludge-like material. Including fine to coarse grain sand, cinders, clay, and stained wood. Wet (with oily sheen).
16 - 17.5	16-7-6	WASTE. Same as above; with more wood particles.
18.5 - 20	0-1-2	WASTE - poor recovery - probably same material.
21 - 22.5	7-6-10	WASTE - same as above.
		Fill discontinuous @ approx. 23.5'.
23.5 - 25	4-6-8	Black (stained) and gray SILT. Some very fine grain sand. Wet (with oily sheen).
26 - 27.5	2-3-2	Gray fine grain SAND. Some black staining. Wet.
28.5 - 30	9-7-3	Same as above.
31 - 32.5	11-11-11	Gray fine grain SAND. Interbedding of finer silty sand and coarser sand with small gravel; (approx. 4 inch layers). Wet.
33.5 - 35	9-10-12	Same as above.

CER 051625

E000583

E0058003

CEA 051626

20

Capitol Building Sacramento, Calif. 95814-0001

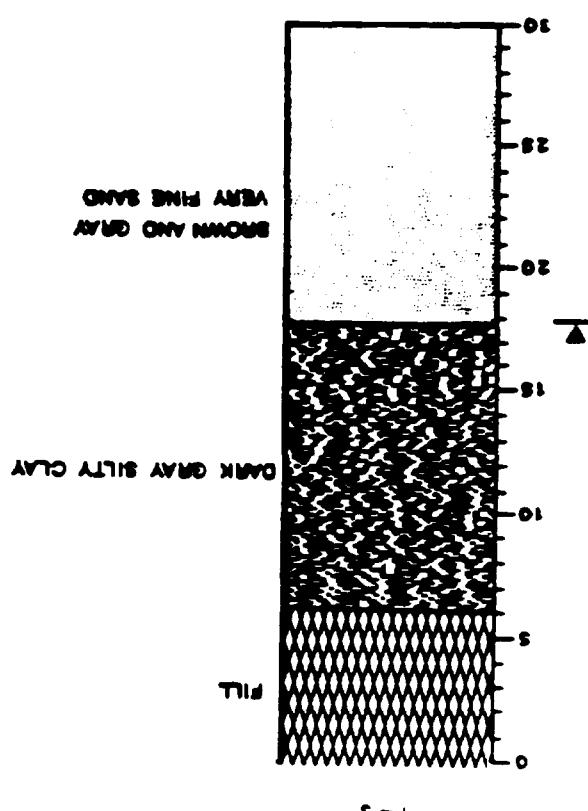
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ΕΙΣ ΤΟΥΝΕΑΝ ΡΟΤΩΝΕΩΝ
ΡΟΤΩΝΕΩΝ ΕΙΣΟ~~

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Complaint Answer Plaintiff's Answer

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1970 734

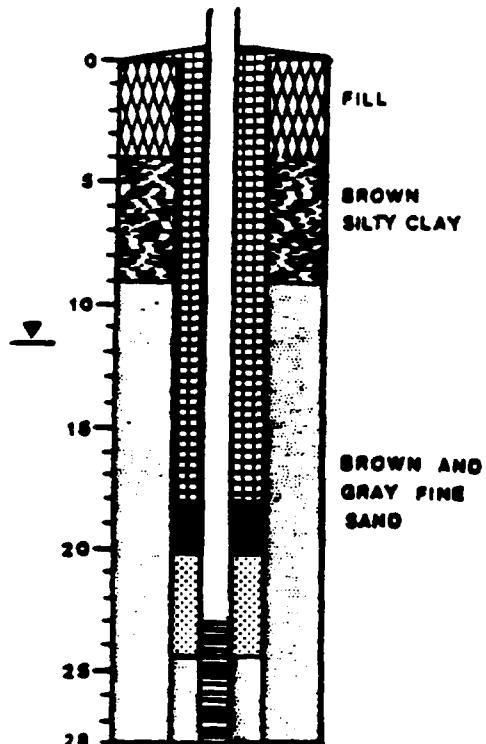


Description	Design No.	Date	Prepared by	Reviewed by
Project Name	11-116	1-15-87	Tom Marley	

Project Name Dead Creek
Project No. IL 3140
Date Prepared 1-29-87
Prepared by Tim Maley

Depth (ft) Description

EE - 13



Boring/Well No. I-4/EE-13
Location site:
Owner IEPA
Top of Inner Casing Elev. 409.16
Drilling Firm Pax drilling
Driller Jerry Hansen
Start & Completion Dates 1/29/87 - 1/29/87
Type of Rig Mobile S-61
Method of Drilling 1 3/4" I.D.
hollow stem augers

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 8 in.
Boring Depth 28.0 ft.
Casing and Screen Diam. 2 in.
Screen Interval 23 - 28 ft.
Screen Type stainless steel 0.01" slot
Stickup 0.33 ft.
Well Type monitoring
Well Construction:
Filter Pack 18 - 20 ft.
Seal 20 - 28 ft.
Grout 18 ft. to surface
Loc No. 3814

TEST DATA

Static Water Elev. 397.47 Date 1-26-87
Static Water Elev. 398.75 Date 1-11-87
Sling Test Yes No
Test Date 1-12-87
Hydraulic Conductivity 1.3×10^{-4} cm/sec
Other pm = 7.2
Cond. = 1880 mhos Temp. = 56° F
Clear to yellowish

WATER QUALITY

Samples Taken Yes No
No. of Samples 1 round
Types of Samples groundwater

Date Sampled 1-23-87
Samplers E & S
Samples Analyzed for METL compounds

Split Samples Yes No
Recipient Sverdrup, Inc. for Corro
Copper

Comments _____

REMARKS

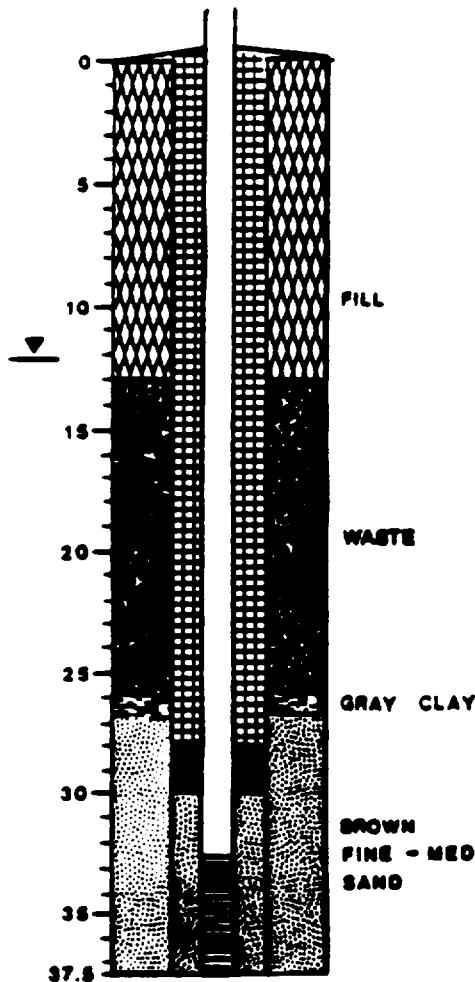
CER 051627

E000555

Project Name Dead Creek
Project No. IL 3140
Date Prepared 1-30-87
Prepared by Tim Maley

Depth (ft) Description

EE - 14



Boring/Well No. I-3/EE-14
Location Site I
Owner EPA
Top of Inner Casing Elev. 410.95
Drilling Firm Fox drilling
Driller Jerry Hamm
Start & Completion Dates 1/30 - 1/31/87
Type of Rig Mobile 8-61
Method of Drilling 1 1/4" I.D.
hollow stem augers, Rotary

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 8 in.
Boring Depth 37.5 ft.
Casing and Screen Diam. 3 in.
Screen Interval 12.5 - 37.5 ft.
Screen Type stainless steel 0.01" slot
Sticcup 1.56 ft.
Well Type monitoring
Well Construction:
Filter Pack 17.5 - 30 ft. Natural
Seal 30 - 38 ft.
Grout 38 ft. to surface
Loc No. 2834

TEST DATA

Static Water Elev. 397.23 Date 3-26-87
Static Water Elev. 398.33 Date 3-11-87
Slug Test Yes No X
Test Date
Hydraulic Conductivity
Other pH = 7.6
Cond. = 1400 umhos Temp. = 56° F
Cloudy, yellowish

WATER QUALITY

Samples Taken Yes X No
No. of Samples 1 round
Types of Samples groundwater

Date Sampled 3-23-87
Samplers 2 & 3
Samples Analyzed for MSL compounds

Split Samples Yes X No
Recipient Sverdrup, Inc. for Cerro
Copper

Comments Subsurface soil samples
from boring 3' - 27.5 feet and
28.5 - 37.5 feet analyzed for MSL
compounds.

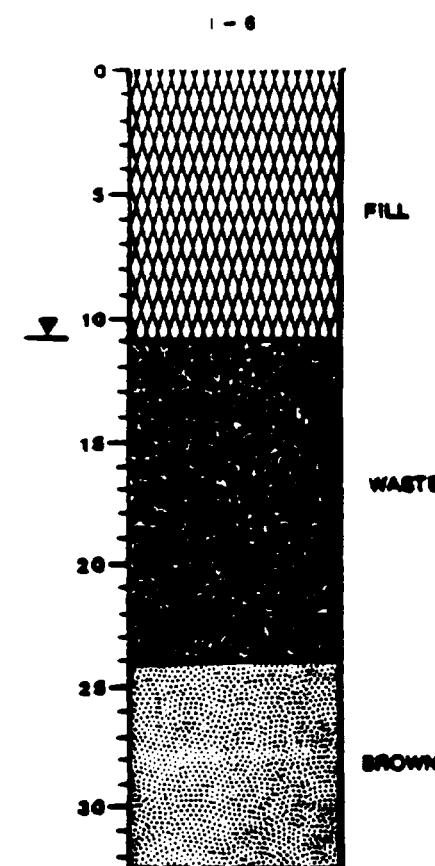
REMARKS

CER 051628

E000586

Project Name Dead Creek
Project No. IL 3140
Date Prepared 1-2-87
Prepared by Tim Raley

Depth (ft) Description



Boring/Well No. I-6
Location Site I
Owner IEPA
Top of Inner Casing Elev. NA
Drilling Firm For drilling
Driller Jerry Hammel
Start & Completion Dates 2/2 & 2/2/87
Type of Rig Mobile B-61
Method of Drilling 3 1/2" I.D.
hollow stem augers

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 8 in.
Boring Depth 32.5 ft.
Casing and Screen Diam.
Screen Interval
Screen Type
Stichup
Well Type
Well Construction: Filter Pack
Seal
Grout
Loc No.

TEST DATA

Static Water Elev. Date
Static Water Elev. Date
Slug Test Yes No
Test Date
Hydraulic Conductivity
Other

WATER QUALITY

Samples Taken Yes No X
No. of Samples
Types of Samples

Date Sampled
Samples
Samples Analyzed for

Split Samples(soil) Yes X No
Recipient Sverdrup, Inc. for Corro
Copper
Comments Subsurface soil sample
from boring 16 - 18' analyzed for
METL compounds.

REMARKS

Ground elev. 408.30

CER 051629

EC00587

project Name Road Creek
 project No. IL 3149
 Date prepared 7-1-67
 prepared by Fila Kaley
 Depth (ft) EE - 15
 Description

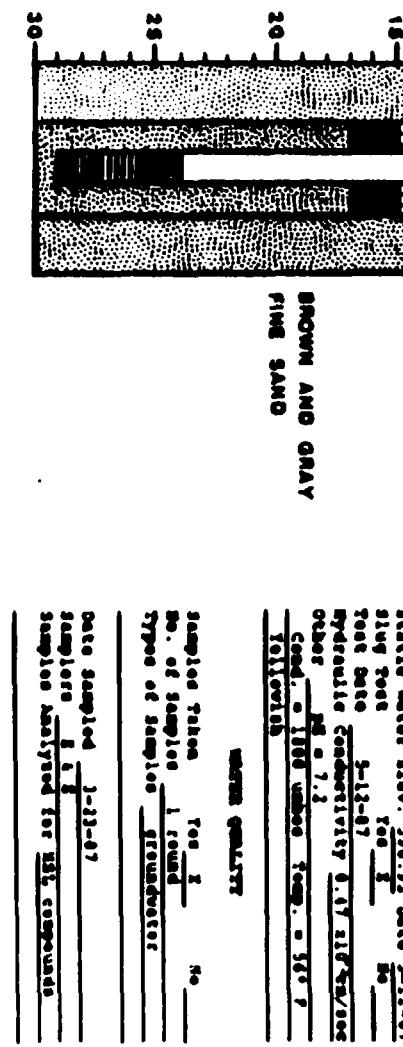
Method of Drilling 1 1/4" I.D.

Hollow stem auger. Rotatory

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 6 in.
 Boring Depth 18 ft.
 Casing and Screen Diam. 2 in.
 screen interval 24 - 25 ft.
 screen type stainless steel 3.31" x 1/2"
 sticking 1.5 ft.
 Well Type monitoring
 Well Construction:
 Pile or Post 20 - 17 ft. manual
 seal 17 - 15 ft.
 gross 15 ft. to surface
 Loc No. 3150

TEST DATA



static water flow .197 gpm Date 1-26-67
 static water level 11.1 ft Date 1-26-67
 slug Test 100 ft Date 1-26-67
 test Rate 2-12-67
 hydraulic Conductivity 0.17 x 10⁻⁶ ft/sec
 other HD = 7.1
 Gnd. - 100' water head. = 38° F
 Tideling

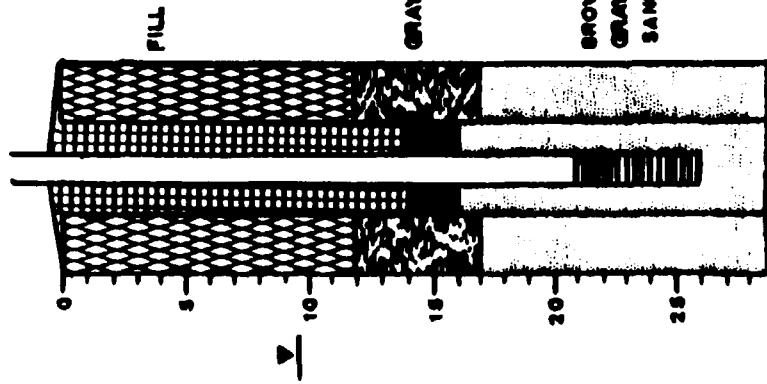
WELL QUALITY

samples taken	Test	No.
No. of samples	1 round	No
Type of sample	groundwater	
Comments	subsurface soil samples	
Control	subsurface soil samples	
Date sampled	1-22-67	
samples	1	
split samples	Test 2	No
split samples	Waterbury, Inc. Test Co.	
Comments	subsurface soil samples	
Control	subsurface soil samples	
Date sampled	1-22-67	
samples	1	
Comments	samples analyzed for Hg compounds	
Control	subsurface soil samples	

CER 051630

E0000588

Project Name Dead Creek
 Project No. EE-G112
 Date Prepared 3-12-87
 Prepared by FIA Naylor
 Depth (ft) EE-G112 Description



Boring/Well No. EE-G112 (TSPK well replaced)
 Location Site EE-G112
 Owner EPA
 Top of Bore Casting Elev. 107.87
 Drilling Pile Pos drilling
 Driller Jerry Hammon
 Start & Completion Dates 2/28/87 - 3/1/87
 Type of Rig Mobile B-61
 Method of Drilling 1 1/4" I.C.
Hollow stem augers

WELL DATA

hole diam. 6 in.
 boring depth 19.6 ft.
 Casing and screen diam. 2 in.
 screen interval 21 - 26 ft.
 screen type stainless steel 0.01" slot
 stretching 1.15 ft.
 well type monitoring
 well characteristics:
 filter pack 16 - 16 ft. Natural
 seal 16 - 16 ft.
 grout 14 ft. to surface
 LWD No. 2314

TEST DATA

static water elev. 107.86 date 1-12-87
 static water elev. 107.71 date 3-12-87
 slay test 106 - 1 date 3-12-87
 specific conductivity 1.4 ± 10 cm/sec
 Order pH = 7.6
Cond. = 1000 micro sec. = 10° T
Tolerable, slight odor

WATER QUALITY

Samples taken Two No. 1
 no. of samples 1 testing 1
 types of samples groundwater
 sample analyzed for total suspended solids
 date sampled 3-12-87
 sampler A No. 1
 samples analyzed for total suspended solids
 comments -

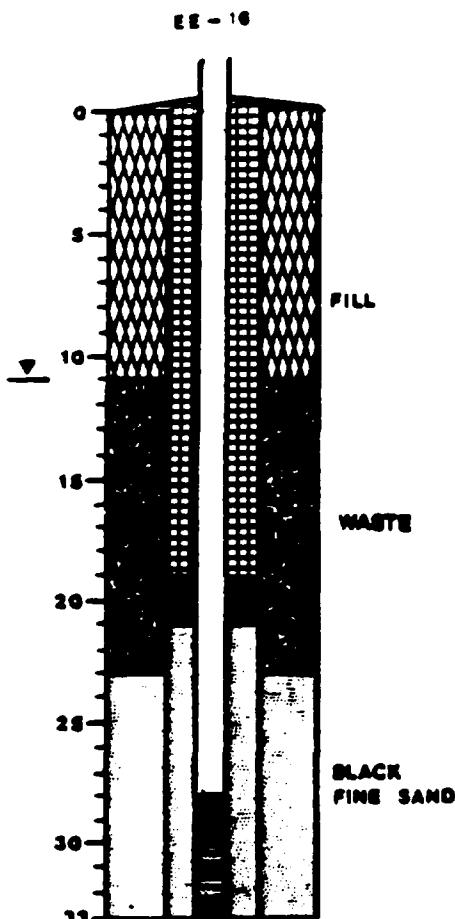
REMARKS

E0000589

CER 051631

Project Name Dead Creek
 Project No. IL 3148
 Date Prepared 1-4-87
 Prepared by Tim Maley

Depth (ft) Description



Boring/Well No. I-9/EG-16
 Location Site I
 Owner IEPA
 Top of Inner Casing Elev. 408.65
 Drilling Firm Pex drilling
 Driller Jerry Hammel
 Start & Completion Dates 1/4/87 - 1/6/87
 Type of Rig Mobile 8-61
 Method of Drilling 3 3/4" I.D.
hollow stem augers, Rotary

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 8 in.
 Boring Depth 33 ft.
 Casing and Screen Diam. 3 in.
 Screen Interval 20 - 33 ft.
 Screen Type stainless steel 0.31" slot
 Stickup 1.74 ft.
 Well Type monitoring
 Well Construction:
 Filter Pack 33 - 21 ft. Natural
 Soil 21 - 19 ft.
 Grout 19 ft. to surface
 Loc No. 1034

TEST DATA

Static Water Elev. 397.27 Date 1-26-87
 Static Water Elev. 398.56 Date 1-11-87
 Slug Test Yes No
 Test Date
 Hydraulic Conductivity
 Other pH = 7.2
Cond. = 1000 michos temp. = 58° F
Dark, cloudy, strong odor

WATER QUALITY

Samples Taken Yes No
 No. of Samples 1 round
 Types of Samples groundwater

Date Sampled 1-23-86
 Samplers E & E
 Samples Analyzed for MSL compounds

Split Samples Yes No
 Recipient Sverdrup, Inc. for Corro
Copper

Comments Subsurface soil samples
from boring 6.5 - 21.5 feet and
23.5 - 30' feet analyzed for MSL
compounds.

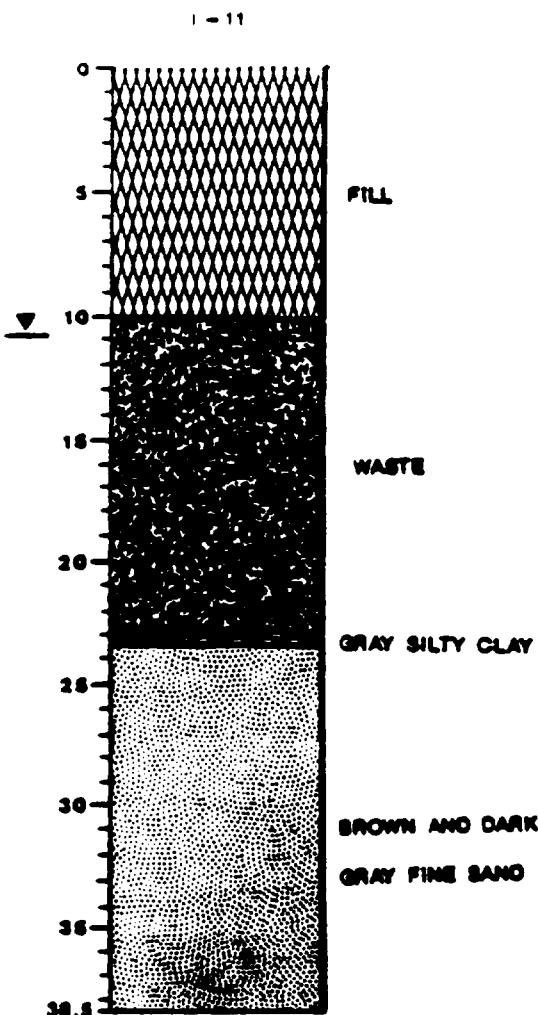
REFUGES

CER 051632

E000590

Project Name Dead Creek
Project No. IL 3140
Date Prepared 1-5-87
Prepared by Tim Raley

Depth (ft) Description



Boring/Well No. I-11
Location Site I
Owner EPA
Top of Inner Casing Elev. VA
Drilling Firm For drilling
Driller Jerry Hammon
Start & Completion Dates 1/5 & 1/5/87
Type of Rig Mobile B-61

Method of Drilling 1 3/4" I.D.
hollow stem augers - Rotary

WELL DATA

Hole Diam. 6 in.
Boring Depth 18.5 ft.
Casing and Screen Diam.
Screen Interval
Screen Type
Stickup
Well Type
Well Construction:
 Filter Pack
 Seal
 Grout
 Loc No.

TEST DATA

Static Water Elev. Date
Static Water Elev. Date
Slug Test Yes No
Test Date
Hydraulic Conductivity
Other

WATER QUALITY

Samples Taken Yes No X
No. of Samples
Types of Samples

Date Sampled
Samplers
Samples Analyzed for

Split Samples(soil) Yes No
Recipient Sverdrup, Inc. for Corro
Copper

Comments Subsurface soil samples
from boring 6 - 10' & 26 - 38.5'
analyzed for HSL compounds.

REMARKS

Ground elev. 403.88

CER 051634

E000592

Site Dead Creek Site-I

Boring/Well No. 1-11 cont

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

13.5 - 15	4-7-11	Same as above.
37 - 38.5	8-17-16	Same as above.
		E.O.B. @ 38.5'

CER 051635

E000593

E00565

CEA 051636

Sample Report Below comes from the Database

02-320 7700/21-1 00 7700/607300

3336 Dead Creek 5-0-1

site Dead Creek Site-3

Boring/Well No. J-1

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Black foundry SAND on surface.
1 - 2.5	4-4-8	FILL consisting of black-dark brown-rust colored medium grain SAND. Trace of crushed limestone and brick fragments.
3.5 - 5	2-5-6	Foundry sand FILL to 4'. Then: gray silty CLAY. Slightly settled. Trace of fine grain sand.
6 - 7.5	2-2-4	Same as above.
8.5 - 10	3-3-4	Same as above. Siltier @ 10'.
11 - 12.5	3-4-6	Light brown silty SAND. Becomes sandy SILT at 12'.
13.5 - 15	2-4-5	Brown sandy SILT. Wet.
16 - 17.5	3-5-6	Same as above.
18.5 - 20	2-2-3	Dark gray sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. Wet. E.G.S. @ 20'

CER 051637

E000595

EO00056

CER 051638

Sample Description	Specimen No.	Description
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-27	Black boundary sand and fine concentricating of black-dark gray sandy clay. Some boundary sand and carbonaceous laminae.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-5	Some boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-6	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-7	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-8	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-9	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-10	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-11	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-12	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-13	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-14	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-15	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-16	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-17	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-18	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-19	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-20	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-21	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-22	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-23	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-24	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-25	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-26	Black boundary sand.
Black boundary sand on surface.	3-3-27	Black boundary sand.

Bottom/Mill No. 2-2

Specimen Specimen No. 3-3-27

Site Dead Creek Site-J

Boring/Well No. J-1

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Foundry sand on surface.
1 - 2.5	4-5-8	FILL consisting of black-dark brown sandy CLAY. Trace of medium grain sand (foundry) and brick fragments.
3.5 - 5	6-9-14	Same as above. Auger refusal at 5'. Large obstruction encountered. Moved boring 6' north. Continue sampling.
6 - 7.5	2-2-3	FILL consisting of black-dark brown sandy CLAY. Trace of medium grain foundry sand and slag material. Loose and dry @ 10'.
8.5 - 10	3-3-3	Same as above.
11 - 12.5	2-2-1	Same as above. moist.
13.5 - 15	1-2-3	Same as above. wet.
16 - 17.5	1-2-0	Same as above. Fill discontinues @ approx. 18'.
18.5 - 20	2-5-7	Brown-gray medium grain SAND. wet.
23.5 - 25	4-7-10	Same as above. Increased coarse grain sand. E.O.B. @ 25'

CER 051639

E000597

E000598

CEA 051640

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ANSWER THIS Riddle & WIN

K-1 • Spring 2011

1-2315 10013 BEG 8316

Site Dead Creek Site-K

Boring/Well No. K-2

Sample Depth	Sieve Count	Description
1 - 2.5	10-11-29	FILL consisting of brown-gray-black sandy CLAY with crushed limestone gravel, and brick fragments. Moist.
3.5 - 5	3-4-5	Same as above.
6 - 7.5	1-2-2	Same as above. Silty and soft.
8.5 - 10	2-2-1	Same as above. Trace of medium grain sand and small gravel. Very moist.
11 - 12.5	3-3-4	Same as above. Trace of wood chips. Wet. Fill discontinues @ approx. 13'.
13.5 - 15	1-6-8	Firm dark gray-gray very fine grain SAND. Well rounded and well sorted. Black streaking @ 13 3/4" (-2"). Wet.
16 - 17.5	2-4-4	Same as above. Natural black staining.
18.5 - 20	10-11-14	Same as above. Cleaner. Wet. S.O.S. @ 20'

CER 051641

E000509

Site Dead Creek Site-K

Boring/Well No. K-3

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

1 - 2.5	5-7-12	FILL consisting of brown-black silty CLAY. Some small gravel and crushed limestone fragments.
3.5 - 5	6-7-9	FILL consisting of black sandy CLAY with small gravel, slag material, asphalt, and cinders.
6 - 7.5	1-1-1	FILL consisting of black clayey SAND. Trace of small gravel. Wet.
8.5 - 10	1-2-1	Same as above.
11 - 12.5	1-2-2	No recovery.
13.5 - 15	4-10-8	FILL consisting of soft black silty CLAY. Trace of fine to medium grain sand, small gravel, and limestone fragments. Wet. Fill discontinuous @ approx. 16.5'.
16 - 17.5	2-3-6	Gray sandy CLAY. Very moist.
18.5 - 20	1-3-4	Brown-gray fine grain SAND. wet. S.O.B. @ 20'

CER 051642

E000600

site Dead Creek Site-L

Boring/Well No. L-1

Sample Depth Blow Count Description

1 - 1.5	6-6-7	<u>0-2</u> FILL consisting of black sandy clay with asphalt, cinders, and gravel. Fill discontinues @ approx. 2'.
		<u>2-2.5</u> Brown silty CLAY. Some small gravel. Moist.
3.5 - 5	4-4-3	Brown clayey SILT. Little fine grain sand. Moist.
6 - 7.5	3-3-6	Same as above.
8.5 - 10	2-2-2	Same as above. Very moist.
11 - 12.5	2-1-1	Soft gray clayey SILT. Little fine grain sand. Wet.
13.5 - 15	1-1-1	Soft brownish-gray very silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain sand. Occasional thin seams of gray clayey silt. Moist.
16 - 17.5	WOR	Loose gray fine grain SAND. Wet.
18.5 - 20	3-3-7	Same as above. Wet. E.O.B. @ 20'

CER 051643

E000601

Site Dead Creek Site-L

Boring/Well No. L-2

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		<u>3-1</u> Fill on surface - black cinders.
1 - 2.5	4-12-60	FILL consisting of black silty CLAY. Trace of small gravel and concrete fragments. Moist.
3.5 - 5	8-5-7	FILL consisting of hard dark gray silty CLAY. Trace of small gravel, brick fragments, and wood chips.
6 - 7.5	2-4-6	FILL consisting of black-gray silty CLAY. Trace of small gravel and wood chips. Very moist. Stained black. Fill discontinues @ 8'.
8.5 - 10	2-2-3	Soft gray very sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. Very moist. Black staining throughout.
11 - 12.5	6-7-14	Same as above.
13.5 - 15	4-6-9	Loose black sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. Very moist.
16 - 17.5	2-2-3	Loose black fine grain SAND. Wet.
18.5 - 20	2-3-6	Same as above. Trace of silt. Wet. S.O.B. @ 20'.

CER 051644

E000602

Site Dead Creek Site-L

Boring/Well No. L-3

Sample Depth	Blow Count	Description
		<u>3-1</u> Black cinders FILL
1 - 2.5	6-7-9	FILL consisting of stiff brown-gray silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain sand, small gravel, and brick fragments. Moist.
3.5 - 5	5-5-6	FILL consisting of stiff gray silty CLAY. Little small gravel; trace of fine grain sand, large gravel, brick fragments, and wood chips. Moist. Fill apparently discontinuous @ approx. 6'.
6 - 7.5	2-2-3	<u>6-6.5</u> Loose dark gray SILT. Stained black. <u>6.5-7.5</u> Loose brownish gray very sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. Moist.
8.5 - 10	3-4-6	Firm, gray clayey SILT. Some brownish staining. Trace of fine grain sand. Moist. Mottled.
11 - 12.5	3-3-5	Firm black clayey SILT. Some clay. Little fine grain sand. Very moist.
13.5 - 15	3-3-5	Firm black-gray sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. Little clay. Moist.
16 - 17.5	2-5-10	<u>16-17</u> Same as above. Wet. <u>17-17.5</u> Black silty SAND. Wet.
18.5 - 20	1-2-4	Firm black fine grain SAND. Well sorted. Wet. E.O.B. @ 20'

CER 051645

E000603

Site Dead Creek Site-L

Boring/Well No. L-4/Well # EE-G109
IEPA Replacement Well.

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		<u>3-2'</u> FILL consisting of black asphalt and clay.
1 - 2.5	3-6-7	<u>from 2'</u> Brown sandy SILT. Moist.
3.5 - 5	3-3-4	Brown sandy SILT. Trace of medium grain sand.
6 - 7.5	3-4-4	<u>6.5-7</u> Brown silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain sand. <u>7-7.5</u> Gray fine grain SAND. Trace of silt and clay.
8.5 - 10	3-4-6	Brown-gray (mottled) clayey SILT. Trace of fine grain sand. Moist.
11 - 12.5	4-7-8	Gray sandy SILT. Wet.
13.5 - 15	6-11-13	Same as above. Trace of fine grain sand.
16 - 17.5	6-14-34	Stiff gray sandy SILT. Thin laminated black-gray layering.
18.5 - 20	6-13-15	Gray fine grain SAND. Wet.
21 - 22.5	9-12-17	Same as above.
23.5 - 25	7-14-18	Dark gray fine to coarse grain SAND. Some black staining. Wet. S.O.B. @ 25'

CER 051646

E000604

Site Dead Creek Site-N

Perig/poll No. 4-1

Sample Depth Below Count	Description
1 - 2.5	4-6-10 <u>2-2.5</u> FILL consisting of crushed limestone, gravel, and fine to coarse grain sand. Wet.
3.5 - 5	1-5-9 FILL discontinuous @ 3'. <u>1-5-4</u> Stiff gray very sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. wet. <u>4-5</u> Brown silty fine grain sand. wet.
6 - 7.5	2-4-3 <u>6-7</u> Loose gray very sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. Black and reddish staining throughout. Wet. <u>7-7.5</u> Loose brownish gray fine to medium grain sand. Some reddish staining. Wet.
8.5 - 10	2-4-7 Loose gray sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. Trace of organic material (weed, etc.). Stained black. Wet.
11 - 12.5	1-2-3 Loose brown very silty fine grain sand. Some silt. Black stained layer at 12' (-1') 1-3-3 same as above.
13.5 - 15	1-3-3
16 - 17.5	2-3-7 Pine gray silty fine grain sand. Trace of small to medium gravel. Wet.
18.5 - 20	2-3-7 Pine gray fine grain sand. wet. S.O.B. @ 20'.

CER 051647

E000605

Site Dead Creek Site-N

Boring/Well No. N-7

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		0-1 Crushed limestone fill
1 - 2.5	9-10-12	1-2 Crushed lime fill 2-2.5 FILL consisting of loose dark gray very sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. Trace of organic material (wood & roots).
3.5 - 5	N	No recovery - possible rubber tire
6 - 7.5	N	No recovery - possible concrete
8.5 - 10	47-6-2	FILL consisting of dark gray silty clay with concrete material and gravel. Fill discontinues @ approx. 10'.
11 - 12.5	6-10-9	Firm dark gray very sandy SILT. Some very fine grain sand. Trace of organic material (wood and roots). Black streaks. Wet.
13.5 - 15	3-4-4	Firm gray fine to medium grain SAND. Trace of small to medium gravel. Wet. Sand is rounded to sub angular and fairly well to poorly sorted.
16 - 17.5	7-11-12	Gray fine to medium grain SAND. Trace of small gravel. Wet.
18.5 - 20	8-12-14	Dense brown fine to medium grain SAND. Well sorted. Wet.
21 - 22.5	9-13-15	Same as above.
23.5 - 25	9-11-15	Dense gray fine to medium SAND. Trace of coarse grain sand and small gravel. Wet.
26 - 27.5	8-12-13	Dense gray fine to coarse grain SAND. Trace of small gravel. Wet.
28.5 - 30	9-14-23	Same as above.
31 - 32.5	7-9-11	Dense gray very fine grain SAND. Wet.
33.5 - 35	6-6-10	Same as above. Darker gray.
36 - 37.5	12-17-23	Very dense. Gray fine to coarse grain SAND. Wet.
38.5 - 40	8-9-12	Same as above.
		S.O.B. @ 40'

CER 051648

E000606

Sample Depth Below Ground	Description
	Grossly field on surface
1 - 2.5	4-3-4 Brown silty CLAY. Trace of very fine grain sand. Dry.
1.5 - 3	1-2-2 Same as above.
6 - 7.5	1-1-1 Same as above.
8.5 - 10	3-3-6 Brown fine grain SAND. Trace of silt. Dry.
11 - 12.5	5-5-6 Same as above. Trace of medium grain sand. moist.
13.5 - 15	1-3-3 Brown medium grain SAND. Trace of coarse grain sand. wet. This gray silty clay layer at 14' (2")
16 - 17.5	1-3-4 Gray fine grain SAND. wet. Trace of this gray silty clay layers at 16.5' (1")
18.5 - 20	1-3-5 Gray medium grain SAND. Trace of coarse grain sand and small to large gravel. wet.
21 - 22.5	7-7-6 Same as above.
22.5 - 25	4-5-7 Same as above.
28.5 - 30	5-3-3 Same as above.
	E.O.B. @ 30'

CER 051649

E000607

Site Dead Creek Site-O

Boring/Well No. O-1/Well 888-22

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Well vegetated clay cap.
1 - 2.5	2-4-8	FILL consisting of brown silty CLAY. Trace of very fine grain sand.
3.5 - 5	3-5-6	Same as above.
6 - 7.5	2-2-2	Soft black silty CLAY. Black sponge-like substance @ 7.5' (.5')
		Fill discontinuous @ approx. 8'.
8.5 - 10	3-5-7	Brown sandy SILT. Trace of fine grain sand. Dry.
11 - 12.5	3-5-7	Brown fine grain SAND. Dry.
13.5 - 15	1-1-1	Soft brown-gray silty CLAY. Trace of very fine grain sand. Moist.
16 - 17.5	3-6-6	Brown very fine grain SAND. DRY.
18.5 - 20	2-3-3	Brown-gray silty CLAY: mottled. Trace of very fine grain sand. Moist.
21 - 22.5	1-1-8	Gray fine grain SAND. Wet.
23.5 - 25	7-19-25	Same as above.
26 - 27.5	6-9-29	Same as above.
28.5 - 30	5-10-11	Same as above.
33.5 - 35	6-6-12	Same as above: oily sheen @ 34' E.O.B. @ 35'

CER 051650

E000608

Site Dead Creek Site-O

Boring/Well No. O-3

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Well vegetated clay cap.
1 - 2	9-9-7	FILL consisting of dense brown silty CLAY. Trace of very fine grain sand.
3.5 - 5	2-1-2	Same as above.
6 - 7.5	1-2-2	Same to 6.5' 6.5-8' Black sponge-like substance. Sludge. Fill discontinues @ approx. 8'.
8.5 - 10	1-6-7	Brown very fine grain SAND. Trace of silt. Dry.
11 - 12.5	3-2-3	Same as above.
13.5 - 15	3-2-3	Brown silty CLAY. Trace of very fine grain sand. Slightly mottled. Moist.
16 - 17.5	3-3-8	Brown silty very fine grain SAND. Dry.
18.5 - 20	7-7-7	Brown very fine grain SAND. Wet @ 20'. S.O.S. @ 20'

CER 051651

E000609

Site Dead Creek Site-D

Boring/Well No. 5-4

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Well vegetated clay cap.
1 - 2.5	1-3-2	FILL consisting of dense brown silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain sand.
3.5 - 5	6-3-4	Same as above to 4'. <u>4-5.5'</u> Black clay-like sludge.
6 - 7.5	1-3-4	Dark greenish-gray very fine grain SAND. Trace of silt. Dry.
8.5 - 10	4-6-8	Dark brown very fine grain SAND. Trace of clay and silt in thin layers.
11 - 12.5	4-4-8	Light brown fine to medium grain SAND. Dry.
13.5 - 15	3-4-8	Brown very fine grain SAND. Trace of silt. Dry.
16 - 17.5	1-3-4	Brown-gray silty CLAY. Trace of very fine grain sand. Dry. soft black silty clay layer @ 17 1/4' (-2")
18.5 - 20	6-6-7	Gray very fine grain SAND. Trace of silt and medium grain sand. Wet @ 20'.
		E.O.B. @ 20'

CER 051652

E000610

site Dead Creek Site-C

Boring/Well No. 3-3

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Well Vegetated clay cap.
1 - 2.5	1-2-2	FILL consisting of soft brown silty CLAY.
3.5 - 5	1-1-1	Same as above. Fill discontinues @ approx. 5.5'.
6 - 7.5	4-4-4	Brown very fine grain SAND. Some silt. Dry.
8.5 - 10	2-3-7	Brown fine grain SAND.
11 - 12.5	3-4-1	Same as above.
13.5 - 15	2-3-4	Brown-gray silty CLAY. Some interbedding of silty very fine grain sand. Dry.
16 - 17.5	2-2-2	Gray very fine grain SAND. Trace of silt. moist @ 17'.
18.5 - 20	3-6-8	Same as above. Wet.
		E.O.B. @ 30'

CER 051653

E000611

EO00612

CER 051654

1 - 2.5	1-2-1	same very fine grain sand, trace of silt, dry.	1-5 - 9	1-2-1	same as above.	9-5 - 9	1-2-1	same as above, increased amount of silt.	9 - 9.5	1-2-2	same as above, yellow-green clay layer @ 8.5-9.5'.	10 - 12.5	1-2-3	same grain silt clay.	12 - 13.5	1-2-3	same very fine grain sand, trace of very fine grain sand, note.	13-14.5	2-6-10	second very fine grain sand, trace of silty clay layer @ 13/4'.	14-15.5	2-6-10	second very fine grain sand, trace of silt, note, two thin grey silts.	15-16.5	4-6-16	heavy clay to medium grain sand, trace of small gravel, note.	17-18.5	4-6-16	same as above.	18-19.5	4-6-10	same as above.	19-20.5	4-6-9	same as above.	20-21.5	4-6-11	same as above.	21-22.5	4-6-8	second medium grain sand, trace of coarse grain sand and small gravel, note.	22-23.5	23-24.5	same as above.	24-25.5	25-26.5	same as above, trace of small gravel, note.
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sample depth below surface

descriptions

EO0063

CER 051655

2.0.9 - 30	70	grey modtan grey tan sand. mott.	8.0.9 - 30
2.0 - 27.5	6-3-9	same as above.	2.0 - 27.5
23.5 - 23	12-13-23	brown modtan grey tan sand. trace of clay & silt. trace of coarse sand and	23.5 - 23
22 - 22.5	3-4-13	brown very fine grey tan sand. mott.	22 - 22.5
20.5 - 20	3-2-3	same as above.	20.5 - 20
16 - 17.5	7-8-13	brown modtan grey tan sand. trace of coarse grey tan sand and small to medium	16 - 17.5
15.5 - 15	6-7-9	grey very fine grey tan sand. very mott.	15.5 - 15
12 - 12.5	8-2-0	brown-silky clay. slightly mottled. trace of fine grey tan sand. mott.	12 - 12.5
8.5 - 10	6-7-7	brown fine to medium grey tan sand. dry.	8.5 - 10
6 - 7.5	4-4-4	grey very fine grey tan sand. some silt. dry.	6 - 7.5
3.5 - 5	11-6-9	brownish-grey fine grey tan sand. trace of silt. dry.	3.5 - 5
1 - 2.5	23-23-23	pink concretions of black silty clay. some crushed limestone. gravel.	1 - 2.5
MUD VOGUEZED CLAY CAP.			

Sample Depth Below Ground

Descripton

Site Dead Creek Site-0

Boring/Well No. C-8/Well 988-25

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Crushed limestone surface. • Straight drill to 23.5 Approximate stratigraphy based on auger cuttings. <u>0.5'-1.0'</u> Black silty CLAY. Fill. <u>1.0-20+</u> ' Brown fine grain SAND. Trace of silt. Water level while drilling "19'.
23.5 - 25	11-16-15	Brown fine to medium grain SAND. Wet.
26.5 - 30	9-17-17	Brown-gray fine to medium SAND. Wet.
33.5 - 35	5-6-13	Brown medium grain SAND. Trace of coarse grain sand and small to medium gravel. E.O.B. @ 35'

CER 051656

E000614

Site Dead Creek Site-0

Boring/Well No. 0-9

Sample Depth	Blow Count	Description
	Hand auger	<u>3-1</u> Red-brown silty CLAY (fill-cap material).
1 - 2.5	Hand auger	FILL consisting of red-brown settled silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain sand and roots. Moist.
3.5 - 5	Hand auger	<u>3.5-4'</u> FILL consisting of grayish-brown silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain SAND. Trace of black hardened material throughout. Fill discontinues @ 4'.
		<u>4-5'</u> Brownish-gray very silty fine grain SAND. Some silt. Moist.
6 - 7.5	Hand auger	Loose grayish-brown very silty fine grain SAND. Thin reddish or black-gray staining in horizontal layers.
8.5 - 10	Hand auger	Pirm grayish-brown very silty fine grain SAND. Similar stain as seen in sample above. Very moist. Oily sheen.
11 - 12.5	Hand auger	grayish-brown sandy silty CLAY. Some silt. Little fine grain sand. Oily sheen in very moist layers.
13.5 - 15	Hand auger	Brown very sandy SILT. Some fine grain sand. 3" fine grain sand layer @ 14.5' stained red-orange. Black-gray stained layers throughout.
16 - 17.5	Hand auger	Brown very silty fine grain SAND. Wet.
18.5 - 20	Hand - auger	Same as above. Oily sheen in water. E.G.B. @ 20'

CER 051657

E000615

Site Dead Creek Site-D

Boring/Well No. 3-13

Sample Depth Sieve Count

Description

0 - 1	Hand auger	FILL consisting of red-brown sandy silty CLAY.
1 - 3.5	Hand auger	FILL consisting of black cinder-like material. Dry.
3.5 - 5	Hand auger	FILL consisting of black cinders. Dry.
5 - 7	Hand auger	FILL consisting of black to greenish-black sludge-like material and soft silty clay. Wet. Fill discontinues @ 7'.
7 - 8.5	Hand auger	Greenish-gray fine grain SAND. Black staining throughout. Wet.
8.5 - 10	Hand auger	Greenish-gray very sandy SILT. Black staining. Very moist.
10 - 14	Hand auger	Light brown fine to medium grain SAND. Moist. No apparent staining. E.O.B. @ 14'

CER 051658

E000616

Site Dead Creek Site-9

Boring/Well No. P-1

Sample Depth	Blow Count	Description
		Crushed limestone on surface.
1 - 2.5	4-3-3	FILL consisting of black sandy CLAY with crushed limestone, slag gravel, coal, and cinders.
3.5 - 5	4-3-3	Same as above.
6 - 7.5	9-7-25/3	FILL consisting of various debris including paper and plastic products, slag gravel, asphalt, and silty clay. Large obstruction encountered @ 7.5'.
8.5 - 10	6-12-10	FILL consisting of brown silty CLAY with various debris including paper products, small gravel, and fine to coarse grain sand. Wet.
11 - 12.5	6-17-3	Same as above.
		FILL discontinuous @ 13.5'
13.5 - 15	3-6-7	Dark brown-dark gray silty CLAY. Slightly settled. Trace of very fine grain sand. Dry.
16 - 17.5	2-4-6	Same as above to 17'. 4" layer of gray fine grain sand @ 17-17 1/3". Dry. Then dark gray SILT. Trace of very fine grain sand. Dry.
18.5 - 20	3-9-6	Dark gray very fine grain SAND. Trace of silt. 2" gray silty clay layer @ 19'. Then light gray fine to medium grain SAND. Dry.
21 - 22.5	6-10-12	Brown medium grain SAND. Trace of coarse grain sand and small gravel. Dry.
23.5 - 25	6-13-12	Same as above.
26.5 - 30	2-3-7	Same as above.
33.5 - 35	3-3-10	Same as above. Wet. E.O.B. @ 35'.

CER 051659

E000617

Site Dead Creek Site-9

Boring/Mall No. P-2

Sample Depth Below Surface	Description
1 - 2.5	Crushed limestone on surface.
2.5 - 4.0	PILL consisting of black-brown sandy clay with various debris including paper and plastic products, wood chips, silt, small gravel, fine to coarse grain sand, and brick fragments. Dry.
4.0 - 5.5	Same as above.
5.5 - 7.0	Same as above.
7.0 - 8.5	Same as above.
8.5 - 10.0	Same as above.
10.0 - 11.5	Same as above.
11.5 - 13.0	Same as above.
13.0 - 14.5	Same as above.
14.5 - 16.0	Same as above. Resist.
16.0 - 17.5	4-5-14 same as above. Resist.
17.5 - 19.0	6-6-8 same as above.
19.0 - 20.5	6 - 50/3 same as above. Spore refusal.
20.5 - 22.0	Same as above. Poor recovery.
22.0 - 23.5	10-6-28
23.5 - 25.0	No recovery. Probably same as above.
25.0 - 27.5	PILL apparently discontinuous @ 23'.
27.5 - 30.0	Dark gray fine to medium grain sand. Resist.
30.0 - 35.0	Brown medium grain sand. Wet.
35.0 - 40.0	Dark brown fine to medium sand. Wet.
40.0 - 45.0	8.0.8. @ 40'.

CER 051660

E000618

S120 Dated Crowth 31/2-1

Beringsfall No. p-1

Description	Sample Depth Below Count	Black cinder fill on surface.
1 - 2.5	7-9-12	PILL consisting of black and brown sandy clay with material including paper products, wood chips, cinders, crushed limestone, an off-white crystalline fine to coarse grain sand. DRY.
3.5 - 5	3-3-10/6	PILL - same as above.
6 - 7.5	3-3-6	PILL - same as above.
8.5 - 10	6-18-13	PILL - same as above.
11 - 12.5	12-12-13	PILL - poor recovery. Strong black bell (nephrite).
13.5 - 15	5-7-13	No recovery.
16 - 17.5	6-17-17	PILL - same as above.
18.5 - 20	5-7-9	PILL discontinuous & appears. 16.5'.
21 - 22.5	4-4-9	Gray silty very fine grain sand. DRY.
23.5 - 25	3-3-5	Same as above. Wet.
26 - 27.5	4-10-8	Same as above. Wet.
28.5 - 30	5-8-11	Same as above. Wet.
31.5 - 33	5-9-10	5-9-9. 9-10'.

051661

FOO0649

Site Dead Creek Site-P

Boring/Well No. P-4

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Fill material on surface.
1 - 2.5	3-3-3	FILL consisting of dark brown-black silty clay; some crushed limestone, small gravel, and fine to medium grain sand.
3.5 - 5	4-9-8	FILL - same as above with more debris material including paper products and wood chips.
6 - 7.5	3-4-6	FILL - same as above.
8.5 - 10	3-7-22	FILL - same as above.
11 - 12.5	6-7-7	FILL - poor recovery.
13.5 - 15	2-9-5	No recovery.
16 - 17.5	7-14-19	FILL consisting of brown silty CLAY. Some medium-coarse grain sand and small gravel. Trace of a pale yellow solid (hard and brittle) substance. DRY.
18.5 - 20	2-10-2	FILL - same as above. Trace of paper products and wood chips.
21 - 22.5	13-27-17	FILL - same as above with additional debris including asphalt, slag, crushed limestone, wire, and gravel.
23.5 - 25	4-6-8	FILL - same as above. Fill discontinues at approx. 26'.
26 - 27.5	3-4-4	Brown fine grain SAND. Trace of silt. moist.
28.5 - 30	3-10-10	Same as above. Wet.
31 - 32.5	3-6-10	Brown fine to medium grain SAND. Wet.
33.5 - 35	3-10-13	Same as above. Trace of coarse grain sand. Wet. E.O.B. @ 35'

CER 051662

E000620

Site Dead Creek Site-P

Boring/Well No. P-5

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Grass field area on surface.
1 - 2.5	4-9-7	FILL consisting of loose brown-black silty clay with crushed limestone, brick fragments, sand, and small gravel. Dry.
3.5 - 5	4-3-4	FILL - same as above with slag and cinder material.
6 - 7.5	1-2-1	FILL - same as above.
8.5 - 10	1-1-2	FILL consisting of brown-red silty clay. Mottled. Some medium grain sand and small gravel.
11 - 12.5	2-2-2	FILL consisting of brown silty CLAY.
13.5 - 15	1-1-2	FILL - same as above.
16 - 17.5	1-1-1	FILL consisting of brown silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain sand. Wetst.
18.5 - 20	1-1-4	FILL - same as above. Trace of small gravel and asphalt.
21 - 22.5	1-2-3	FILL - same as above. Mottled.
		Fill discontinuous @ approx. 23'.
23.5 - 25	2-4-7	Light brown fine to medium SAND. Dry.
26 - 27.5	2-4-6	Light brown fine to medium grain SAND. Trace of silt. Dry.
28.5 - 30	2-4-5	Brown fine grain SAND. Wet.
31 - 32.5	6-7-6	Same as above. Trace of coarse grain sand. Wet.
33.5 - 35	7-13-13	Same as above. Trace of coarse grain sand and small gravel. Wet.
		E.O.B. @ 35'

CER 051663

E000621

Site Dead Creek Site-Q

Boring/Well No. 9-1/Well 822-06

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Black cinder fill on surface
1 - 2.5	9-20-22	FILL consisting of black-gray silty clay with asphalt, cinders, sand, and gravel. Dry.
3.5 - 5	8-15-12	FILL - same as above.
6 - 7.5	9-9-3	FILL - same as above. Some wood chips.
8.5 - 10	3-6-2	FILL - same as above. With increased amount of debris including traces of rope, paper products, wood chips, and black stained sand.
11 - 12.5	1-3-13	FILL - same as above.
13.5 - 15	4-3-2	FILL - same as above. Fill discontinues @ approx. 14' then dark gray silty CLAY. Moist.
16 - 17.5	3-3-7	Gray silty CLAY. Moist.
18.5 - 20	2-4-4	Gray sandy SILT. Trace of very fine grain sand. Dry.
21 - 22.5	9-9-9	Same as above.
23.5 - 25	1-2-2	Dark gray very fine grain SAND. Some silt. Wet.
26 - 27.5	3-7-11	Light gray fine grain SAND. Trace of silt.
28.5 - 30	5-6-6	Gray SILT. Trace of very fine sand. Wet
31 - 32.5	3-8-11	Same as above. More fine grain sand. Wet.
33.5 - 35	1-3-6	Same as above.
		E.G.B. @ 35'

CER 051664

E000622

Site Dead Creek Site-Q

Boring/Well No. Q-1, Well #E-E-07

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Black sandy CLAY with gravel and cinders. Fill on surface.
3.5 - 9	NA	FILL - spoon refusal (possible rubber tire)
8.5 - 10	NA	No recovery.
13.5 - 19	33-10-8	FILL - poor recovery. Appears to be various debris including paper products. Fill discontinues @ approx. 17'.
18.5 - 20	5-8-13	Gray silty CLAY. Trace of very fine grain sand. Dry.
23.5 - 25	3-4-3	Gray silt. Trace of very fine grain sand. Moist.
28.5 - 30	5-10-13	Gray fine grain SAND. Moist.
33.5 - 35	6-6-13	Gray fine to medium grain SAND. Wet.
36 - 37.5	-	Same as above. S.O.B. @ 38'

CER 051665

E000623

Site Dead Creek Site-Q

Boring/Well No. 3-3/Well 100-28

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Brown-black-gray silty clay FILL on surface.
3.5 - 9	1-1-2	FILL consisting of black SILT. Trace of fine grain sand and black cinders. Thinly laminated and crumbly.
8.5 - 10	1-0-1	Same as above. Moist at 9'.
13.5 - 15	1-0-0	Same as above. Wet. Fill apparently discontinues @ approx. 17'.
18.5 - 20	2-3-4	Dark gray silty CLAY. Dry.
23.5 - 25	2-3-7	Same as above. Some softness. Moist at 25'.
28.5 - 30	2-2-4	Same as above.
33.5 - 35	3-6-13	Gray fine to medium grain SAND. Wet.
38.5 - 40	8-20-30	Same as above.
		E.O.B. @ 40'

CER 051666

E000624

site Dead Creek site-d

Boring/Mill No. 3-4/Mill 1EE-09

Sample Depth Below Ground	Description
3.5 - 5	6-7-1 No recovery - PILL
8.5 - 10	7-17-12 PILL consisting of brown-black silty clay with some silt gravel, brick fragments, and broken glass.
13.5 - 15	1-0-1 PILL - same as above. Mostly black clinders, silt gravel, sand, and silt. Fill discontinuous & approx. 16'.
18.5 - 20	9-14-17 gray to dark gray fine to medium grain SAND. moist.
23.5 - 25	1-2-9 same as above. Wet.
28.5 - 30	2-3-12 same as above.
	E.O.D. @ 33'.

CER 051667

E000625

E00062

CER 051668

0.9 - 10	2-4-2	SAME AS ABOVE.	3.9 - 9	3-37-7	PILL consisting of black clay sand with some black chippings, and clay to cause certain sand. (A) 100.
13.9 - 19	NA	NO RECOVERY.	13.9 - 19	NA	NO RECOVERY - (TLL APPARENTLY DISCONTINUED @ 22).
23.9 - 29	NA	NO RECOVERY.	23.9 - 29	4-4-4	DEAD CLAY TO MAKE UP GROUT SAND. (A)
28.9 - 39	NA	NO RECOVERY.	28.9 - 39	22-20-22	SAME AS ABOVE.
38.9 - 49	NA	NO RECOVERY.	38.9 - 49	8.0.8. 0 35	8.0.8. 0 35

Degassing

Samples taken slow counts

Bottling/Mill No. 3-5/Mill 00-10-10

State Dead Creek State-9

Site Dead Creek Site-Q

Boring/Well No. Q-6/Well 1EE-17

Sample Depth	Blow Count	Description
		Well vegetated fill on surface.
1 - 2.5	5-6-6	FILL consists of brown silty CLAY. Trace of fine grain sand.
3.5 - 5	1-3-5	FILL consisting of dark brown silty CLAY and brown fine grain sand. Layered. Dry.
6 - 7.5	12-20-22	FILL consisting of brown very fine grain SAND. Some silt. Dry.
8.5 - 10	13-20-40	FILL consisting of brown silty clay and fine grain sand. Trace of coarse grain sand and brick fragments.
11 - 12.5	6-9-5	FILL consisting of brown medium to coarse grain SAND. Trace of small to large gravel and crushed limestone. Dry. Fill discontinuous @ 14'.
13.5 - 15	4-4-5	Brown SILT. Trace of very fine grain sand. Dry.
18.5 - 20	4-4-7	Light brown fine grain SAND. Dry.
23.5 - 25	9-18-20	Same as above.
28.5 - 30	10-15-19	Light brown medium grain SAND. Trace of coarse grain sand and small gravel. Wet @ 30'.
33.5 - 35	11-14-20	Same as above.
38.5 - 40	12-14-16	Same as above. S.O.S. @ 43'.

CER 051669

E000627

Site Dead Creek Site-Q

Boring/Well No. Q-7/Well 888-18

Sample Depth Blow Count

Description

		Black cinder fill on surface. straight drill to 20'. Stratigraphy sequence based on sugar cuttings. 0-18' TILL consisting of black clayey SAND with some black cinders, slag material, plastic and paper products, and wood chips.
10.5 - 20	10-17-24	Dark brown - dark gray SILT. Trace of very fine grain sand. moist. Rust color and oil-like staining. Laminated.
23.5 - 25	4-4-5	Same as above.
28.5 - 30	3-9-8	Brown fine to medium grain SAND. Wet.
33.5 - 35	4-6-10	Same as above.
38.5 - 40	3-5-10	Becomes gray. Same as above. Trace of coarse grain sand. E.O.B. @ 43.5'.

CER 051670

E000628

Site Dead Creek Site-Q

Boring/Well No. Q-8/Well 188-19

Sample Depth Bore Count

Description

		Spent coal coke in piles on surface. Straight drill to 30'. Stratigraphy sequence based on auger cuttings. <u>0-20</u> FILL consisting of black cinders, slag gravel, and fine to coarse grain sand. Dry. Fill probably discontinuous & approx. 20'.
20.5 - 30	8-12-19	<u>20-20.5</u> Brown-gray SILT. Trace of clay. Gray very fine grain SAND. Trace of silt.
33.5 - 35	8-13-18	Same as above. Trace of coarse grain sand.
38.5 - 40	7-10-14	Same as above. S.O.B. @ 43'.

CER 051671

E000629

APPENDIX C

**AIR SAMPLING FLOW VOLUME CALCULATIONS
AND CALIBRATION DATA**

CER 051672

E000630

**High Volume Sampler
Calibration Data**

CER 051673

E000631

**CALIBRATOR
ORIFICE
for
HIGH VOLUME AIR SAMPLER**

**CERTIFICATE
of
CALIBRATION**

SERIAL NO. 45-C



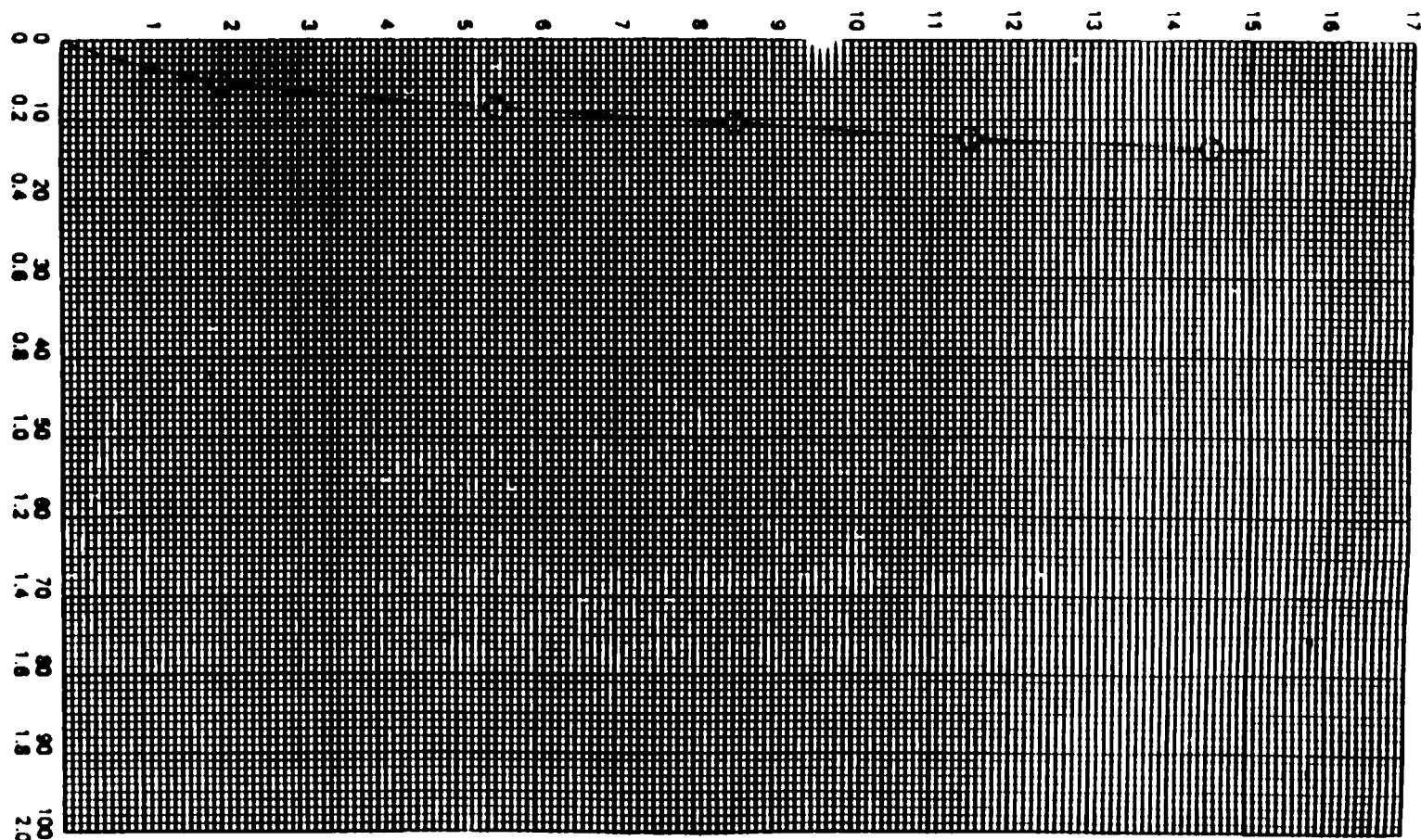
GENERAL METAL WORKS INC.

100 BRICKTOWN ROAD / VILLAGE OF CLEVES, OHIO 45032 / TEL. 513-647-2220

CER 051674

E000632

CALIBRATOR ORIFICE STATIC PRESSURE
 ΔH - in. of H_2O (6)



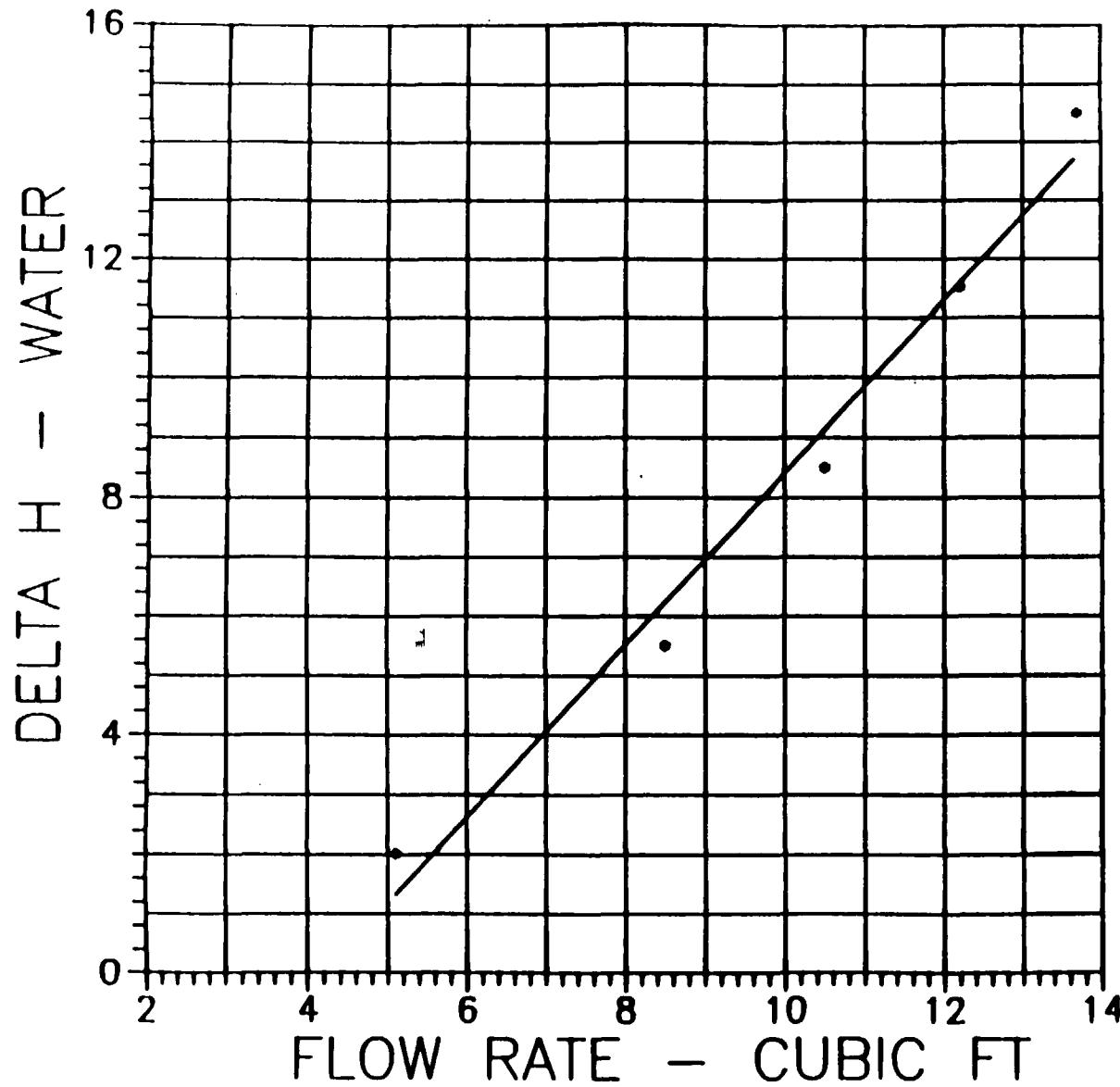
Q_{STO} - cfm (7) or Q_{STO} - M³/min. (8)
FLOW RATE

CER 051675

THIS PLOT IS IN (check one)
cfm _____
M³/min. _____
They are NOT EQUIVALENT

E000633

STANDARD ORIFICE GRAPH



CER 051676

E000634

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. J. Young Date: 7/15/67
 Site Address: DEAN CREEK - SITE G
 PS-1 Shelter No.: E1-1 Station Pressure: 30.02
 GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

Magnetheric Gauge Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O)	OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
<u>70</u>	<u>3.7/3.6</u>	—	<u>64°F</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>3.2/3.1</u>	—	+
<u>50</u>	<u>2.8/2.7</u>	—	+
<u>40</u>	<u>2.3/2.2</u>	—	✓
<u>30</u>	<u>1.7/1.6</u>	—	—
—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—

Comments: wind screen - 0 mph
direction 220° (sw)
RH = 72%

CER 051677

B-6

E000635

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. CENTRE Date: 7/15/77
 Site Address: NEON CREEK - 3174G
 PS-1 Shelter No.: 14-3 Station Pressure: 30.01
 GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45C

Magnehelic Gauge Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O)	OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
<u>70</u>	<u>38/3.6</u>	<u> </u>	<u>64 °F</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>34/3.2</u>	<u> </u>	<u>"</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>29/2.7</u>	<u> </u>	<u>"</u>
<u>40</u>	<u>24/2.3</u>	<u> </u>	<u>"</u>
<u>30</u>	<u>18/1.7</u>	<u> </u>	<u>"</u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Comments: wind speeds 2 mph
inversion 220' (sec)

CER 051678

B-6

E000636

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: D. SWARZ Date: 7/15/77
 Site Address: NEAR CREEK SUR G
 PS-1 Shelter No.: SL-3 Station Pressure: 30.02
 GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

Magnehelic Gauge Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O)	OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
<u>70</u>	<u>3.6 / 3.7</u>	_____	<u>64 °F</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>3.4 / 3.2</u>	_____	"
<u>50</u>	<u>2.9 / 2.8</u>	_____	"
<u>40</u>	<u>2.4 / 2.3</u>	_____	"
<u>30</u>	<u>1.9 / 1.7</u>	_____	"
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Comments: WIND SPEEDS 8 MPH
AIRTEMP 220° (SW)

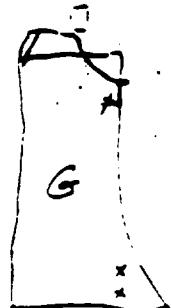
CER 051679

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. R. Wall Date: 7/12/77
 Site Address: AGAN CREEK - SITE G
 PS-1 Shelter No.: PC-4 Station Pressure: 70.02
 GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

Magnetheric Gauge Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O) -	OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
<u>70</u>	<u>3.7 / 3.7</u>	<u> </u>	<u>64 °F</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>3.3 / 3.3</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>50</u>	<u>2.8 / 2.8</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>40</u>	<u>2.3 / 2.4</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>30</u>	<u>1.8 / 1.8</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Comments: Wind screen 8' over
water level 220° (sw)



CER 051680

B-6

E000608

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. C. Hall Date: 7/15/67
 Site Address: NEAR SANTA FE, NM
 PS-1 Shelter No.: E1-C Station Pressure: 20.02
 GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45c

Magnahelic Gauge Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O)	OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
<u>70</u>	<u>2.7/3.6</u>	<u> </u>	<u>64°F</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>3.3/3.2</u>	<u> </u>	<u>"</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>3.9/2.9</u>	<u> </u>	<u>"</u>
<u>40</u>	<u>2.4/2.3</u>	<u> </u>	<u>"</u>
<u>30</u>	<u>1.8/1.9</u>	<u> </u>	<u>"</u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Comments: Wind speeds = 0 mph
maximum 220° (sw)

CER 051681

E000639

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. G. W. H. Date: 7/5/77Site Address: ACM CRACK SITE 6PS-1 Shelter No.: EE6 Station Pressure: 30.02GMW Model 40° OCU No.: 45-C

Magnehelic Gauge Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O)	OCU Flow Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
<u>68</u>	<u>3.7/3.6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>64%</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>3.5/3.4</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>"</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>3.0/2.9</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>"</u>
<u>40</u>	<u>2.4/2.4</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>"</u>
<u>30</u>	<u>1.9/1.8</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>"</u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Comments: WIND COLD SWAY
WIND COLD 220° (SW.)

CER 051682

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

WIND 210° 2-10-

Name: A. C. WOOD Date: 7/20/77
 Site Address: AGAWA CREEK - 210 S/R
 PS-1 Shelter No.: E1-1 Station Pressure: 30.21
 GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

Magnehelic Gauge Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O)	OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
<u>68</u>	<u>1.05</u> 35/3.4	<u> </u>	<u>89°F</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>3.2/3.1</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>50</u>	<u>2.7/2.6</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>40</u>	<u>2.2/2.1</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>30</u>	<u>1.6/1.6</u>	<u> </u>	<u>V</u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Comments: _____

CER 051683

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. Schaeffer Date: 7/22/77Site Address: CAN CREEK - SITE 3/RPS-1 Shelter No.: EG-2 Station Pressure: 20.2GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

<u>Magnehelic Gauge Reading</u>	<u>Manometer Reading (in. H₂O)</u>	<u>OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)</u>	<u>Temp. (°C)</u>
<u>58</u>	<u>3.2/2.2</u>	<u> </u>	<u>89°F</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>2.8/2.8</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>40</u>	<u>2.4/2.3</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>30</u>	<u>1.8/1.9</u>	<u> </u>	<u>↓</u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Comments: _____

CER 051684

B-6

E000612

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: 4 264466 Date: 7/20/27
Site Address: CEDAR CREEK - SUR G/R
PS-1 Shelter No.: E1-2 Station Pressure: 30.21
GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

<u>Magnehelic Gauge Reading</u>	<u>Manometer Reading (in. H₂O)</u>	<u>OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)</u>	<u>Temp. (°C)</u>
<u>42</u>	<u>23/3.3</u>	<u> </u>	<u>89 °F</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>22/3.2</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>50</u>	<u>22/3.7</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>40</u>	<u>22/3.2</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>30</u>	<u>17/1.7</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Comments: _____

CER 051685

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. J. SAWYER Date: 7/20/82Site Address: LEAVEN CREEK - SITE 2 IRPS-1 Shelter No.: 65-4 Station Pressure: 30.31GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

Magnahelic Gauge-Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O)	OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
58			87 °F
50	2.3/3.1		1
50	2.9/2.7		
40	2.1/2.3		
30	1.9/1.5		V

Comments: _____

CER 051686

B-6

E0006:4

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. NEWALL Date: 7/20/77
 Site Address: CROSS CREEK - SITE 2/R
 PS-1 Shelter No.: PS-1 Station Pressure: 30.21
 GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

<u>Magnehelic Gauge Reading</u>	<u>Manometer Reading (in. H₂O)</u>	<u>OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)</u>	<u>Temp. (°C)</u>
<u>67</u>	<u>3.6/3.5</u>	_____	<u>59°</u>
<u>62</u>	<u>3.3/3.2</u>	_____	<u>+</u>
<u>59</u>	<u>2.9/2.7</u>	_____	<u>+</u>
<u>55</u>	<u>2.4/2.2</u>	_____	<u>+</u>
<u>35</u>	<u>1.8/1.8</u>	_____	<u>V</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Comments: _____

CER 051687

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: L. SWARZ Date: 7/20/77
 Site Address: IGAC CRACK - SITE 3 IR
 PS-1 Shelter No.: E1-E Station Pressure: 30.2
 GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-1

Magnehelic Gauge Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O)	OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
<u>64</u>	<u>3.5/3.4</u>	<u> </u>	<u>29 °C</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>3.1/3.3</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>50</u>	<u>2.9/2.8</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>40</u>	<u>2.4/2.3</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>30</u>	<u>1.8/1.7</u>	<u> </u>	<u>V</u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Comments: _____

CER 051688

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: John Doe Date: 7/22/22

Date: 7/22/57

Site Address: 4444 CREEK - SITES Q/R

PS-1 Shelter No.: 51.1 Station Pressure: _____

GMW Model 40° OCU No.: 45°-C

Comments: * no big consent on the 15% auto so

MAY : SCIENCE

CER 051689

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. SWALL Date: 7/23/87Site Address: ALDO CREEK SITES O/RPS-1 Shelter No.: E4-2 Station Pressure: 30.10GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 75-C

<u>Magnehelic Gauge Reading</u>	<u>Manometer Reading (in. H₂O)</u>	<u>OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)</u>	<u>Temp. (°C)</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>2.9/2.8</u>	_____	<u>86°</u>
<u>40</u>	<u>2.4/2.4</u>	_____	↓
<u>20</u>	<u>1.8/1.8</u>	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Comments: some reading 50 at start of flow with
large error.

CER 051690

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: C. SWANSON Date: 7/22/87
Site Address: 42nd CRACK SITES Q/R
PS-1 Shelter No.: E1-3 Station Pressure: 20.0
GMW Model 10' OCU No.: 45-C

<u>Magnehelic Gauge Reading</u>	<u>Manometer Reading (in. H₂O)</u>	<u>OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)</u>	<u>Temp. (°C)</u>
<u>62</u>	<u>32/3.3</u>	<u> </u>	<u>86</u>
<u>60</u>	<u>32/3.2</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>50</u>	<u>28/3.8</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>40</u>	<u>22/3.2</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>30</u>	<u>17/1.7</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Comments: _____

CER 051691

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. SWARTZ Date: 2/22/67
Site Address: 4344 CRANE - SITES O/R
PS-1 Shelter No.: F4-4 Station Pressure: 20 '0
GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

<u>Magnehelic Gauge Reading</u>	<u>Manometer Reading (in. H₂O)</u>	<u>OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)</u>	<u>Temp. (°C)</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>2.8/2.8</u>	_____	<u>36°</u>
<u>40</u>	<u>2.3/2.3</u>	_____	<u>+</u>
<u>30</u>	<u>1.8/1.8</u>	_____	<u>↓</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
-----	-----	-----	-----

Comments: _____

CER 051692

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: 1 SMALL Date: 7/22/37
 Site Address: ACAD CREEK - SURVEY Q/R
 PS-1 Shelter No.: E6-5 Station Pressure: 20.0
 GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

Magnehelic Gauge - Reading	Manometer Reading (in. H ₂ O)	OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)	Temp. (°C)
<u>54</u>	<u>20/31</u>	—	<u>56</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>28/27</u>	—	+
<u>40</u>	<u>33/32</u>	—	↓
<u>30</u>	<u>12/17</u>	—	—
—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—
—	—	—	—

Comments: _____

CER 051693

B-6

E000651

GMW MODEL PS-1 CALIBRATION FORM

Name: A. L. Swall Date: 7/23/87Site Address: Area CREEK - SITES Q/RPS-1 Shelter No.: 6A-6 Station Pressure: 30.0GMW Model 40' OCU No.: 45-C

<u>Magnehelic Gauge Reading</u>	<u>Manometer Reading (in. H₂O)</u>	<u>OCU Flow- Rate (tcfm)</u>	<u>Temp. (°C)</u>
<u>58</u>	<u>34/31</u>	_____	<u>36°</u>
<u>50</u>	<u>29/29</u>	_____	+
<u>40</u>	<u>24/24</u>	_____	↓
<u>30</u>	<u>18/18</u>	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

Comments: _____

CER 051694

B-6

EC000652

**High Volume Sampler
Air Volume Calculations**

CER 051695

E000653

(1) Conductivity
at standard temperature
Summary Data

10-21-88

case	site	shuttle no.	Date	sample Temp. °C (°F)	T.T. dist std. temp. mm	dist col. H mm
DC-01	G	EE-1	7-16-87	733.6	3968	113.05
DC-02	"	EE-2	"	709.4	3598	102.51
DC-03	"	EE-3	"	715.6	36.95	105.27
DC-04	"	EE-4	"	739.9	4017	114.44
DC-05	"	EE-5	"	665.6	3582	102.05
DC-06	"	EE-6	"	652	3351	95.47
DC-07		blank				

DC-10 G	EE-1	7-17-87	621.5	3160	90.03
DC-8 "	EE-2	"	719.3	3794	108.09
DC-9 "	EE-3	"	740.2	3531	100.60
DC-13 "	EE-4	"	740.7	4019	114.50
DC-12 "	EE-5	"	733.5	3671	104.59
DC-11 "	EE-6	"	656.6	2819	82.59

DC-20 G/R	EE-1	7-21-87	714.4	4055	115.53
DC-15 "	EE-2	"	566.5	3048	86.84
DC-16 "	EE-3	"	721.9	3668	104.50
DC-17 "	EE-4	"	566.5	2959	84.30
DC-18 "	EE-5	"	710.6	10	-
DC-18 "	EE-6	"	711.4	4135	117.81

DC-27 G/R	EE-1	7-22-87	20	-	92.48
DC-22 "	EE-2	"	622	3246	117.81
DC-23 "	EE-3	"	742.2	4135	82.59
DC-24 "	EE-4	"	621.9	2899	111.88
DC-24 "	EE-5	"	722.1	3927	111.05
DC-25 "	EE-6	"	735	3898	-
DC-28	blank	"		CER 051696	E000654

(1) acidic tanks standard col. - $\Theta_{st} = \frac{1}{0.28} \left[\sqrt{0.4 \cdot \frac{P - T_{st}}{P_{st}}} + 0.0156 \right] -$

مکالمہ

0655

FIGURE 4. TYPICAL SAMPLING DATA FORM FOR HIGH VOLUME PESTICIDE/PCB SAMPLES

02-401

CER 051697

Oncorhynchus (*virginicus*) **Spawning** **Season** **Summer** **Winter** **Starts** **Up** (**from** **water**). **Primary** **Migration**

steps for the calculation of flow rate between manometer and plenum - page

$$V_{std} = V_m \times \frac{P_i - \Delta P}{P_{std}} + \frac{1.025}{\frac{(T_{std} + 460)}{(T_i + 460)}} \quad \text{circled}$$

$$1 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} = 35.3 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{min}} - 35.1 \text{ cfm}$$

$$G_{std} = \frac{V_{std}}{\text{Time}}$$

$$G_{std} = \frac{35.3}{6.919} + \frac{29.76 - 0.2}{29.92} + 1.025 = 5.11 \text{ cfm}$$

$$\text{Cst 2, } \frac{35.3}{4.178} + \frac{29.76 - 0.4}{29.92} + 1.025 = 8.498 \text{ cfm}$$

$$\text{Cst 3} = \frac{35.3}{3.356} + \frac{29.76 - 0.6}{29.92} + 1.025 = 10.50 \text{ cfm}$$

$$\text{Cst 4} = \frac{35.3}{2.865} + \frac{29.76 - 0.8}{29.92} + 1.025 = 12.22 \text{ cfm}$$

$$\text{Cst 5} = \frac{35.3}{2.538} + \frac{29.76 - 1}{29.92} + 1.025 = 13.70 \text{ cfm}$$

$$\begin{cases} T_{std} = 77^\circ F \\ T_i = 64 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} P_{std} = 29.92 \\ P_i = 29.76 \end{cases}$$

$$\Delta P = 0.2$$

CER 051698

E000656

मुख्य

: ७-२२-८१

दिनांक

EE-1 site G/R versus ρ_{std} [Table of calculation of ρ_{std} (g)]

Conc. mg/litre	ρ_{std} kg/m ³	monoxide (ΔH)	$\frac{P_2}{P_{std}} \cdot \frac{T_{std}}{T}$	$\rho_{std}^{(2)}$ (g)
Conc. mg/litre	(X)	(ΔH)	$\frac{P_2}{P_{std}} \cdot \frac{T_{std}}{T}$	$\rho_{std}^{(2)}$ (g)
6.8	8.246	3.51 / 3.4	1.846	6.648
6.0	7.70	3.2 / 3.1	1.764	6.356
5.0	7.03	2.7 / 2.6	1.618	5.834
4.0	6.286	2.2 / 2.1	1.457	5.257
3.0	5.44	1.6 / 1.6	1.38	4.63

$$(1) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} T = 460 + 89.0549, \quad T_{std} = 537 \\ P = 30.21 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rho_{std} = 27.92 - \left[\frac{\frac{P}{P_{std}} \cdot \frac{T_{std}}{T}}{\sqrt{\frac{P_{std}}{P} \cdot \frac{T}{T_{std}}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{30.31}{29.92} + \frac{537.0}{549}} = 0.994} \right]$$

$$(2) \quad \Theta = 0.28 \left[\frac{P_{std}}{P} \cdot \frac{T_{std}}{T} + 0.0156 \right]$$

$$Q = M_{std}$$

$$Y = mX + b$$

$$Y = 0.733 X + 0.658$$

$$cc = 0.998$$

CER 051699

EE-0657

300622

CER 051700

$$\begin{aligned} C &= 0.99 \\ Y &= 0.754 + 0.589 \\ X_n &= Y \\ \text{Average } & \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \Theta = \frac{P}{T} = \frac{0.754}{0.589} = 1.294$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{P}{T} &= \frac{0.754}{0.589} = 1.294 \\ \frac{P}{T+1} &= \frac{0.754}{0.589} = 1.294 \\ P_0 &= 27.92 \\ P &= 30.81 \\ T &= 29.0 + 8.9 = 37.9, T_{5+1} = 37 \end{aligned} \right\} (1)$$

4.684

1.296

1.7/1.7

30

5.44

5.32

6.29 2.2/2.2

40

5.941

1.648

2.8/2.7

50

7.03

6.406

1.778

3.2/3.2

60

7.70

6.506

1.806

3.3/3.3

63

7.89

$$\begin{aligned} (1) & \quad \frac{P}{T} = \frac{0.754}{0.589} = 1.294 \\ (2) & \quad \frac{P}{T+1} = \frac{0.754}{0.589} = 1.294 \\ (3) & \quad \frac{P}{T+2} = \frac{0.754}{0.589} = 1.294 \\ (4) & \quad \frac{P}{T+3} = \frac{0.754}{0.589} = 1.294 \\ (5) & \quad \frac{P}{T+4} = \frac{0.754}{0.589} = 1.294 \\ (6) & \quad \frac{P}{T+5} = \frac{0.754}{0.589} = 1.294 \end{aligned}$$

E-E 2/2 35

2020-22-7-87

Date of Conf.

7-22-57

EE-5

at G/R

magnetic
Gage reading, $M_{std}^{(1)}$ manometer ($\text{cm H}_2\text{O}$)
(X) reading (in. H_2O)

$$\sqrt{\text{corrected } M} \quad (1)$$

$$= \sqrt{0.02 \cdot \frac{P_0}{P_{std}} \cdot \frac{T}{T_{std}}} \quad (1)$$

$\Theta^{(2)}$ (γ)
(cm) (γ)

68	8.196	3.6/3.5	1.873	6.745
60	7.70	3.3/3.2	1.778	6.406
50	7.03	2.8/2.7	1.648	5.941
40	6.286	2.4/2.3	1.524	5.498
30	5.44	1.8/1.8	1.333	4.816

$$(1) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} T = 460 + 890.549, \quad T_{std} = 537 \\ P = 30.21 \text{ in} \\ P_{std} = 29.92 \\ \frac{P}{P_{std}} \cdot \frac{T_{std}}{T} = \sqrt{\frac{30.21}{29.92} \cdot \frac{537}{549}} = 0.994 \\ \sqrt{\text{corrected } M} = \sqrt{0.02 \cdot 0.994} // \quad M_{std} = \sqrt{M} \cdot 0.994 \end{array} \right.$$

$$(2) \quad \Theta = 0.28 \left[\sqrt{0.02 \cdot \frac{P}{P_{std}} \cdot \frac{T_{std}}{T}} - 0.156 \right]$$

Q. magnetic reading

$$Y = mX + b$$

$$Y = 0.689X + 1.10$$

$$r = 0.999$$

CER 051701

E000659

EE00060

CER 051702

$$\text{الإجمالي} = \text{المجموع} - \text{المدفوعات}$$

$$\text{المدفوعات} = \frac{\text{المجموع}}{1.0733} = 656 \text{ } \text{ل.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{المجموع} &= \frac{656}{1.0733} = 6012 \\ \text{المدفوعات} &= \frac{6012}{1.0733} = 5407.23 \end{aligned}$$

بيان المدفوعات

الرقم	النوع	المقدار	القيمة	النوع	المقدار	القيمة
1	أرجو	442	6.42	أرجو	541	5.41
2	أرجو	42	6.42	أرجو	540	5.40
3	أرجو	41	6.41	أرجو	539	5.39
4	أرجو	40	6.40	أرجو	538	5.38
5	أرجو	39	6.39	أرجو	537	5.37
6	أرجو	38	6.38	أرجو	536	5.36
7	أرجو	37	6.37	أرجو	535	5.35
8	أرجو	36	6.36	أرجو	534	5.34
9	أرجو	35	6.35	أرجو	533	5.33
10	أرجو	34	6.34	أرجو	532	5.32
11	أرجو	33	6.33	أرجو	531	5.31
12	أرجو	32	6.32	أرجو	530	5.30
13	أرجو	31	6.31	أرجو	529	5.29
14	أرجو	30	6.30	أرجو	528	5.28
15	أرجو	29	6.29	أرجو	527	5.27
16	أرجو	28	6.28	أرجو	526	5.26
17	أرجو	27	6.27	أرجو	525	5.25
18	أرجو	26	6.26	أرجو	524	5.24
19	أرجو	25	6.25	أرجو	523	5.23

٢٠١٩/١١/٧ ١-٣٣

صادر عن

E-3 7/16/87
Site C

Time	elapse Time (min)	Corrected Time (min)	Magnetic Reading (m)	$M^{(1)}$ \bar{M}_{std}	Avg. $M_{std}(x)$	$M^{(2)}$ M_{avg}	Air volume
7:10			38	6.24			
	440	410.6			6.09	5.17	2.23
7:30			35	5.94			
	135	126			5.98	5.10	6.42
6:45			36	6.02			
	195	182			6.00	5.11	9.30
0.00			36	5.98			
							3695
					Total air		

(1)

$$M_{std} = \sqrt{m} + \text{correction factor}$$

$$\text{correction factor} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} d}$$

$$Cf_1 = 1.012 \quad Cf_{avg} = 1.004$$

$$Cf_2 = .997$$

$$\therefore Y = 0.759x + 0.589$$

$$1 \text{ Air volume} = 9 + \text{elapse T.}$$

CER 051703

E000681

E000662

CEA 051704

البيانات المطلوبة = $\omega + \text{الجهد المفروض}$

$$\omega = 0.689 \times 111$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_0 &= 1.004 \\ C_0 &= 0.997 \\ C_0 &= 1.012 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega &= \frac{\omega_0}{C_0} \\ \omega &= \frac{\omega_0}{C_0} + \text{الجهد المفروض} \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

بيانات المدخلات

20/10	205	178	6.12	5.32	9.47
6.45	135	117	6.06	5.27	6.17
4.30	428	373	6.11	5.41	2.05
7.22	40	6.40	6.26	5.41	2.05

بيانات المدخلات (المدخلات) $m_{\text{ف}}(x)$ $m_{\text{ف}}(y)$ $m_{\text{ف}}(z)$ $m_{\text{ف}}(w)$ $m_{\text{ف}}(v)$ $m_{\text{ف}}(u)$

7/8/1911 3-35

Calibration of ...
1020-9

E-1 7-17-87

$\Sigma T G$

Time min)	Elapsed Time (min)	Corrected T_{air}	Magnetic Reading (m)	$m^{(1)}$ std	Avg.	Avg. G $M_{\text{std}} (X)$	Air volume
5:00	300	246	-5.3	7.36			
00	210	17.2	3.3	5.76	6.56	5.47	34.5
+30	247	20.3	-3.2	5.67	5.71	4.84	83.2
3:37			-3.3	5.73	5.7	4.84	93.2
						Total Air vol.	3160

$$(1) \quad m_{\text{std}} = \sqrt{\frac{T}{T_0}} + \text{correction factor}$$

$$\therefore \sqrt{\frac{T}{T_0}} = \sqrt{\frac{29.92+529}{T}}$$

$$Cf_1 = \sqrt{\frac{30.14+537}{29.92+529}} = 1.011 \quad Cf_{\text{avg}} = 1.003$$

$$Cf_2 = \sqrt{\frac{30.10+537}{29.92+545}} = .997$$

$$2) \quad Y^G = 0.733X + 0.6578$$

$$1) \quad \mu \text{ is volume} = Q + \text{Elapsed Time}$$

CER 051705

E000663

7-17-87

Time	Elapsed Time	Count	Magnitude	(1)	Avg	(2)	Avg	(3)	Avg
min	(min)		Ending (min)	5.51	-	5.51	-	5.51	-
0.08		292		2.90	-	3.0	-	3.0	-
1.00				-	-	-	-	-	-
4.30		242		2.42	-	2.41	-	2.41	-
9.32				-	-	-	-	-	-

$$(1) \quad \mu_{\text{corr}} = \sqrt{m} + \frac{\text{Conducto factor}}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{m}}}$$

$$\therefore Y = 0.754X + 0.589$$

1. $\text{dis}_\text{min} = \text{dis}_\text{max}$ \equiv cycle Time

CEB 031706

ECONOMIC

E000685

CER 051707

Time = $\omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$

$$y = 0.689 \cdot 0 + 10 \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_{\theta_0} &= 0.689 \\ C_{\theta_0} &= 0.689 \\ 110.1 &= 100.7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2 + C_0 &= \omega_0 t + C_1 \\ \text{constant } &+ \underline{\omega} t = \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2 \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

3671 100000

		5.90	35			5.20
291	415 - 285	-	5.87 - 5.14		230 226	
28	-	5.85	34 5.88		210 206	
27	815 - 593	-	5.93 - 5.18		307 301	
26	672 - 452	-	6.02 - 3.6		253	
25	672 - 452	5.36	2.79			
24	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
23	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
22	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
21	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
20	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
19	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
18	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
17	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
16	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
15	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
14	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
13	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
12	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
11	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
10	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
9	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
8	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
7	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
6	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
5	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
4	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
3	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
2	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
1	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			
0	672 - 452	6.76	4.4			

L8-L1-L2 L3-E3

$E = 1$

$S_t \in \mathbb{R}$

$T = 21 - 57$

$\text{Ergs Time} = \frac{\text{Conc}}{\text{Time}}$ (1)
 $\text{Ergs Time} = \frac{\text{Mgphole}}{\text{Time}}$ (2)
 $\text{Ergs Time} = \frac{m_{stj}}{m_{stj}(x)}$ (3)
 $Air \text{ ratio} = \frac{m_{stj}}{m_{stj}(x)}$
 $Y_{air} = \frac{m_{stj}}{m_{stj}(x)}$

0.2	195	196	56	7.55	7.17	5.9	7.3
2.0	250	247	46	6.79	6.79	5.63	3.9
3.0	274	271	46	6.79	6.69	5.56	5.9
7.04	1	1	44	6.60	—	—	—
			40	55	56	55	40

$$\frac{C_F}{m_{stj}} = \sqrt{m_{stj} \cdot \text{Conc factor (left)}}$$

$$\frac{C_F}{m_{stj}} = \frac{C_F}{\sqrt{29.92}} = \frac{50.23 + 53.7}{53.5} = 1.009$$

$$\text{Conc factor} = \frac{C_F}{m_{stj}}$$

$$\frac{C_F}{m_{stj}} = \frac{50.17 + 53.7}{29.92} = 0.995$$

$$Y' = 0.733X + 0.658$$

$$Air \text{ ratio} = \frac{m_{stj}}{m_{stj}(x)}$$

CER 051708

E000636

Time	Elapsed Time min)	Collected Time (min)	Magnitude Reading (m)	$\frac{(1)}{M_{std}}$	Avg. $M_{std} (x)$	$1^{\circ}\text{G.a}^{(2)}$	Air volume (cu)
6:27			42	-6.54			
	233	231			6.23	5.286	22
6:20			35	5.93			
	250	248			5.84	4.99	237
4:30			33	5.75			
	244	242			5.86	5.	1210
3:34			36	5.97			
<hr/>							
Total Air volume = 3668 cu ft. 3668							

(1)

$$M_{std} = \sqrt{m} \rightarrow \text{Corrector factor} \quad C_{Pstd} = 1.009 \quad C_{Tstd} = 1.002$$

$$\text{Corrector factor} = \sqrt{\frac{P}{P_{std}} \cdot \frac{T_{std}}{T}}$$

(2)

$$Y = 0.754X + 0.589$$

Air volume = $\theta = \text{Collected Time}$

CER 051709

ECC00657

Data is not accurate

~~E-E~~

~~9/R~~

2-21-87

Elephant	Corrected Time (min)	Magnetic Reading (m)	$m_{std}^{(1)}$	Avg. $m_{std}(x)$	Avg. θ°	Air volume
40		46		6.84		
220				6.59	5.64	
20		40		6.34		
250				6.34	5.468	
30		40		6.34		
259				6.35	5.475	
49		41		6.37		
1						

$$m_{std} = \sqrt{m - \text{Correction factor}}$$

$$\text{Correction factor} = \sqrt{\frac{P}{P_{std}} \cdot \frac{T_{std}}{T}}$$

Q,

$$Y = 0.689X + 1.10$$

$$\text{Air volume} = \theta \pi \cdot \text{Time}$$

CER 051710

E000668

-FE-1

site G/R - 7/24/57

motor Breakdown

Time min)	Slope Time (min)	Calculated Time (min)	Magnetic Reading (m)	$M_{std}^{(1)}$	Avg. $M_{std}^{(2)}$	Avg. $M_{std}^{(3)}$	Air volume
--------------	---------------------	-----------------------------	-------------------------	-----------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	------------

1) $M_{std} = \sqrt{m} + \text{Corr factor}$

Corr factor = $\sqrt{\frac{P_{std}}{P_{std}} \cdot \frac{T_{std}}{T}}$

Q

Air volume = $\theta \cdot T_{std}$

CER 051711

E000689

FEB - 3

SIT G/R

7-22-87

$\frac{V}{V_0}$	Expt. Time (min)	Conc. (mm)	Magnetic Field (m)	$M_{3+2}^{(1)}$	Avg.	$M_{3+2}^{(2)}$	$M_{3+2}^{(3)}$
5.35	32.5	32.5	5.4	7.40			
2.00	18.0	18.0	4.2	6.49	6.94	5.82	5.77
5.00	23.7	23.7	4.0	6.34	6.41	5.42	5.75
3.57			4.0	6.30	6.32	5.35	5.263
							4135.82

Total

(1)

$$n_{ST} = \sqrt{m + \text{constant}} \quad C_F = 1.002 \quad C_{F\text{avg}} = 1.002$$

$$\text{constant} = \sqrt{\frac{C_F}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{1.002}{1.002}} = 1.0001$$

$$(2) Y = 0.754 X + 0.589$$

1) Avg value = $\bar{X} + \text{Expt. Time}$

CER 051712

E000670

EE-05 7-22-37
Site G/R

Time (min)	Eloge Time (min)	Corrected T_{air} (min)	Magnitude Rating (m)	$m_{\text{std}}^{(1)}$	Arg. $m_{\text{std}}(x)$	$1^{\circ}\text{G.A.}^{(2)}$	Air volume $\text{cu. ft.}^{(3)}$
6:14			47	6.90			
	346	341			6.54	5.61	0.3
12:00			38	6.18			
	180	177			6.13	5.32	4.42
15:00			37	6.09			
	206	203			6.07	5.28	10.72
18:26			37	6.06			
							392-
						Total air volume	

$$(1) \quad - m_{\text{std}} = \sqrt{m} + \text{Correction factor}$$

$$\text{Correction factor} = \sqrt{\frac{P_{\text{std}}}{P_{\text{atm}}} \cdot \frac{T_{\text{atm}}}{T}}$$

$$(2) \quad Y = 0.689 X + 1.10$$

$$3) \quad \text{Air volume} = \Theta \cdot \text{Eloge Time}$$

CER 051713

E000671

**Low Volume Sampler
Air Volume Calculations and
Calibration Data**

CER 051714

E000672

Effect of volume and standard temperature
and pressure

Sample No	Date	Calibration Factor Standard (1)			
		Start of Test	End of Test	Avg value	
E=1	7/16/87	1.02	0.994	1.007	
,	7/17/87	1.02	0.991	1.006	
,	7/21/87	1.018	1.0	1.009	=0.6
,	7/22/87	1.015	0.995	1.009	
					=0.5
E=2	7/16/87	1.02	0.994	1.007	
,	7/17/87	1.02	0.991	1.006	
,	7/21/87	1.018	1.0	1.009	
,	7/22/87	1.015	0.995	1.005	
E=3	7/16/87	1.02	0.994	1.007	
,	7/17/87	1.02	0.991	1.006	
,	7/21/87	1.018	1.0	1.009	
,	7/22/87	1.015	0.995	1.005	
E=4	7/16/87	1.02	0.994	1.007	
,	7/17/87	1.02	0.991	1.006	
,	7/21/87	1.018	1.0	1.009	
,	7/22/87	1.015	0.995	1.005	
E=5	7/16/87	1.02	0.994	1.007	
,	7/17/87	1.02	0.991	1.006	
,	7/21/87	1.018	1.0	1.009	
,	7/22/87	1.015	0.995	1.005	
E=6	7/16/87	1.02	0.994	1.007	
,	7/17/87	1.02	0.991	1.006	
,	7/21/87	1.018	1	1.009	
,	7/22/87	1.015	0.995	1.005	

CER 051715

square root of these coefficients were used
in the calculation of new volume by high volume samples
of gas previously collected

EO000673

دستورات ایمنی مهندسی
برای دستورات ایمنی مهندسی

دستورات ایمنی	شماره	دistance (mm)	ارزیابی پلیمرات (%)	دستورات ایمنی
DC	- CT - 02 (77457)	EE2	490	464.9
DC	- CT - 02		~30	0.223
			1059	0.708
				0.5120

DC	- CT - 03	EE3	478	562.35	0.264
			~70	1090.65	0.521

DC	- CT - 01	EE1	492	499	0.241
			~82	759.5	0.38

DC	- CT - 06	EE6	478	352.75	0.169
			~78	1065	0.509

DC	- CT - 05	EE5	477	468.9	0.224
			~85	1019.15	0.496

DC	- CT - 08	EE2	491	512.1	0.251
			"	991.95	0.487

DC	- CT - 09	EE3	486	559.5	0.272
			~86	7176	0.349

DC	- CT - 10	EE1	481	5055	0.241
			~81	622.35	0.299

DC	- CT - 11	EE6	478	393.7	0.188
			~88	1109	0.526

DC	- CT - 12	EE5	476	55.6	0.241
			~85	988.85	0.471

1)

$$V_{st} = \frac{T_s}{P_s} \cdot \frac{P}{T} + V$$

EOG0674

Correction factors for standard temp & press. (see attached table for more details)

CER 051716

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CER 051717

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CER 051718

E000676

APPENDIX D

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

CER 051719

E000677

Explanation For Analytical Data Summary Tables

All ground water results in ug/l.

All soil/sediment organic results in ug/kg

All soil/sediment inorganic results in mg/kg

For sample location headings, the following qualifiers are used

- Denotes blank samples.
- Denotes duplicate samples.
- ~ Denotes that sample was not analyzed for the compounds listed.

For chemical results, the following qualifiers are used :

- B Compound detected in blank samples.
- J Estimated value . Result is less than the specified detection limit, but greater than zero.
- E Estimated value. Concentration detected exceeds the calibrated range.
- C Result confirmed by GC/MS.
- * Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
- R Spike sample recovery not within control limits.

CER 051720

E000678

Gute Wahr-Wahlkunst

CER 051721

6290003

Ground Water Volatiles

SITE	SITE A	SITE B	SITE C	SITE D	SITE E	SITE F	SITE G	SITE H	SITE I	SITE J	SITE K	SITE L	BLANK	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	PRIVATE	PRIVATE
SAMPLE NUMBER	DC-60-02-0	DC-60-03	DC-60-03A	DC-60-04	DC-60-05	DC-60-06	DC-60-07	DC-60-08	DC-60-09	DC-60-10	DC-60-11	DC-60-12	DC-60-13	DC-60-14	DC-60-15	DC-60-16	DC-60-17
WELL NUMBER	EE-24	EE-25	EE-25	P-1	D-204	P-7	D-204	D-204	D-204	D-204	P-11	EE-24	EE-25	EE-25	EE-25	EE-25	EE-25
DATE SAMPLED	3-26-87	3-26-87	3-26-87	3-25-87	3-25-87	3-25-87	3-25-87	3-25-87	3-25-87	3-25-87	3-25-87	3-26-87	3-26-87	3-26-87	3-26-87	3-26-87	3-26-87
1 Chloromethane																	
2 Bromomethane																	
3 Vinyl Chloride																	
4 Chloroethane																	
5 Methylene Chloride	310																
6 Acetone	430	30															
7 Carbon Disulfide																	
8 1,1-Dichloroethane																	
9 1,1-Dichloroethene																	
10 trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	94.3																
11 Chloroform																	
12 1,2-Dichloroethane																	
13 2-Dulane (MEK)	370		3.03										16099				
14 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	43.3																
15 Carbon Tetrachloride																	
16 Vinyl Acetate																	
17 Bromodichloroethane																	
18 1,2-Dichloropropene																	
19 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene																	
20 Trichloroethene	1000																
21 Dibromoethane																	
22 1,1,2-Trichloroethane																	
23 Benzene	1000				2.2			1500	41	44.2			150				
24 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene																	
25 2-Chloromethyl Vinyl Ether																	
26 Bromoform																	
27 4-Methyl-2-pentanone																	
28 2-Hexanone																	
29 Tetrahydroethene																	
30 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane																	
31 Isobutene	110								7.0	13.62	260.2	570	1.2	1.02	1.02	1.02	1.02
32 Chlorobenzene	1000				350.1	790	5000	150	199	8100	570	1.2	0.2				
33 Ethylbenzene								95.2	2								
34 Styrene																	
35 Total Volatiles	27.3																

CER 051722

EOE/C80

Ground Water Concentrations

SITE	SITE 0														
SAMPLE NUMBER	DC-00-01	DC-00-02	DC-00-03	DC-00-04	DC-00-05	DC-00-06	DC-00-07	DC-00-08	DC-00-09	DC-00-10	DC-00-11	DC-00-12	DC-00-13	DC-00-14	DC-00-15
WELL NUMBER	EE-06	EE-07	EE-09	EE-14	EE-17	EE-08	EE-19	EE-19	EE-10	EE-01	EE-02	EE-03	EE-04	EE-05	EE-06
DATE SAMPLED	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	3-17-87
1 Phenol															
2 bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether															
3 2-Chlorophenol															
4 1,3-Dichlorobenzene															
5 1,4-Dichlorobenzene															
6 Benzyl Alcohol															
7 1,2-Dichlorobenzene															
8 2-Nitrophenol															
9 bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether															
10 4-Nitrophenol															
11 4-Nitroanisole															
12 m-Nitrotoluene															
13 Nitrobenzene															
14 Isophorone															
15 2-Naphthol															
16 2,4-Dimethylphenol															
17 Decolor Acid															
18 bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether															
19 2,6-Dichlorophenol															
20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene															
21 Naphthalene															
22 o-Chlorotoluene															
23 m-Chlorotoluene															
24 o-Ethoxy-3-methylphenol															
25 2-Methylnaphthalene															
26 m-Nitro-o-phenol															
27 2,6,4-Trichlorophenol															
28 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol															
29 2-Chloronaphthalene															
30 2-Bromoaniline															

CER 051723

EOG051

Ground Water Interpolations

SITE	SIM 1	BLANK	SIM 2	SIM 3	SIM 4	SIM 5	SIM 6	SIM 7	BLANK	SIM 8	SIM 9	SIM 10	SIM 11	SIM 12	SIM 13	SIM 14	SIM 15	SIM 16	
SAMPLE NUMBER	DC-60-29	0	DC-60-30	+	DC-60-31	DC-60-32	DC-60-33	DC-60-34	DC-60-35	DC-60-36	DC-60-37	DC-60-38	DC-60-39	DC-60-39A	DC-60-39B	DC-60-39C	DC-60-39D		
WELL NUMBER	65-12		65-20		65-11	65-6106	65-6102	65-6103	65-6104	65-6105	65-6106	65-6107	65-6108	65-6109	65-6110	65-6111	65-6112	65-6113	
DATE SAMPLED	3-23-87		3-23-87		3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	
1 Phenol										2.0						120			
2 1,1,2-Chloroethyl ether																500	1100		
3 2-Chlorophenol																90			
4 1,3-Dichlorobenzene																120			
5 1,4-Dichlorobenzene		610														320			
6 Benzyl Alcohol																	13000 E	13000 E	
7 1,2-Dichlorobenzene		610															1000 E	11000 E	
8 2-Methyphenol																7000	11000 E		
9 1,1,2-Chlorotriphenoxyether																10	10	120	
10 4-Methyphenol																6.0			
11 2-Nitrobenzo-2-Phenylethane																25		800	
12 Hexachloroethane																	120	600	
13 Nitrobenzene																	30 E		
14 Isophorone																	270	200	
15 2-Chlorophenol																	160	180	
16 2,4-Dimethylphenol									200										
17 Resorcin Acid																	120	600	
18 1,1,2-Chlorotriethane																	30 E		
19 2,4-Dichlorophenol										11							270		
20 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene										200							160	180	
21 Heptahalogen											34 E						160		
22 4-Chloroaniline		70								13000 E	110								
23 Hexachlorobutadiene																			
24 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol																			
25 2-Methylisopropylidene																			
26 Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene																			
27 2,4,6-Tribromophenol																			
28 2,4,5-Tribromophenol																			
29 2-Chloroanisole																			
30 2-Estratetraene																			

CER 051724

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CER 051725

E000€83

E00009894

CER 051726

Ernest H. Wilson

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CER 051727

E000€\$5

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

CER 051728

E0000656

Ernest Miller Hahn

E00087

CER 051729

Ground Water Isotopes

SITE	SITE 0	SITE 0															
SAMPLE NUMBER	DC-GW-01	DC-GW-02	DC-GW-03	DC-GW-04	DC-GW-05	DC-GW-06	DC-GW-07	DC-GW-08	DC-GW-09	DC-GW-10	DC-GW-11	DC-GW-12	DC-GW-13	DC-GW-14	DC-GW-15	DC-GW-16	
WELL NUMBER	EE-06	EE-07	EE-08	EE-10	EE-17	EE-08	EE-19	EE-19	EE-18	EE-05	EE-02	EE-03	EE-16	EE-16	EE-17	EE-17	
DATE SAMPLED	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-16-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	3-17-87	
1. Aluminum																	11800
2. Antimony																	
3. Arsenic																	
4. Barium	300	600	50	100	300		300	10	10	10		8000	26				62.6
5. Beryllium																	
6. Boron																	
7. Cadmium																	
8. Chromium, transient																	
9. Cobalt																	
10. Copper																	
11. Iron	9060	30000	15000	20000	378	11300	36700	36300	61200	29000	100000	36900	1200	11200	11100		
12. Lead																	
13. Manganese	1320	1600	222	1000	1600	13200	2600	2600	6630	907	8020	1030	1000	2250	202		
14. Mercury																	
15. Nickel	64	74								112	261	11200					24
16. Selenium																	
17. Silver																	
18. Thallium																	
19. Tin																	
20. Vanadium																	
21. Zinc	25	326	26	22	313	40	102	170	431	57	4840	25	26	61	62		
22. Cyanide	1560									460	21			137			

CER 051730

E00065b

HOMOGENEUS GROUND MATERIAL

SITE	SIZE 1	SIZE 2	SIZE 3	SIZE 4	SIZE 5	SIZE 6	BLANK	SIZE 8	SIZE 9	SIZE 10	SIZE 11	SIZE 12	SIZE 13	SIZE 14	SIZE 15	SIZE 16	SIZE 17	SIZE 18	SIZE 19
SAMPLE NUMBER	BC-60-31	BC-60-32	BC-60-33	BC-60-34	BC-60-34A	BC-60-35	BC-60-36	BC-60-37	BC-60-38	BC-60-39	BC-60-39A	BC-60-40	BC-60-40A	BC-60-41	BC-60-41A	BC-60-42	BC-60-43	BC-60-43A	
RELL NUMBER	EE-20	EE-21	EE-21A	EE-6106	EE-6107	EE-6107	EE-6107	EE-6109	EE-71	EE-21	EE-22	EE-22	EE-23	EE-23	EE-24	EE-24	EE-24	EE-24	
DATE SAMPLED	3-23-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	3-24-87	
1. Aluminum		63																	
2. Antimony																			
3. Arsenic		170	34	27					10000	16	132	123	25	17	10	13			
4. Barium			192	46	(18)			171		150	(35)	316	500	(161)	(152)	(170)	(160)	(160)	
5. Boron																			
6. Cadmium																			
7. Calcium																			
8. Chromium, hexavalent			61																
9. Cobalt																			
10. Copper																			
11. Iron	120	4300	6700	3030	2060	111	2160	523000	20600	15200	16700	171000	19600	16800	56300	19200			
12. Lead																			
13. Manganese		2200	3900	1660	1240		276	3660	8300		5460								
14. Mercury																			
15. Nickel			37	72				111											
16. Selenium																			
17. Silver																			
18. Thallium																			
19. Tin																			
20. Vanadium																			
21. Zinc	120	36	10	31	10	33	130	2200	61	37	92	55	93	101	26	26	26		
22. Zirconia		26							20										

CER 051731

EOC006S9

Ground Water Test points

SIN

1	Antimony
2	Boron
3	Barium
4	Boron
5	Boron
6	Cadmium, Trivalent
7	Cobalt
8	Copper
9	Iron
10	Lead
11	Manganese
12	Magnesium
13	Molybdenum
14	Nickel
15	Potassium
16	Silica
17	Sodium
18	Thallium
19	Tin
20	Vanadine
21	Zinc
22	Yttrium

CER 051732

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CER 051733

E000691

E000632

CER 051734

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Surface Water Inorganics

SIM	BLANK	SIM B	SIM B	ES B	ES B	ES B	ES C	ES C	ES D	ES D	ES D	BLANK	ES A	ES A
SAMPLE NUMBER	SC-SW-01	SC-SW-02	SC-SW-03	SC-SW-04	SC-SW-05	SC-SW-06	SC-SW-07	SC-SW-08	SC-SW-09	SC-SW-10	SC-SW-11	SC-SW-12	SC-SW-13	SC-SW-14
DATE	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86	11-3-86
1 Aluminum		641		1090	204	9480		267	2400	1170	325	774		174
2 Antimony		—					31					115		
3 Arsenic							2130			276				
4 Barium		980												
5 Boron														
6 Cadmium							25		8.1			75	75	
7 Chromium, Trivalent		14	—				99		32			61	63	
8 Cobalt														
9 Copper		21	45	440	239	17900	226	84	619	57		7050	7010	
10 Iron	253	932	350	1310	495	24500	320	2900	2670	1570		2660	2720	
11 Lead		6.4	—	77	17	1300	760	30	99	36		3460	3420	
12 Manganese		97	95	100	66	222	161	254	196	20		48	52	
13 Mercury				0.6			1.9	0.2	0.26			0.39	0.2	
14 Nickel		44				1500	63		100			2640	2670	
15 Selenium												16		
16 Silver												679		
17 Thallium														
18 Tin							50	46						
19 Vanadium														
20 Zinc		186	73	664	367	10300	337	267	1090	185		1650	1660	
21 Zinc														
22 Zygode														

CER 051735

E000693

Inherent Volatilities

Site	CS A	CS B	CS C	CS D	CS E	CS F	CS G	CS H	CS I	CS J	CS K	CS L	CS M	CS N	CS O	CS P
Sample A	HC 50-111.0															
Sample B	0.6*	2.1	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*	0.6*
Ball Sample	11.3 kg															
1. Chloroethane																
2. Decamethane																
3. Vinyl Chloride																
4. Ethane																
5. Methyl Chloride																
6. Acetone																
7. Carbon Disulfide																
8. 1,1-Dichloroethane																
9. 1,1-Dichloroethene																
10. Tetrachloroethene																
11. Ethylene																
12. 1,1-Dichloroethane																
13. 1-Bromoethane (B1)																
14. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane																
15. Carbon Tetrachloride																
16. Vinyl Acetate																
17. Bromodichloromethane																
18. 1,2-Dichloroethane																
19. Tetrachloroethylene																
20. Trichloroethylene																
21. Bromodichloromethane																
22. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane																
23. Benzene																
24. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane																
25. 2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether																
26. Bromobutane																
27. 4-Bromo-2-pentanone																
28. 2-Methylbutane																
29. 2-Ethylbutane																
30. 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane																
31. Ethylbenzene																
32. Chlorobenzene																
33. Ethylbenzene																
34. Styrene																
35. Total Volatiles																

CER 051736

E000694

Sedentary Substrates

	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
Sample number	MC-10-101.0																		
Sample depth	0.6"	2.1"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"	0.6"
Site Number	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0	101.0
1. Panel																			
2. Sedentary substrates																			
3. 2-Chlorophenol																			
4. 1,3-Butanediol																			
5. 1,1-Butanediol																			
6. Acetylacetone																			
7. 1,7-Butanediol																			
8. 1,3-Dipropene																			
9. 1,1-Dipropene																			
10. 1,6-Dipropene																			
11. 1,4-Dipropene																			
12. Dimethylamine																			
13. Diisobutylene																			
14. Isopropene																			
15. 2-Methylpropene																			
16. 2,4-Dimethylphenol																			
17. Dimethyl Ether																			
18. 1,1-Dimethylbenzene																			
19. 1,3-Dimethylbenzene																			
20. 1,2,4-Triisobutylene																			
21. Dipropylene																			
22. 4-Ethoxyethane																			
23. Dimethylbutylamine																			
24. 4-Ethoxy-1-methylphenol																			
25. 2-Ethoxyphenol																			
26. Dimethylbenzylphenol																			
27. 2,6,6-Triisobutylene																			
28. 2,4,4-Triisobutylene																			
29. 2-Ethoxyphenol																			
30. 2-Ethoxyethane																			

CER 051737

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E000617

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1	1995-1996	26
2	1996-1997	26
3	1997-1998	26
4	1998-1999	26
5	1999-2000	26
6	2000-2001	26
7	2001-2002	26
8	2002-2003	26
9	2003-2004	26
10	2004-2005	26
11	2005-2006	26
12	2006-2007	26
13	2007-2008	26
14	2008-2009	26
15	2009-2010	26
16	2010-2011	26
17	2011-2012	26
18	2012-2013	26
19	2013-2014	26
20	2014-2015	26
21	2015-2016	26
22	2016-2017	26
23	2017-2018	26
24	2018-2019	26
25	2019-2020	26
26	2020-2021	26
27	2021-2022	26
28	2022-2023	26
29	2023-2024	26
30	2024-2025	26
31	2025-2026	26
32	2026-2027	26
33	2027-2028	26
34	2028-2029	26
35	2029-2030	26
36	2030-2031	26
37	2031-2032	26
38	2032-2033	26
39	2033-2034	26
40	2034-2035	26
41	2035-2036	26
42	2036-2037	26
43	2037-2038	26
44	2038-2039	26
45	2039-2040	26
46	2040-2041	26
47	2041-2042	26
48	2042-2043	26
49	2043-2044	26
50	2044-2045	26
51	2045-2046	26
52	2046-2047	26
53	2047-2048	26
54	2048-2049	26
55	2049-2050	26
56	2050-2051	26
57	2051-2052	26
58	2052-2053	26
59	2053-2054	26
60	2054-2055	26
61	2055-2056	26
62	2056-2057	26
63	2057-2058	26
64	2058-2059	26
65	2059-2060	26
66	2060-2061	26
67	2061-2062	26
68	2062-2063	26
69	2063-2064	26
70	2064-2065	26
71	2065-2066	26
72	2066-2067	26
73	2067-2068	26
74	2068-2069	26
75	2069-2070	26
76	2070-2071	26
77	2071-2072	26
78	2072-2073	26
79	2073-2074	26
80	2074-2075	26
81	2075-2076	26
82	2076-2077	26
83	2077-2078	26
84	2078-2079	26
85	2079-2080	26
86	2080-2081	26
87	2081-2082	26
88	2082-2083	26
89	2083-2084	26
90	2084-2085	26
91	2085-2086	26
92	2086-2087	26
93	2087-2088	26
94	2088-2089	26
95	2089-2090	26
96	2090-2091	26
97	2091-2092	26
98	2092-2093	26
99	2093-2094	26
100	2094-2095	26
101	2095-2096	26
102	2096-2097	26
103	2097-2098	26
104	2098-2099	26
105	2099-20100	26

9934/1984 14801003

E000655

CER 051740

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E000699

CER 051741

Surface Soil Varieties

	SILK	SILK 6	SILK 8	SILK 9	SILK 6	SILK 8	SILK 9	SILK 6	SILK 8	SILK 9	SILK 6	SILK 8	SILK 9	SILK 6	SILK 8	SILK 9	SILK 6	SILK 8	SILK 9
Sample Name	MC-56-16-0	MC-56-17	MC-56-18	MC-56-19	MC-56-20	MC-56-21	MC-56-22	MC-56-23-0	MC-56-24	MC-56-25-0	MC-56-26	MC-56-27	MC-56-28	MC-56-29	MC-56-30	MC-56-31	MC-56-32	MC-56-33	MC-56-34
Location	6-1	6-2	6-3	6-4	6-5	6-6	6-7	6-8	6-9	6-10	6-11	6-12	6-13	6-14	6-15	6-16	6-17	6-18	6-19
Date Sampled	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86
Chromatograms																			
1. Benzene																			
2. Toluene																			
3. Ethylbenzene																			
4. Propiophenone																			
5. Methylbenzene																			
6. Acetone																			
7. Carbon Disulfide																			
8. Formaldehyde																			
9. 1,1-Dichloroethane																			
10. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane																			
11. Chloroform																			
12. 1,2-Dichloroethane																			
13. 1,3-Dichloroethane																			
14. Carbon Tetrachloride																			
15. Ethyl Acetate																			
16. Hexane																			
17. Heptane																			
18. 1,2-Dichloropropane																			
19. 1,1,2,3-Tetrachloropropane																			
20. Isobutene																			
21. Isobutylbenzene																			
22. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane																			
23. Benzene																			
24. 1,1,2,3-Tetrachloropropane																			
25. 2-Chloroethyl Propyl Ether																			
26. Bromobutane																			
27. 1-Methyl-3-pentanone																			
28. 2-Bromopropane																			
29. Isobutylbenzene																			
30. 1,1,2,3-Tetrachloropropane																			
31. Tolane																			
32. Chlorobutane																			
33. Ethylbenzene																			
34. Styrene																			
35. Isobutene																			
36. Total Spikes																			

CER 051742

E000700

Surface Soil Volatiles

SITE	SITE 1	SITE 2	SITE 3
SAMPLE NUMBER	DC-SS-04	DC-SS-07	DC-SS-08
LOCATION/GRID	NE	NE	NE
DATE SAMPLED	11-13-04	11-13-04	11-13-04
1 Chloromethane			
2 Bromoethane			
3 Vinyl Chloride			
4 Chloroethane			
5 Methylene Chloride	50.0	32.0	26.0
6 Acetone	10.00	33.0	12.00
7 Carbon Disulfide			
8 1,1-Dichloroethane			
9 1,1,1-Trichloroethane			
10 trans-1,2-Dichloroethane			
11 Ethylacetate			
12 1,2-Dichloroethane			
13 2-Bromo (ME)	34.0	30.0	33.0
14 1,1,1-Trichloroethane			
15 Carbon Tetrafluoride			
16 Vinyl Acetate			
17 Bromodichloromethane			
18 1,2-Dichloropropene			
19 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene			
20 Isobutene			
21 Diisobutylene			
22 1,1,2-Trichloroethane			
23 Benzene			
24 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene			
25 2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether			
26 Isopropane			
27 4-Methyl-2-pentanone			
28 2-Hexanone			
29 Tetrachloroethane			
30 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane			
31 Toluene			
32 Chlorobenzene			
33 Ethylbenzene			
34 Styrene			
35 Total Aromatics			

CER 051743

ECO0701

Surface Series Concentrations

SITE	SURF 6	SURF 7	SURF 8	SURF 9	SURF 10	SURF 11	SURF 12	SURF 13	SURF 14	SURF 15	SURF 16	SURF 17	SURF 18	SURF 19	SURF 20	SURF 21	SURF 22	SURF 23	SURF 24	SURF 25	SURF 26	SURF 27	SURF 28	SURF 29	SURF 30	SURF 31	SURF 32	SURF 33	SURF 34	SURF 35	SURF 36	SURF 37	SURF 38	SURF 39	SURF 40
1. Phenol																																			
2. 4-Nitrophenyl ester																																			
3-Chlorophenol																																			
4. 4-Nitrophenol																																			
5. 4-Nitrophenoxide																																			
6. 4-Nitroanisole																																			
7. 4-Nitrophenyl acetate																																			
8. 4-Nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
9. 4-Nitrophenyl phenol																																			
10. 4-Nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
11. 4-Nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
12. 4-Nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
13. Nitrobenzene																																			
14. Phenol																																			
15. 2-Nitrophenol																																			
16. 2,4-Dinitrophenol																																			
17. Benzene																																			
18. 4-Nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
19. 2,4-Dinitrophenol																																			
20. 1,2,4-Tri-nitrobenzene																																			
21. Nitrophenoxide																																			
22. Nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
23. 4-Chloro-2-nitrophenol																																			
24. 2-Nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
25. Menthylphenyl phenyl ether																																			
26. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrobenzene																																			
27. 2,4,4-Tri-nitrophenol																																			
28. 2-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether																																			
29. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrobenzene																																			
30. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenol																																			
31. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenoxide																																			
32. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
33. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
34. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
35. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
36. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
37. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
38. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
39. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			
40. 1,1,1-Tris-nitrophenyl phenyl ether																																			

E000702
CER 051764

Surface Soil Formulations

SIN	SIN	SIN	SIN	SIN	SIN	SIN	SIN	SIN
Sample Number	SC-55-10	SC-55-11	SC-55-12	SC-55-13	SC-55-14	SC-55-15	SC-55-16	SC-55-17
Latitude	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Date Sampled	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86	11-11-86
Percent								
1. Diamon								
2. 1,2-Dichloroethane								
3. 1,3-Dichloroethane								
4. 1,1,1-Trichloroethane								
5. Acetyl Chloride								
6. Acetone								
7. 1,2-Dichloropropane								
8. 1,1-Dichloroethane								
9. 1,1,2-Trichloroethane								
10. 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane								
11. 1,1,1,2,2-Penta chloroethane								
12. Benzene								
13. Chloroform								
14. Ethylbenzene								
15. Methylene chloride								
16. Toluene								
17. Xylenes								
18. 2,3-Dichloropropane								
19. 2,4-Dichlorophenol								
20. 2,4,4,4-Tetrachloroethane								
21. Dibutylamine								
22. 4-Chloroaniline								
23. Methylbenzene								
24. 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol								
25. 3-Methylbenzene								
26. Methylbenzylbenzene								
27. 2,3,4-Trichlorophenol								
28. 2,4,4,4-Tetrachlorophenol								
29. 2-Chlorophenol								
30. 2-Methoxybenzene								

CER 051745

E000703

Surface Soil Solventables

SITE	SITE A	SITE B	SITE C	SITE D	SITE E	SITE F	SITE G	SITE H	SITE I	SITE J	SITE K	SITE L	SITE M	SITE N	SITE O	SITE P	SITE Q	SITE R	SITE S
Sample Number	PC-50-13	PC-50-14	PC-50-15	PC-50-16	PC-50-17	PC-50-18	PC-50-19	PC-50-20	PC-50-21	PC-50-22	PC-50-23	PC-50-24	PC-50-25	PC-50-26	PC-50-27	PC-50-28	PC-50-29	PC-50-30	PC-50-31
Location/Depth	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1	6-1
Site Sample	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40	10-10-40
1	Benzyl Phthalate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Acenaphthylene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Acenaphthene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Acenaphthylene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	2,6-Dinitrophenol	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	2-Nitrophenol	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Benzenehexa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Benzenehexa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Benzenehexa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Benzyl Phthalate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Chlorophenyl Phenylether	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	Fluorophenol	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Halogenobenzoic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14	1,6-Dinitro-2-naphthalene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	3-Methoxybenzoic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	3-Nitrobenzoic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Monochlorobenzoic acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Pentachlorophenol	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19	Phenanthrene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20	Phthalic anhydride	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Phenyl benzyl phthalate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	Phenanthrene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23	Phenol	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24	Phenyl benzyl phthalate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Phenyl phenyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
26	Phenylphenol	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	Phenyl phenyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
28	Phenol	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
29	Phenyl phenyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30	Benzoic Acid Anhydride	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
31	Benzoic Acid anhydride	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
32	Benzoic Acid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]phthalene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
34	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]phthalene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35	Indeno[1,2,3-cd]phthalene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CER 051746

E000704

Surine Soil Concentrations

SITE	NAME	NAME	SITE 1	SITE 2	SITE 3
Surine Soil Concentrations			SC-52-40	SC-52-50	SC-52-60
Surine Soil Concentrations				SC-52-70	SC-52-80
Surine Soil Concentrations			11-03-60	11-03-60	11-03-60
				11-03-60	11-03-60
					11-03-60
1	Bis(2-Phenoxy)ethane				
2	Acrylonitrile				
3	1-Nitropropane				
4	Aromatic hydrocarbons				
5	2,4-Dinitrophenol				
6	4-Nitrophenol				
7	Phenol				
8	2,6-Naphthalenediol				
9	2,6-Naphthalenediol-2-methylphenol				
10	2-Chlorophenoxyacetic acid				
11	Fluorine				
12	4-Nitroaniline				
13	4,4'-Bis(2-chlorophenoxy)benzene				
14	4-Bromophenoxyphenyl ether				
15	Monochlorobenzene				
16	4-Chloroether phenol				
17	Phenolbenzoate				
18	Anisole				
19	Bis(2-Butyl)phthalate		120.4	1200.0	1000.0
20	Fluoranthene				
21	Pyrene				
22	Bis(2-Nonyl)phthalate				
23	1,3-Dichlorobenzene				
24	Diphenylmethane				
25	4-Nitro-2-phenoxyphenyl ether				
26	Chrysene				
27	Di-n-butyl phthalate				
28	Dimethyl formamide				
29	Dimethyl formic acid				
30	Dimethyl sulfide				
31	Dimethyl sulfone				
32	Dimethyl sulfide phenyl ether				
33	Dimethyl sulfoxide				
34	Dimethyl sulfoxide phenyl ether				
35	Dimethyl sulfone phenyl ether				

E000705

CER 051747

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CER 051748

E000706

E000707

CER 051749

99-01-01 99-01-01 99-01-01
 35 35 35
 199-01-01 199-01-01 199-01-01

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Sight Seal Logbook

SITE	NAME	TIME J	TIME K	TIME L	TIME M	TIME N	TIME O	TIME P	TIME Q
1	Alpha	06-55-40	06-55-40	06-55-40	06-55-40	06-55-40	06-55-40	06-55-40	06-55-40
2	Beta	10-11-30	10-11-30	10-11-30	10-11-30	10-11-30	10-11-30	10-11-30	10-11-30
3	Gamma								
4	Delta								
5	Epsilon								
6	Zeta								
7	Eta								
8	Theta								
9	Iota								
10	Kappa								
11	Lambda								
12	Mu								
13	Nu								
14	Xi								
15	Omicron								
16	Rho								
17	Sigma								
18	Tau								
19	Upsilon								
20	Phi								
21	Chi								
22	Psi								
23	Omicron								
24	Omega								
25	Theta								
26	Gamma								
27	Delta								
28	Epsilon								
29	Zeta								
30	Eta								
31	Iota								
32	Kappa								
33	Lambda								
34	Mu								
35	Nu								
36	Xi								
37	Omicron								
38	Rho								
39	Sigma								
40	Tau								
41	Upsilon								
42	Phi								
43	Chi								
44	Psi								
45	Omicron								
46	Omega								
47	Theta								
48	Gamma								
49	Delta								
50	Epsilon								
51	Zeta								
52	Eta								
53	Iota								
54	Kappa								
55	Lambda								
56	Mu								
57	Nu								
58	Xi								
59	Omicron								
60	Rho								
61	Sigma								
62	Tau								
63	Upsilon								
64	Phi								
65	Chi								
66	Psi								
67	Omicron								
68	Omega								
69	Theta								
70	Gamma								
71	Delta								
72	Epsilon								
73	Zeta								
74	Eta								
75	Iota								
76	Kappa								
77	Lambda								
78	Mu								
79	Nu								
80	Xi								
81	Omicron								
82	Rho								
83	Sigma								
84	Tau								
85	Upsilon								
86	Phi								
87	Chi								
88	Psi								
89	Omicron								
90	Omega								
91	Theta								
92	Gamma								
93	Delta								
94	Epsilon								
95	Zeta								
96	Eta								
97	Iota								
98	Kappa								
99	Lambda								
100	Mu								
101	Nu								
102	Xi								
103	Omicron								
104	Rho								
105	Sigma								
106	Tau								
107	Upsilon								
108	Phi								
109	Chi								
110	Psi								
111	Omicron								
112	Omega								
113	Theta								
114	Gamma								
115	Delta								
116	Epsilon								
117	Zeta								
118	Eta								
119	Iota								
120	Kappa								
121	Lambda								
122	Mu								
123	Nu								
124	Xi								
125	Omicron								
126	Rho								
127	Sigma								
128	Tau								
129	Upsilon								
130	Phi								
131	Chi								
132	Psi								
133	Omicron								
134	Omega								
135	Theta								
136	Gamma								
137	Delta								
138	Epsilon								
139	Zeta								
140	Eta								
141	Iota								
142	Kappa								
143	Lambda								
144	Mu								
145	Nu								
146	Xi								
147	Omicron								
148	Rho								
149	Sigma								
150	Tau								
151	Upsilon								
152	Phi								
153	Chi								
154	Psi								
155	Omicron								
156	Omega								
157	Theta								
158	Gamma								
159	Delta								
160	Epsilon								
161	Zeta								
162	Eta								
163	Iota								
164	Kappa								
165	Lambda								
166	Mu								
167	Nu								
168	Xi								
169	Omicron								
170	Rho								
171	Sigma								
172	Tau								
173	Upsilon								
174	Phi								
175	Chi								
176	Psi								
177	Omicron								
178	Omega								
179	Theta								
180	Gamma								
181	Delta								
182	Epsilon								
183	Zeta								
184	Eta								
185	Iota								
186	Kappa								
187	Lambda								
188	Mu								
189	Nu								
190	Xi								
191	Omicron								
192	Rho								
193	Sigma								
194	Tau								
195	Upsilon								
196	Phi								
197	Chi								
198	Psi								
199	Omicron								
200	Omega								
201	Theta								
202	Gamma								
203	Delta								
204	Epsilon								
205	Zeta								
206	Eta								
207	Iota								
208	Kappa								
209	Lambda								
210	Mu								
211	Nu								
212	Xi								
213	Omicron								
214	Rho								
215	Sigma								
216	Tau								

Subsurface Solvent Volatiles

SITE	SITE 6	SITE 6	BLANK	SITE 6	SITE 6	SITE 6	BLANK	SITE 6	SITE 6	SITE 6	SITE 6	BLANK	SITE 6				
SAMPLE NUMBER	BC-68-26	BC-61-27	BC-68-29	BC-62-30	BC-62-31	BC-62-32	BC-62-33	BC-62-34	BC-62-35	BC-62-36	BC-62-37	BC-62-38	BC-62-39	BC-62-40	BC-62-41	BC-62-42	BC-62-43
SAMPLE DEPIG	0-10'	10'-20'	20'-30'	30'-40'	40'-50'	50'-60'	60'-70'	70'-80'	80'-90'	90'-100'	100'-110'	110'-120'	120'-130'	130'-140'	140'-150'	150'-160'	160'-170'
DATE SAMPLED	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07	1-12-07
1 Chloroethane																	
2 Bromoethane																	
3 Vinyl Chloride																	
4 Chloroethene																	
5 Methylene Chloride	0.00	15.0	9.0	6221.0	7112.0	662.0	0.00	3.00	3.00	821.00	1082.00	0.00	0.00	106.00	670.00	0.00	0.00
6 Acetone	32.0	266.0		6699.0	3648.0	16500.0	20.0	1900.00	2250.00	5502.0	6118.0	10.0	10.0	17.00	1200.0	6.00	6.00
7 Carbon Disulfide																	
8 1,1-Dichloroethane																	
9 1,1,1-Trichloroethane																	
10 trans-1,2-Dichloroethane																	
11 Chloroform																	
12 1,2-Dichloropropane																	
13 2-Butanone (MEK)	36.0	39.0	22.0	13200.0	17700.0	6100.0		22.0	15.0	3483.0	4951.0	27.0	34.0	17286	9315.0		
14 1,1,1-Trichloroethene																	
15 Carbon Tetrachloride																	
16 Vinyl Acetate																	
17 Bromodichloromethane																	
18 1,2-Dichloropropene																	
19 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene																	
20 Isobutane																	
21 Debranchedchloromethane																	
22 1,1,2-Trichloroethane																	
23 Decane																	
24 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene																	
25 2-Chlorovinyl Vinyl Ether																	
26 Gaseous																	
27 4-Methyl-2-pentanone																	
28 2-Hexanone																	
29 Tetrahydrofuran	9.0		13970	5261													
30 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane																	
31 Isobutene																	
32 Chlorobenzene																	
33 Ethylbenzene																	
34 Styrene																	
35 Total Volatiles																	

CER 051252

E000740

Subsurface Soils Variations

SITE	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	BLANK	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1
SAMPLE NUMBER	BC-15-01	BC-15-02	BC-16-03	BC-16-04	BC-17-05	BC-17-06	BC-17-07-0	BC-19-08	BC-19-09	BC-19-10	BC-19-11	BC-19-12	BC-19-13	BC-19-14	BC-19-15	BC-19-16	BC-20-01	
SAMPLE API#	1'-27.5'	20'-20'	10'-25'		3.5'-12.5'	13'-23'	13'-23'	6'-23'	24'-30'	15'-30'	6'-20'	24'-30'	15'-20'	24'-30'	15'-20'	24'-30'	15'-20'	24'-30'
DATE SAMPLED	1-30-07	1-30-07	2-2-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07
1 Chloroethane																		
2 Bromoethane																		
3 Vinyl Chloride																		
4 Chloroethene																		
5 Methylene Chloride	5207.0	5310.0	1067.0J		6.0	7.0	15.0	15.0	1117.0J	91.0J	236.0J	107.0J	16.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
6 Acetone	10561.0	6726.0	13790.0	10-20	1950.0J	850.0J	910.0J	13372.0	5287.0	6300.0	1261.0	704.0	1061.0	1061.0	1061.0	1061.0	1061.0	1061.0
7 Carbon Disulfide																		
8 1,1-Dichloroethane																		
9 1,1-Dibromoethane																		
10 trans-1,2-Dichloroethane									2.0									
11 Chloroform																		
12 1,2-Dichloroethene																		
13 2-Bromo MEK	13970.0	9794.0	9702.0	10	30			20	10731.0	6039.0	8600.0	13676.0	148.0	12.0	27.0			
14 1,1,1-Trichloroethane																		
15 Carbon Tetrachloride																		
16 Vinyl Acetate																		
17 Bromodichloroethane																		
18 1,2-Dichloropropene																		
19 trans-1,3-Dichloropropene																		
20 Trichloroethane	3010																	
21 6-Bromochloroethane																		
22 1,1,2-Trichloroethane																		
23 Xylene	26130	637.0	2156						1066.0	107.0	1048.0	3100		2.0				
24 cis-1,3-Dichloropropene																		
25 2-Chloromethyl Vinyl Ether																		
26 Bromoform																		
27 4-Methyl-2-pentanone			6130															
28 2-Hexanone																		
29 Tetrahydroethane	2667	2750																
30 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane																		
31 Tolane	20130.0	1627.00	5007						27910	1551.0	5120	1037	00					
32 Chlorobenzene	65120	10160	7024		10				3210	915	2600	100700	2010					
33 Ethylbenzene	9770	3468	5002						500.0	203.0	8160	1625.0	350					
34 Styrene																		
35 Total Simes	11040	1632.0	4150						867.0	102.0	2760	100.0	00					

CER 051753

E000721

Subsurface Soil Varieties

	SITE	SITE P	SITE P'	SITE P''	SITE P''''	SITE P'''''	SITE Q	SITE Q'	SITE Q''	SITE Q''''	SITE Q'''''	SITE R	SITE R'	SITE R''	SITE S	SITE S'	SITE S''	SITE S''''	SITE S'''''
1	Chert	85-22-34	85-22-35	85-22-36	85-22-37	85-22-38	85-22-39	85-22-40	85-22-41	85-22-42	85-22-43	85-22-44	85-22-45	85-22-46	85-22-47	85-22-48	85-22-49	85-22-50	85-22-51
2	Bentonite	75-35'	16'-25'	16'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'	15'-25'
3	Young Chert	2-11-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'	2-12-30'
4	Chert																		
5	Multiform Chert																		
6	Calcareous Chert																		
7	Calcareous Chert																		
8	1-1-Bentonite																		
9	1-1-Bentonite																		
10	1-1-1-Bentonite																		
11	Chert																		
12	1-1-Bentonite																		
13	2-Bentonite (Bentonite)																		
14	1-1-1-Bentonite																		
15	Calcareous Chert																		
16	Young Chert																		
17	Bentonite Chert																		
18	1-1-Bentonite																		
19	Iron-1-1-Bentonite																		
20	Iron-Bentonite																		
21	Bentonite-Chert																		
22	1-1-2-Bentonite																		
23	Bentonite																		
24	1-1-1-Bentonite																		
25	2-Older Chert (Chert)																		
26	Bentonite																		
27	1-1-1-Bentonite																		
28	2-1-Bentonite																		
29	Iron-Bentonite																		
30	1-1-2-1-Bentonite																		
31	Bentonite																		
32	Chert																		
33	Chert																		
34	Slates																		
35	Local Limestone																		

CER 051754

E000712

Substance Series Concentrations

SITE	SITE 6	SITE 6	NAME	SITE 6	SITE 6	SITE 6	NAME	SITE 6	SITE 6	SITE 6	NAME	SITE 6	SITE 6	SITE 6	NAME	SITE 6	SITE 6
SAMPLE NUMBER	DC-60-26	DC-61-27	DC-60-29	DC-62-30	DC-62-31	DC-63-33	DC-63-34	DC-64-35	DC-64-36	DC-65-37	DC-66-38	DC-67-39	DC-68-40	DC-69-41	DC-60-70		
SAMPLE DEPTH	6-10'	10-20'		5'-15'	5'-15'	10'-20'		5'-20'	5'-20'	5'-30'		10'-30'		10'-30'		10'-20'	
DATE SAMPLED	1-12-87	1-12-87	1-10-87	1-10-87	1-14-87	1-26-87	1-26-87	1-26-87	1-26-87	1-27-87	1-27-87	1-23-87	1-24-87	1-24-87	1-24-87	1-24-87	
1. Phenol																177000	
2. bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether																9163 J	
3. 2-Chlorophenol																	
4. 1,3-Dichlorobenzene																	
5. 1,4-Dichlorobenzene																	
6. Benzyl Alcohol																	
7. 1,2-Dichloroethane																	
8. 2-Nitrophenol																	
9. bis(2-Chloroethylpropyl) ether																	
10. 4-Nitrophenol																	
11. 2-Nitroanisole- <i>p</i> -Propylbenzene																	
12. Menthylbenzene																	
13. Nitrobenzene																	
14. Isophorone																	
15. 2-Nitrophenol																	
16. 2,4-Dichlorophenol																	
17. Benzoic Acid																	
18. bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether																	
19. 2,4-Dichlorophenol																	
20. 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene																	
21. Napthalene																	
22. 6-Chloronitro																	
23. Menthylbenzene																	
24. 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol																	
25. 2-Nitroisopropylbenzene																	
26. Menthylbenzyl isopropylbenzene																	
27. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol																	
28. 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol																	
29. 2-Chloronaphthalene																	
30. 2-Nitroanisole																	

CER 051755

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Journal Soil Sediment

CER 051756

E000714

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CER 051757

Indoor fast food establishments

97-20503

Subunit interactions

CER 051758

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CER 051759

E000717

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CEB 051760

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Subsurface Soils Correlation

SITE	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	NAME	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1	SITE 1
SAMPLE NUMBER	SC-12-39	SC-13-00	SC-13-01	SC-13-02	SC-13-03	SC-13-04	SC-13-05	SC-13-06	SC-13-07	SC-13-08	SC-13-09	SC-13-10	SC-13-11	SC-13-12	SC-13-13	SC-13-14
SAMPLE DEPTH	3'-25'	5'-15'	5'-27.5'	20'-30'	10'-25'		5.5'-12.5'	13'-25'	13'-25'	6'-25'	20'-30'	17'-20'	8'-10'	26'-30'		
DATE SAMPLED	1-20-02	1-29-02	1-30-02	1-30-02	2-2-02		2-3-02	2-3-02	2-3-02	2-3-02	2-4-02	2-4-02	2-4-02	2-4-02	2-4-02	2-4-02
1	Bis(ethyl Phthalate															
2	Arenaphthrene															
3	3-Hexanone															
4	Arenaphthene															
5	2,6-Benzoephene															
6	4-Benzoephene															
7	Benzofuran															
8	2,4-Benzoindene															
9	2,6-Benzoindene															
10	Bis(phenyl)ether															
11	4-Chlorophenyl-phenyl ether															
12	Fluorene															
13	4-Hexanone															
14	4,4'-Bis[2-methyl]phenol															
15	8-Hydroxyphenylacetone	12900 J		100130 J												
16	4-Chlorophenyl-phenyl ether															
17	Benzochromanone	11700		127000	17700	32500 J										
18	2-Methoxyphenol															
19	Phenanthrene															
20	Anthrane															
21	Bis(2-methyl phthalate															
22	Fluoranthene															
23	Pyrene															
24	Bis(2-methyl phthalate															
25	3,3'-Bichlorobenzidine															
26	Benzotrichloroethene															
27	Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	31050 J					130000			2375				8700 J		
28	Cyclopane															
29	Bis(2-methyl phthalate															
30	Benzothiophenanthrene															
31	Benzothiophenanthrene															
32	Benzothiophene															
33	Indeno(1,2,3- <i>cd</i>)Pyrene															
34	Benzod(g,h,i)Perylene															
35	Benzoc(1,2,3- <i>cd</i>)ace															

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CER 051762

Subway Series Test/PMCs

Site	Site 8	Site 6	Site 4	Site 6															
Sample 1	BC 61-36	BC 61-71	BC 62-29	BC 62-34															
Sample 2	6-16	10-26	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15	5-15
Site 1	1-12-01	1-12-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01	1-14-01
1	Algebraic																		
2	Ratio																		
3	Ratio-2MC																		
4	Ratio-1MC																		
5	Algebraic																		
6	Ratio																		
7	Algebraic (spare)																		
8	Algebraic																		
9	Algebraic																		
10	Ratio																		
11	Ratio																		
12	Ratio-11																		
13	6-17-00																		
14	Exponential																		
15	6-17-00																		
16	Exponential																		
17	Ratio-10																		
18	Quadratic																		
19	Exponential																		
20	Algebraic-1014																		
21	Algebraic-1271																		
22	Algebraic-1212																		
23	Algebraic-1242																		
24	Algebraic-1208																		
25	Algebraic-1254																		
26	Algebraic-1260																		

CER 051763

E000721

Subsurface Soils Post/PCB

SITE	SITE 1	SITE 2	SITE 3	DEPTH	SITE 4	SITE 5	SITE 6	SITE 7	SITE 8	SITE 9	SITE 10	SITE 11	SITE 12	SITE 13	SITE 14	SITE 15	SITE 16
SAMPLE NUMBER	BC-15-01	BC-15-02	BC-15-03	BC-16-04	BC-17-05	BC-17-06	BC-17-07	BC-18-08	BC-18-09	BC-18-10	BC-18-11	BC-18-12	BC-18-13	BC-18-14	BC-18-15	BC-18-16	
SAMPLE DEPTH	3-12.5'	20-30'	16-25'		3.5-12.5'	13-25'	11-23'	6-25'	20-30'	15-30'	6-20'	6-20'	6-20'	6-20'	6-20'	6-20'	
DATE SAMPLED	1-30-07	1-30-07	2-2-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	2-3-07	
1. Alpha-DEC																	
2. Beta-DEC																	
3. Delta-DEC																	
4. Gamma-DEC (Uranium)																	
5. Neptunium																	
6. Americium																	
7. Uranium Oxide																	
8. Eudialyte																	
9. Dendrite																	
10. U, Th -REE																	
11. Andite																	
12. Eudialyte II																	
13. U, Th -REE																	
14. Eudialyte Gallate																20600	6642
15. U, Th -REE																	6303
16. Neptunium																	
17. Andite Lattice																	
18. Olivine																	
19. Enstatite																	
20. ARRIE-1016																	
21. ARRIE-10171																	
22. ARRIE-101732																	
23. ARRIE-101742																	
24. ARRIE-101746																	
25. ARRIE-101750																	
26. ARRIE-101760																	
	347900 J	86100														20400 J	

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Subsurface Soil Inorganics

SITE	SITE A	SITE B	SITE C	SITE D	SITE E	SITE F	SITE G	SITE H	SITE I	SITE J	SITE K	SITE L	SITE M	SITE N	SITE O	SITE P
SAMPLE NUMBER	BC-22-12	BC-23-13	BC-24-08	BC-25-25	BC-25-32	BC-26-01	BC-26-02	BC-26-03	BC-26-04	BC-26-05	BC-26-06	BC-26-07	BC-26-08	BC-26-09	BC-26-10	BC-26-11
SAMPLE DEPTH	15'-25'	0'-10'	0'-10'	0'-10'	0'-10'	12'-22'	12'-22'	12'-22'	12'-22'	12'-22'	12'-22'	12'-22'	12'-22'	12'-22'	12'-22'	12'-22'
DATE SAMPLED	12-17-06	12-17-06	12-16-07	1-12-07	1-22-07	12-12-06	12-12-06	12-12-06	12-12-06	12-12-06	12-12-06	12-12-06	12-12-06	12-12-06	12-12-06	12-12-06
1 Aluminum	5426	2522	4708	9073	10076	9397	10697	5265	7380	1120	1378	9763	1926	9185	150	
2 Antimony								32								
3 Arsenic	2.0	6.0	9.0	8.0	9.0	4.0	3.0	172	22.0	60.0	3.0	2.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	12.0
4 Barium	306	60	312	262	192	610	197	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	192	192
5 Boron																
6 Boron																
7 Cadmium	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8 Chromium, trivalent	7	25	35	22	15	16	15	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
9 Cobalt	0	3	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10 Copper	0	03	44	39	129	12	105	101	82	101	101	101	101	101	101	101
11 Iron	3326	5409	3765	22630	24660	13046	16053	5560	13099	1500	1306	820	627	10018	11700	
12 Lead	3.0	10.0	107.0	132.0	210.0	63.0	9.0	166	41	5.0	5.0	20	10.0	70.0	10.0	10.0
13 Manganese	103	877	999	300	466	343	759	46	169	16	16	160	82	629	231.0	
14 Mercury																
15 Nickel	0	72	20	20	21	10	21	460	2302	81	95	11	16	25.0		
16 Selenium																
17 Silver																
18 Thallium																
19 Tin																
20 Vanadium																
21 Zinc	20	70	235	263	363	170	20	100	160	11	10	12	10	70	182	66.0
22 Zymoide			9													

CER 051767

E00075

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APPENDIX E

SUMMARY TABLES FOR SITE-SPECIFIC
CONTAMINANT LOADING TO THE
MISSISSIPPI RIVER

CER 051768

CER 051769

E000727

CONTINUOUS LOADINGS TO AVERAGE AND TO MAXIMUM RIVER IN STATE 4

Table 6.4

Month	Date	River	River State	Avg. Conc. (mg/L)	Avg. Conc. (mg/L)	Landing		Polymerization		Landing		Bio-Corrosion		Landing		Total Oxide		
						to River	to River	Ave. Conc.										
January	2,020.00	-10.00	10,100.0	-0.01 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-1.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³								
February	2,020.00	-10.00	10,100.0	-0.01 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.01 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³								
March	2,020.00	-0.00	10,100.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³								
April	2,020.00	-0.00	10,100.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³								
May	2,020.00	-0.00	10,100.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³								
June	2,020.00	-0.00	10,100.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³								
July	2,020.00	-0.00	10,100.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³								
August	2,020.00	-0.00	10,100.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³								
September	2,020.00	-17.00	10,100.0	-0.01 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.01 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³								
October	2,020.00	-10.00	10,100.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³								
November	2,020.00	-10.00	10,100.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³								
December	2,020.00	-10.00	10,100.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	1,000.0	-0.10 ± 10 ⁻³	0.70	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³	0.00	-0.00 ± 10 ⁻³								

* Total organic carbon.

** Polymerization.

*** Not detected.

**** Negative sign designates continuous migration toward the river.

Source: Sediment and Environment, Inc. 1989.

CER 051770

E000728

CONTAMINANT LOADINGS IN RIVERS AND TO MANUFACTURERS PLANT IN TABLE I

Month	Flow Rate @ Ave. Conc. (m ³ /day)	Total loadings (kg/day)	Wastewater		Loadings		Contaminant Release		Loadings		Manufacturers plant		Loadings		Total plant		Loadings	
			To Rivers	Ave. Conc. (mg/l)	To Rivers	Ave. Conc. (mg/l)	To Rivers	Ave. Conc. (mg/l)	To Rivers	Ave. Conc. (mg/l)	Total plant	To Rivers	Ave. Conc. (mg/l)	Total plant	To Rivers	Ave. Conc. (mg/l)	Total plant	
January	0.183 89	-0.442	3.726 63	-0.39 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.39 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.39 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.39 ± 10 ⁻³	0.34	0.34	-0.34 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.34 ± 10 ⁻³	0.34	0.34	-0.34 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.34 ± 10 ⁻³
February	0.345 17	-0.442	3.726 63	-0.47 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.47 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.47 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.47 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
March	0.188 34	-0.366	3.726 63	-0.45 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.45 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.45 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.45 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
April	0.341 99	-0.325	3.726 63	-0.41 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.41 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.41 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.41 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
May	0.351 31	-0.319	3.726 63	-0.43 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.43 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.43 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.43 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
June	0.369 62	-0.314	3.726 63	-0.39 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.39 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.39 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.39 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
July	0.373 15	-0.304	3.726 63	-0.37 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.37 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.37 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.37 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
August	0.371 86	-0.311	3.726 63	-0.35 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.35 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.35 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.35 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
September	0.365 56	-0.316	3.726 63	-0.33 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.33 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.33 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.33 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
October	0.188 34	-0.309	3.726 63	-0.31 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.31 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.31 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.31 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
November	0.370 63	-0.310	3.726 63	-0.29 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.29 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.29 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.29 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³
December	0.370 35	-0.309	3.726 63	-0.27 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.27 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.27 ± 10 ⁻³	3.726 63	-0.27 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	0.36	0.36	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³	-0.36 ± 10 ⁻³

* Total organic carbon

** Polycyclic aromatic

*** Not detected

**** Sign denotes contaminant migration toward the river

General Dentistry and Development, Inc. 1988

EQUATIONS

CER 051771

Group/Cell	15/001	15/002	15/003	15/004	15/005	15/006	15/007	15/008	15/009	15/010	15/011	15/012	15/013	15/014	15/015
Positive	2003-0008	00-0009	00010-0010	00011-0011	00012-0012	00013-0013	00014-0014	00015-0015	00016-0016	00017-0017	00018-0018	00019-0019	00020-0020	00021-0021	00022-0022
Negative	00023-0023	00024-0024	00025-0025	00026-0026	00027-0027	00028-0028	00029-0029	00030-0030	00031-0031	00032-0032	00033-0033	00034-0034	00035-0035	00036-0036	00037-0037

3 2010 01 0024 11:31AMZB 01 002 010411 01 001/0721 MPPWUS24023

199

CER 051772

EOD(0)730

1 DATE OF BIRTH TESTIMONY OR BORN TESTIMONY OR BORN TESTIMONY

1898

Table 6-9

CONTAMINANT LOADING TO RIVER DUE TO INTRUDER FLOW AT SHALLOW BORE IN SITE C***

	Source*			Volatiles			Carcinogenic PAHs**			Non-Carcinogenic PAHs**			Total PAHs				
	Area	Flow Rate Q	Ave. Conc.	Leaching		Weighted		Leaching		Weighted Ave. Conc.		Leaching		Total PAHs			
				Weighted	Ave. Conc.	to River	(lb/day)	Weighted	(ug/L)	to River	(lb/day)	Weighted	(ug/L)	to River	Weighted	Ave. Conc.	to River
January	95,162	-300.00	132,000	-0.01	110,000	-0.01	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
February	96,320	-632.50	132,000	-0.01	110,000	-0.01	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
March	101,260	-122.01	132,000	-0.01	110,000	-0.01	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
April	103,660	100.37	132,000	2.00	110,000	2.00	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
May	103,030	335.50	132,000	0.30	110,000	0.30	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
June	103,270	-66.91	132,000	-0.31	110,000	-0.31	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
July	107,947	-691.30	132,000	-0.30	110,000	-0.30	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
August	99,081	-917.46	132,000	-0.31	110,000	-0.31	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
September	96,120	-1,030.41	132,000	-0.30	110,000	-0.30	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
October	93,510	-670.37	132,000	-0.32	110,000	-0.32	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
November	96,654	-810.00	132,000	-0.33	110,000	-0.33	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
December	100,030	-630.32	132,000	-0.30	110,000	-0.30	00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

* Total Organic Carbon

** Polycyclic aromatic

*** Data from monitoring wells 66-21, 66-22, 66-23, and 66-24 were used to calculate weighted average concentrations.

00 Not detected.

Negative sign designates contaminant migration toward the river.

Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1990

E000221

CER 051773

52775
051778

1000733

... *... these four main categories were used and were found to be effective in a*
... *... developmental direction.*
... *... these three stages clearly*

...O SAIU DE SUAS DAVIGAÇÕES A VIDA TORNOU-SE UM CAOS. SEU MUNDO DE AMORES E INIMICOS

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APPENDIX F

TOXICITY PROFILES FOR SELECTED
CONTAMINANTS OF CONCERN

CER 051776

E000734

ARSENIC

Environmental Chemistry and Fate

Arsenic may be released to the atmosphere as a gas or vapor; or absorbed to particulate matter and transported to other media by dry or wet deposition (ATSDR 1987a). Because trivalent arsenic may undergo oxidation in the air, atmospheric arsenic is usually a mixture of trivalent and pentavalent forms. Most airborne arsenic is usually adsorbed on small diameter particulate matter. Photolysis is not considered to be an important fate process for arsenic.

Arsenic in surface water can undergo a complex pattern of transformations: oxidation-reduction, ligand exchange, biotransformation, and precipitation and adsorption (Callahan 1979). As a consequence of these reactions, arsenic is extremely mobile in aquatic systems, and river-borne arsenic is capable of being transported great distances. Factors most strongly influencing the rates of these reactions include: Eh, Ph, metal sulfide and sulfide ion concentrations, iron concentration, presence of phosphorus minerals, temperature, salinity, and distribution and composition of biota (Callahan 1979).

Sorption onto clays, iron oxides, manganese compounds, and organic matter is an important fate in surface water, with sediment serving as a reservoir for most of the arsenic entering surface water. Sediment-bound trivalent and pentavalent arsenic, methylated by aerobic and an-aerobic microorganisms, may be released back into the water column.

Soluble forms of arsenic adsorb to soil and travel with the soil matter with which they are associated. Shifts in oxidation state may occur in either direction, depending on the particular characteristics of the soil and groundwater. Volatilization of methylated arsenics from groundwater is possible.

Arsenic in soil is predominantly found in an insoluble, adsorbed form. Clay with high anion-exchange capacity strongly adsorbs pentavalent arsenic. Other important adsorption processes include complexation and chelation by organic material, iron, or calcium. Leaching of arsenic is usually important in the top 30 centimeters of soil, but may also be important at greater depth in sandy soils. Arsenate predominates in aerobic soils; arsenite in slightly reduced soils; arsine,

genicity studies have reported conflicting results. Several studies have reported an increased incidence of bronchogenic carcinomas in rats exposed intratracheally to an arsenic-containing pesticide. Reasons for inconsistent carcinogenicity findings in animals may include inappropriate selection of an animal model, and use of flawed study designs. In humans, epidemiologic studies and case reports have reported that arsenic is associated with tumors of the skin, lungs, genital organs, and visual organs (EPA 1984f, EPA 1985c, ATSDR 1987a).

EPA has classified arsenic in Group A, i.e., a human carcinogen, based on extensive evidence of human carcinogenicity through inhalation and ingestion exposure (EPA 1985c).

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

Standards. The current MCL for arsenic under the National Interim Drinking Water Regulations is 50 ug/L. The NAS Drinking Water Committee has analyzed the toxicology of arsenic (NAS 1983a). Based upon this evaluation, NAS recommended the retention of the MCL pending resolution of the question whether arsenic is an essential element in the human diet.

NAS also examined the available epidemiologic studies which were designed to investigate the relationship between arsenic exposure and skin cancer in the United States. The conclusion of the report was that these studies lacked statistical power to determine if arsenic causes skin cancer. However, the report stated that precursors of skin cancer, normally seen in cases of arsenic-induced skin cancer, were not seen in these studies.

Consistent with the NAS recommendations, EPA has proposed that the MCLG remain at the current MCL of 50 ug/L. In its determination, EPA stated that the MCL was below concentrations at which noncarcinogenic toxicity had been demonstrated and was within the concentration range which might be, based on further investigation, essential for humans (EPA 1985c).

CER 051778

Criteria. Based upon recommendations of NAS, EPA has proposed that all health advisories for arsenic be set at 50 ug/L (EPA 1985d). The EPA ambient water quality criterion for the protection of human health

E000716

BENZENE

Environmental Chemistry and Fate

The relevant physical and chemical properties and environmental fate of benzene (CAS No. 71-43-2) are summarized below (EPA 1986a).

Molecular Weight (g/mole)	78
Water Solubility (mg/L at 25°C)	1,750
Vapor Pressure (mmHg at 25°C)	95.2
Henry's Law Constant (atm-m ³ /mole)	5.6 x 10 ⁻³
Log K _{ow}	2.12
K _{oc}	83
BCF	5.2

Benzene has a high water solubility and vapor pressure. As a consequence of these two properties, benzene can be characterized as a highly mobile chemical. For benzene released to air, some rainwater washout is anticipated. After deposition in water or soil, volatilization is expected to return some portion back to the atmosphere. Based on its high Henry's Law Constant, volatilization will result in substantial loss to the atmosphere following release to water.

Due to its high water solubility and high vapor pressure, transport to sediments is not expected to be major surface water fate process.

Benzene released to soil can be transported to air via volatilization, to surface water via runoff, and to groundwater via leaching. The first two pathways predominate in surficial soil, whereas the latter pathway predominates at lower soil depths.

According to criteria developed by Kenaga (1980), benzene with a K_{oc} of 83 would be considered to be mobile in soils. Other factors

CER 051779

E090717

Drinking Water Standards

EPA has established a final drinking water MCL of 5 ug/L (EPA 1987a).

CER 051780

E000708

Cadmium is not reduced or methylated by microorganisms. However, the biological production of sulfide results in cadmium precipitation. Cadmium is strongly accumulated by all organisms, with concentrations in freshwater and marine organisms hundreds to thousands of times higher than in water being typical. Bioaccumulation of cadmium is strongly correlated with soil cation-exchange capacity (CEC), decreasing with increasing CEC. Bioconcentration in aquatic life is greatest for bottom feeders (e.g. mollusks and crustaceans), followed by fish and aquatic plants (ATSDR, 1987h). Bioaccumulation due to the use of cadmium-containing pesticides on food crops has been noted in beef and poultry.

Noncarcinogenic Effects

Acute and chronic exposure to cadmium in animals and humans results in renal dysfunction, hypertension, anemia, and altered liver microsomal activity. The kidney is considered to be the critical target organ in humans chronically exposed to cadmium by ingestion. The early clinical signs of renal injury include proteinuria, glucosuria, and aminoaciduria.

To calculate a drinking water equivalent level (DWEL), EPA used renal dysfunction as an endpoint, and the most widely accepted estimate for the critical (threshold) concentration of cadmium in the renal cortex--200 ug/g. Using a 4.5% absorption of the daily dose and 0.01% excretion in the total body burden per day, EPA calculated an LOAEL of 352 ug/day for renal effects in humans. Incorporating an uncertainty factor of 10, EPA has developed an RfD of 35 ug/day. Adjusting the RfD for consumption of 2 liters of water per day, EPA has derived a provisional DWEL of 18 ug/L (EPA 1985c).

Embryotoxic and teratogenic effects have been demonstrated in many mammalian species following parenteral administration of high doses of cadmium. In contrast, there is little evidence of these effects at lower doses by either of the more relevant inhalation or oral exposure routes (EPA 1981, ATSDR 1987h).

CER 051781

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

Cadmium chloride aerosol administered by inhalation for 18 months produced lung tumors in rats. In contrast, all cancer bioassays in

E000719

CHLOROBENZENE

Environmental Chemistry and Fate

The relevant physical and chemical properties and environmental fate of chlorobenzene (CAS No. 108-90-7) are summarized below (EPA 1986a).

Molecular Weight (g/mole)	113
Water Solubility (mg/L at 25°C)	466
Vapor Pressure (mmHg at 25°C)	11.7
Henry's Law Constant (atm-m ³ /mole)	3.7 × 10 ⁻³
Log K _{ow}	2.84
K _{oc}	330
BCF	10

Chlorobenzene's moderate water solubility, vapor pressure, and Henry's Law Constant indicate that volatilization from surficial soils and surface water is a major transport pathway.

Once adsorbed on soil, the moderate solubility and K_{oc} (330) indicate that chlorobenzene will leach and be transported to groundwater. The degree and rate of leaching will depend on a variety of factors including the soil type, organic carbon content, and the presence of organic solvents in the soil. Once chlorobenzene reaches the groundwater, the K_{oc} indicates that retardation relative to the groundwater flow will occur due to partitioning and adsorption to soil particles.

Current data indicate that degradation of chlorobenzene in aquatic systems is slow (EPA 1985). The estimated BCF of 10 indicates that monochlorobenzene is only slightly bioconcentrated in aquatic life.

CER 051782

E000710

The lifetime HA of 600 ug/L was derived from the NOAEL used in the derivation of the longer-term HA, using an additional uncertainty factor of 10 and assuming that drinking water comprises 20% of the total daily intake.

NAS has estimated, based upon the draft NTP, that a drinking water concentration of 2.3 ug/L would correspond to an estimated one-in-a-million incremental excess lifetime cancer risk (NAS 1983).

EPA has developed an ambient water quality criterion for the protection of human health of 488 ug/L and for organoleptic (odor and taste) effects of 20 ug/L (EPA 1980a).

CER 051783

E000711

Noncarcinogenic Effects

In rodents subjected to acute high oral exposures, CP and DCP elicited respiratory excitation, clonic convulsions, and/or motor weakness (hypotonia). Few long-term animal studies are available. Those few that are available show reduction in hematological parameters or enzyme changes. No data were found concerning effects of CP and DCP on the developing embryo or the reproductive process.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

No data were found concerning the potential carcinogenicity of CP or DCP by the oral route. However, CP and DCP were reported to promote tumors following a single dermal application of dimethylbenzanthracene on mouse skin (Boutwell and Bosch, 1959).

CP has been shown to be mutagenic in Sprague Dawley rats fed 130 mg/kg CP every other day for one week (Chung 1978). In these rats a six-fold increased incidence of chromatid deletions (12% vs. 2% in controls) was seen. Complete inhibition of mitosis was reported in bone marrow cells taken from treated rats.

DCP, tested using the Ames Salmonella microsomal assay, was reported as not mutagenic with and without activation.

Consequently, whereas CP can be classified as mutagenic, there are insufficient data to evaluate the mutagenicity of DCP.

Drinking Water Standards

EPA has not issued any drinking water standards, health advisories, or other criteria for CP or DCP.

CER 051784

E000712

CNS depression; blood dyscrasias; and lung, kidney, and liver damage. Similar data are not available for m-dichlorobenzene (1,3-dichlorobenzene or m-DCB). However, based upon short-term assays, EPA has determined that short-term assessments developed for o-DCB should apply to m-DCB.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

The few studies available on the carcinogenic potential of the DCBs have been negative or insufficient to clearly classify any DCB isomer as carcinogenic. Preliminary results of an NTP gavage bioassay indicate that o-DCB was not carcinogenic under the conditions of the experiment. Pending receipt of the final NTP report for o-DCB, EPA has categorized o-DCB according to Agency weight-of-evidence carcinogenicity criteria in Group D, not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (EPA 1987d). EPA has classified p-DCB in group C, limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies (EPA 1987a).

In general, DCBs have shown little or no mutagenic activity in a range of bacterial systems. However, several studies with mold and plant cultures treated with DCBs have reported mutations and chromosomal alterations (EPA 1987d).

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

EPA has established a final drinking water MCL for p-dichlorobenzene of 75 ug/l (EPA 1987a). This MCL was based on a reference dose of 0.1 mg/kg/day, an uncertainty factor of 10, allocation of 20% of total human intake from all exposure sources to drinking water and various intake and physiological assumptions. EPA is also in the process of establishing an enforceable MCL for o-DCB and p-DCB, but not m-DCB. As a first step in the process, EPA has issued a proposed MCLG for o-DCB based upon a NOAEL reported in a subchronic gavage study in mice and rats. Based upon a NOAEL of 125 mg/kg/day, an uncertainty factor of 100, and the same assumptions as for p-DCB, EPA has derived a proposed MCLG for o-DCB of 620 ug/L.

In the absence of sufficient data, EPA has not developed, and is not in the process of developing, a drinking water standard for m-DCB.

CER 051785

E000713

nausea, and general weakness. Effects on the liver include necrosis and epithelial cell damage, and on the kidney, degeneration of the proximal tubule (EPA 1985b)

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

In a NCI bioassay, EDC administered by gavage was shown to increase the incidence of tumors in both mice and rats. Based upon these data, EPA has classified EDC according to weight-of-evidence carcinogenicity criteria in Group B₂ - probable human carcinogen (EPA 1987a).

EDC has shown to induce gene mutations in bacteria, plants, Drosophila melanogaster, and cultured Chinese hamster ovary cells (EPA 1985i). In addition, EDC has been reported to cause meiotic chromosomal disjunction in Drosophila. Based upon these data, EPA has determined based upon weight-of-evidence criteria that EDC is a mutagen that may have the potential for causing adverse effects in humans (EPA 1985i).

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

Standards. In the first stage of a procedure to establish an enforceable MCL for EDC in drinking water, EPA has established a MCLG of 0. This MCLG was predicated on the EPA conclusion that no exposure to a "probable human carcinogen" is acceptable. Based upon considerations of analytical feasibility and feasibility of control, EPA has issued a MCL for EDC of 5 ug/L.

Criteria. In the absence of suitable data, EPA has not developed 1-day or 10-day RAs for EDC. EPA has, however, developed a longer-term RA based upon a NOAEL reported in a rat inhalation study. Based upon a NOAEL of 405 mg/m³, an uncertainty factor of 100 and various intake assumptions and physiological parameters, EPA derived longer-terms RAs of 740 ug/L (10-kg child) and 2,600 ug/L (70-kg adult) (EPA 1985d). Because EDC was judged to be a probable human carcinogen, EPA did not develop a lifetime RA for noncarcinogenic effects.

EPA has not developed an ambient water quality criterion for EDC for the protection of human health.

CER 051786

E000714

ceiving HCB orally reported both fetotoxicity and teratogenicity (EPA 1985g). The effects noted in these studies included cleft palate, reduced fetal viability, reduced neonatal weight gain and reduced relative fetal weight (EPA 1987g).

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

Lifetime animal carcinogenicity studies have revealed that HCB elicited statistically significant increased tumor incidences in rats, mice, and hamsters. Based on these data, EPA has placed HCB in its carcinogenicity category B₂ as a probable human carcinogen.

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

EPA has not developed a drinking water standard for HCB. The EPA one-day and 10-day and longer health advisories (HAs) for a 10-kg child are each 50 ug/L. The longer-term HA is 175 ug/L for a 70-kg adult. The EPA reference concentration for a potential carcinogen risk of 1×10^{-6} is 0.02 ug/L.

CER 051787

E000715

EPA has concluded that all of the above effects point toward a generalized impairment of normal physiological functioning of several different organ systems as adult PbB levels exceed 30 to 40 ug/dl. Evidence of impaired heme synthesis effects in blood occur at even lower levels.

More recent research has indicated that there is a relationship between PbB levels and increases in blood pressure. Preliminary review of this work indicates a statistically significant correlation between PbB levels and diastolic blood pressure in white males, ages 40 to 50, with no threshold apparent in the range of 6 to 30 ug/dl. Of particular concern is the finding of a 2 mm Hg increase in diastolic pressure per incremental PbB level increase of 0.5 ug/dl. Possible increases in risk of more severe medical events (stroke, heart attack, death) associated with lead-induced increases in blood pressure are also estimated in one of the recently published studies.

Children represent a sensitive subpopulation with regard to lead toxicity. As with adults, lead affects many different organ systems and biochemical/physiological processes across a wide range of exposure levels. Effective PbB levels for producing encephalopathy or death in children are lower than in adults, starting at approximately 80 to 100 ug/dl. Permanent mental retardation and other marked neurological deficits are among lasting neurological sequelae typically seen in cases of nonfatal childhood lead encephalopathy. Other overt neurological signs and symptoms of subencephalopathic lead intoxication, such as peripheral neuropathies (functional and/or pathological changes in the peripheral nervous system), have been detected in some children at PbB levels as low as 40 to 60 ug/dl. Chronic kidney disease is not evident at PbB levels above 100 ug/dl. Moreover, colic and other overt gastrointestinal symptoms occur in children, at least down to 60 ug/dl. Rank anemia is also evident at 70 ug/dl, representing an extreme manifestation of reduced hemoglobin synthesis at PbB levels as low as 40 ug/dl. All these effects are widely accepted as adverse health effects, and are reflective of widespread marked impact of lead on the normal physiological functioning of many different organ systems (EPA 1984d, 1985c, ATSDR 1987j).

CER 051788

E0007:6

any major anomalies. There are also no reliable data pointing to adverse effects in human offspring following lead exposure to fathers.

EPA has concluded that the current collective human data regarding lead's effects on reproduction on in utero development are insufficient for accurate estimation of exposure-effect or no-effect levels (EPA 1984d). In the absence of sufficient data, it has been suggested that it would be prudent to avoid lead exposures resulting in PbB levels exceeding 25 to 30 ug/dl to pregnant women and women of child-bearing age in general. This conclusion was based on the known equilibration between maternal and fetal blood lead concentrations and growing evidence of deleterious effects in young children as PbB levels approach 25 to 30 ug/dl. Industrial lead exposure of men with PbB levels of 40 to 50 ug/dl also appears to result in altered testicular function.

Carcinogenicity

Several studies have reported renal tumors in Vistar rats following ingestion of high doses of a lead salt (lead acetate). Lead subacetate (another lead salt) has produced benign tumors (renal carcinomas or adenomas) in Swiss mice and several strains of rats, but not golden hamsters. Gliomas (CNS tumors) were also observed in many of these studies.

There have been a number of epidemiological studies which have assessed the mortality experience of lead-exposed workers. In some of the studies, no excess cancer mortality was observed. In one study, non-statistically significant excess cancer mortality of the respiratory system and cancer of the digestive organs and peritoneum was reported which on evaluation by other statistical techniques by another investigator was reported to achieve statistical significance. Another study has reported increased mortality from renal cancer among a group of lead smelting workers. However, this excess mortality, based on only six cases, did not achieve statistical significance. On review of all of these studies, EPA concluded that the absence of good lead exposure documentation made it difficult to assess the contribution of lead to the observed results.

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified lead in Group 3, inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity in humans.

CER 051789

E000717

4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE

Environmental Chemistry and Fate

The relevant physical and chemical properties and environmental fate of 4-methyl-2-pentanone are summarized below (Verschueren 1983).

Molecular Weight (g/mole)	100
Water Solubility (mg/L at 25°C)	19,000
Vapor Pressure (mmHg at 25°C)	6 (20°C)
Henry's Law Constant (atm-m ³ /mole)	no data found
Log K _{ow}	no data found
K _{oc}	no data found
BCF	no data found

4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) has a high water solubility and moderate vapor pressure. As a consequence of these two properties, benzene can be characterized as a moderately mobile chemical. For MIBK released to air, some rainwater washout is anticipated. After deposition in water or soil, volatilization is expected to return some portion back to the atmosphere.

Due to its high water solubility and moderate vapor pressure, some transport to sediments is expected.

MIBK released to soil can be transported to air via volatilization, to surface water via runoff, and to groundwater via leaching. The first two pathways predominate in surficial soil whereas the latter pathway predominates at lower soil depths.

CER 051790

Noncarcinogenic Effects

In high concentrations, MIBK produces narcosis with symptoms of headache, nausea, lightheadedness, and vomiting.

E000718

NAPHTHALENE

Environmental Chemistry and Fate

The relevant physical and chemical properties and environmental fate of naphthalene (CAS No. 91-20-3) are summarized below (EPA 1984).

Molecular Weight (g/mole)	128
Water Solubility (mg/L at 25°C)	31.7
Vapor Pressure (mmHg at 25°C)	0.082
Henry's Law Constant (atm-m ³ /mole)	no data found
Log K _{ow}	3.37
K _{oc}	no data found
BCF	1.46

Naphthalene has a moderate water solubility and moderate vapor pressure. As a consequence of these two properties, benzene can be characterized as a moderately mobile chemical. For naphthalene release to air, some rainwater washout is anticipated. After deposition in water or soil, volatilization is expected to return some portion back to the atmosphere.

Due to its moderate water solubility and moderate vapor pressure, transport to sediments is expected to be a major surface water fate process.

Naphthalene released to soil can be transported to air via volatilization, to surface water via runoff, and to groundwater via leaching. The first two pathways predominate in surficial soil, whereas the latter pathway predominates at lower soil depths.

Noncarcinogenic Effects

CER 051791

Exposure to naphthalene by the ingestion, inhalation and dermal routes has been reported to result in intravascular hemolysis, corneal

E000719

to each injection. The naphthalene also contained approximately 10% methylnaphthalene.

In a second study, Knake (1956 as reported in USEPA 1980) painted a group of mice with either benzene or a solution of coal tar naphthalene in benzene and noted an excess of lymphatic leukemia in the group treated with the naphthalene/benzene solution as compared to those treated with benzene alone (4 vs. 0 cases, respectively). These results are difficult to interpret because benzene is a known animal carcinogen.

Naphthalene when combined with rat microsomal fractions has been found to be nonmutagenic in bacterial mutagenesis assays (EPA 1980).

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

EPA has not developed any drinking water standards or health advisories or ambient water quality criteria for human health for naphthalene.

CER 051792

E060730

Studies evaluating the effects of nickel administration on animal reproductive systems have produced varying results. Nickel is known to cross the placental barrier in animals, and some data suggest this is also true for humans. Intraperitoneal and intravenous injections of nickel compounds have produced some teratogenic effects in animals. Increased fetal mortality and reduced fetal weights also were observed. In some studies, high dosages resulted in reduced fetal survival and decreased fetal weights in the absence of frank teratogenesis.

Feeding studies involving administration of various nickel compounds to rats are more applicable to human exposure situations. Various studies have reported a correlation between nickel concentration in food or water and reproductive performance (ATSDR, 1987b). Nickel exposure has also been reported to impair male gametogenesis in mice and rats. No adverse reproductive effects linked to nickel exposure have been reported in humans.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

The chemical form and route of exposure may be important factors in determining the carcinogenic potential of nickel. Insoluble nickel compounds (e.g., metallic nickel, nickel subsulfide, and nickel carbonyl) have been shown to produce tumors following inhalation exposure. However, multiple studies in which nickel was administered orally to rats and mice have been uniformly negative (EPA 1985c). In humans, excess respiratory cancer mortality has been demonstrated in epidemiological studies of nickel smelting and refining workers.

EPA has classified nickel in group B₂--sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in animals, limited evidence in humans--according to guidelines for carcinogenic risk assessment (EPA, 1986b) for the inhalation route, based upon the positive animal evidence for nickel subsulfide and carbonyl compounds. However, reflecting the negative animal carcinogenicity data, the Agency has categorized nickel in Group D - inadequate evidence for the oral route of exposure.

Nickel chloride was not mutagenic, whereas nickel sulfate was found to be mutagenic in in vitro assays.

CER 051793

E000751

PENTACHLOROPHENOL (PCP)

Introduction

Commercial pentachlorophenol (PCP) is contaminated with two chemicals - hexachlorobenzene (HCB), and hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (HxCDD) which are currently categorized by EPA in its category B₂ as probable human carcinogens. Both are also potential reproductive toxins. PCP is also contaminated with polychlorinated dibenzofurans. This profile primarily addresses the toxicity of commercial PCP. The reader is referred to the profiles for HCB, HxCDD, and dibenzofurans for further information relevant to evaluating the potential toxicity of commercial PCP.

Environmental Chemistry and Fate

The relevant physical and chemical properties for pentachlorophenol (CAS No. 87-86-3) are summarized below (EPA 1986a).

Molecular Weight (g/mole)	266
Water Solubility (mg/L at 25°C)	14
Vapor Pressure (mmHg at 25°C)	1.1×10^{-4}
Henry's Law Constant (atm-m ³ /mole)	2.8×10^{-6}
Log K _{ow}	5
K _{oc}	53,000
BCF	770

Pentachlorophenol (PCP) has a moderate water solubility, low vapor pressure, low Henry's Law Constant, and high K_{oc}. Based upon its K_{oc} and low vapor pressure, PCP would be strongly bound to surface soil. The K_{oc} of 53,000 indicates that leaching from soils and transport to groundwater is a slow process. PCP is resistant to biodegradation. The low Henry's Law Constant and high K_{oc} indicate that PCP will be strongly partitioned to surface water sediments. Finally, the BCF indicates

CER 051794

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served in fetuses include cleft palate, reduced fetal viability, reduced neonatal weight gain, and reduced relative neonatal weight. Based on these studies, EPA set the NOEL for HCB at 1.0 mg/kg/day (EPA 1987g).

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

Pure pentachlorophenol has not been reported to be carcinogenic in a number of animal studies (EPA 1987g). It has also produced negative results in an initiation/promotion study. These results are consistent with mutagenicity studies which have primarily been negative (EPA 1987g).

However, HxCDD and HCB have both been found to be oncogenic in animal studies (EPA 1987g). The EPA estimated 95% upper bound carcinogenic potencies of 6.2×10^3 and 1.67 mg/kg/day, for HxCDD and HCB, respectively (EPA 1986a, EPA 1987g).

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

EPA has issued no drinking water standards for PCP, HCB, or HxCDD. EPA has issued a proposed MCLG for PCP of 200 ug/L, based upon a DVEL of 1.01 mg/L, and assuming a drinking water contribution of 20% to total daily PCP intake (EPA 1985a).

EPA has developed health advisories for a 10 kg child and a 70 kg adult for PCP and HCB, but not for HxCDD. The EPA health advisory limits and reference concentrations for potential carcinogens for PCP and its major contaminants are summarized in the following table.

	One-day	Ten-day	Long term	Lifetime	Reference	Concentration*
	10 kg	10 kg	10 kg	70 kg	70 kg	
Pentachlorophenol	1000	300	300	1050	1050	--
Hexachlorobenzene	50	50	50	175	--	0.02
HxCDD	--	--	--	--	--	--
Dibenzofurans	--	--	--	--	--	--

Source: EPA, 1986a

- No limit developed.

* Corresponding to a 1×10^{-6} cancer risk.

All concentrations in ug/L.

CER 051795

E000753

Noncarcinogenic Effects

Phenol is a highly toxic compound that may enter the body via skin absorption, vapor inhalation, and ingestion. Based on the available human and animal data, exposure to large doses by any route of exposure can lead to serious illness or death. Toxic doses in human and species exhibit similar symptoms: initial increases in heart rate, labored breathing, cyanosis, and pulmonary edema. The present data do not indicate that phenol to be teratogenic.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

Based upon the limited animal data, the EPA has classified phenol in category D - inadequate evidence to evaluate carcinogenicity.

The mutagenicity data are equivocal presenting on balance, equivocal evidence of mutagenicity.

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

EPA has not classified drinking water standards or criteria for phenol.

CER 051796

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Table I
PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF PCBs^a

Aroclor Designation (average)	Molecular Weight	Color	Physical State	Solubility in water, mg/L at 25°C	Density g/cm ³ at 25°C	Partition Coefficient Log Octanol-Water ^b	Henry's Law ^c		
							Henry's Law Constant atm-s ⁻¹ /sol at 25°C	Bioconcentration Factor ^d	
1016	297.0	Clear	oil	0.42	1.33	3.4	4.4 • 10 ⁻⁴	2.9 • 10 ⁻⁴	42,300
1221	266.7	Clear	oil	0.39 (25°C)	1.15	4.7	6.3 • 10 ⁻³	3.5 • 10 ⁻³	
1232	252.2	Clear	oil	Unknown	1.24	5.1	6.66 • 10 ⁻³	Unknown	
1242	266.5	Clear	oil	0.24	1.35	5.6	4.86 • 10 ⁻⁴	5.2 • 10 ⁻⁴	
1248	289.5	Clear	oil	0.854	1.41	6.2	4.94 • 10 ⁻⁴	2.8 • 10 ⁻³	70,500
1254	328.4	Lt. Yellow	Viscous	0.812	1.56	6.5	7.71 • 10 ⁻³	2.8 • 10 ⁻³	100,000
1260	375.7	Lt. Yellow	Sticky resin	0.0027	1.56	6.9	0.03 • 10 ⁻³	0.6 • 10 ⁻³	190,000

* These log Kow values represent an average value for the major components of the individual Aroclor.

** Henry's Law constants were estimated by dividing the vapor pressure by the water solubility, and represent average values for the Aroclor mixtures as a whole (ATSDR 1997).

*** From Lyman, Beck, and Rosenblatt (1992).

Source: Unless otherwise specified, from ATSDR (1997).

CER 051797

E090755

stitution may, in fact, vary significantly in isomer composition. Additionally, highly toxic contaminants are often present in PCB mixtures.

In general, however, it can be concluded that short and intermediate-term studies of toxicological effects following oral administration of PCBs to animals result in a variety of physiological and morphological alterations in the liver, including: enlargement, fatty infiltration, centrilobular lesions, and effects on liver porphyrin metabolism. The major biochemical effects include induction of mixed function oxidase enzymes and modification of porphyrin metabolism. PCBs can also inhibit the immune system. Skin applications to rabbits has been shown to cause erythema, keratosis, and chloracne.

Human studies related to PCB exposures have been done on the health of occupationally exposed workers, as well as on health effects noted following two incidents in which cooking oils contaminated with PCBs were ingested. Occupationally exposed workers typically demonstrated dermal problems such as chloracne, rashes, and burning sensations. While most biochemical parameters in these studies were found to be within normal ranges, one study reported an elevation of liver enzymes in exposed workers.

The two incidents, or outbreaks, concerning the ingestion of PCB-tainted cooking oils occurred in east Asia. The first incident, designated as the "Yusho" outbreak, occurred among Japanese (Higuchi, 1976; Kurotsone and Shapiro, 1984); while the second, designated "Taichung", occurred among Taiwanese (Hsu et al, 1984; Lu and Wang, 1984). Health effects observed in humans following exposure included: chloracne, increased discharge from the eyes, soreness and weakness of limbs, headaches, dizziness, and general malaise. Because the cooking oil in the Yusho study was also found to be contaminated with highly toxic polychlorinated dibenzofurans, implications cannot be limited to PCBs alone in this study.

Reproduction and Development

CER 051798

The range of reported effects on reproduction in animals include: a lengthening of the estrus cycle, weak estrogenic activity, fetotoxicity, fetal deaths, decreased survival of the neonate, small birth weight, and

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in humans, sufficient evidence in animals, and inadequate evidence of activity in short-term mutagenicity tests.

EPA's cancer assessment group has calculated a unit cancer risk of $4.34 \text{ (mg/kg/day)}^{-1}$, using the upper 95 percent value of the doses used in the positive study (Kimbrough et al 1975).

Standards and Criteria

Drinking Water

As the first stage in developing a maximum contaminant level (MCL) for PCBs in drinking water, the EPA has recently proposed an MCLG of zero. EPA will establish an MCL taking into account technological feasibility of control and analytical feasibility (EPA 1988).

Surface Water

The EPA has established ambient water quality criteria for the protection of freshwater and saltwater aquatic life of 0.014 ug/l and 0.03 ug/l, respectively. For human health, EPA has estimated the drinking water concentration corresponding to one-in-a-million cancer excess of 0.0079 ng/l.

CER 051799

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Table 2

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF SELECTED PAHS*

Chemical Name	Molecular Weight (g)	CAS No.	Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	Water Solubility (mg/L)	Koc	Kow	BCF (L/kg)
aceophthene	154	61-22-9	1.55×10^{-3}	3.92×10^{-5}	4.0×10^3	4.6×10^3	342**
anthracene	170	120-12-7	1.93×10^{-4}	4.3×10^{-3}	1.2×10^{-3}	4.65×10^4	1.210^{**}
benzolanthracene	210	56-55-3	2.2×10^{-9}	3.7×10^{-3}	1.16×10^{-6}	5.6×10^4	1.1100^{**}
benzobifluoranthene	232	205-29-2	5.9×10^{-7}	1.4×10^{-2}	1.19×10^{-3}	4.66×10^3	5.5×10^3
benzofluoranthene	232	207-06-9	5.1×10^{-7}	4.3×10^{-3}	1.94×10^{-3}	6.66×10^3	5.5×10^3
benzo(4,5,6,7-tetra)phenylene	276	191-24-2	1.03×10^{-10}	7.0×10^{-4}	5.34×10^{-4}	4.51×10^6	46.400^{**}
benzolaphyrene	252	56-22-8	5.6×10^{-9}	1.2×10^{-3}	1.55×10^{-6}	6.06×10^4	48.400^{**}
chrysene	228	206-01-9	6.3×10^{-4}	1.0×10^{-3}	1.05×10^{-6}	3.61×10^3	11.100^{**}
dibenzol(a,h)anthracene	270	51-79-3	1.0×10^{-10}	5.0×10^{-4}	7.33×10^{-4}	6.0×10^6	11.100^{**}
fluoranthene	202	206-64-0	9.0×10^{-6}	2.6×10^{-1}	6.46×10^{-6}	4.9×10^6	2.940
fluorene	116	66-71-7	7.1×10^{-4}	1.69	6.42×10^{-5}	4.2×10^3	1.100^{***}
indeno(1,2,3-cd)phenylene	275	191-39-5	1.9×10^{-10}	5.1×10^{-4}	6.65×10^{-4}	6.5×10^6	1.6×10^6
phenanthrene	170	65-01-3	6.9×10^{-4}	1.9	1.59×10^{-4}	4.66×10^4	2.610^{**}
pyrene	202	129-06-3	2.5×10^{-6}	1.32×10^{-3}	5.4×10^{-6}	4.66×10^6	2.600^{**}

* Unless otherwise footnoted, data taken from EPA (1986).

** EPA (1981).

*** Lyons, Reibl, and Rosenblatt (1982).

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Table 2

EPA CARCINOGENICITY CATEGORIZATION FOR ORAL AND INHALATION
ROUTES OF EXPOSURE FOR THE 15 PRIORITY POLLUTANTS POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS

Compound	EPA Carcinogenicity Classifications*	
	Inhalation	Oral
acenaphthene	D	D
anthracene	D	D
benzo(a)anthracene	B ₂	B ₂
benzo(b)fluoranthene	B ₂	B ₂
benzo(k)fluoranthene	D	D
benzo(g,h,i)perylene	D	D
benzo(a)pyrene	B ₂	B ₂
chrysene	B ₂	B ₂
dibenz(a,h)anthracene	B ₂	B ₂
fluoranthene	D	D
fluorene	D	D
indeno(1,2,3-cd)perylene	C	C
naphthalene	D	D
phenanthrene	D	D
pyrene	D	D

* Unless otherwise footnoted, classification taken from EPA (1986a).

CER 051801

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Table 1

RELATIVE POTENCY ESTIMATES DERIVED FOR POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS
CATEGORIZED IN GROUP A, B, OR C ACCORDING TO EPA'S WEIGHT OF EVIDENCE CRITERIA

Compound	Relative Potency Estimates
benzo(a)pyrene	1
benzo(a)anthracene	0.145
benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.140
chrysene	0.0844
dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.82
indene(1,2,3-cd)perylene	0.232

Source: Thorslund et. al. (1986)

CER 051802

E000760

liver and kidneys. In humans, the principal effects are CNS depression and liver toxicity.

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

A 1977 NCI bioassay in which PERC was administered by gavage reported increased incidence of liver tumors in mice but not rats (EPA 1985d). A draft report of a NTP inhalation bioassay, currently under internal review, has noted an increased incidence of tumors in mice and rats. Although EPA has previously categorized tetrachloroethylene in Group B₂--probable human carcinogen (EPA 1985b, 1985h)--the Agency is awaiting final results of the NTP bioassay before commencing a rule-making for the chemical in drinking water.

PERC has been evaluated for its ability to cause gene mutation, chromosomal aberrations, unscheduled DNA synthesis, and mitotic recombination. In general, these responses have been weak and were observed at high concentrations that were cytotoxic (EPA 1985h). Additionally, no dose-dependent relationships were demonstrated in these studies (EPA 1985h).

Drinking Water Standards

EPA has not established an MCL for PERC in drinking water. The agency is scheduled to begin rule-making procedures to establish an MCL in the near future.

CER 051803

EO00761

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

Only one long-term carcinogenicity bioassay of toluene has been reported. This study concluded that toluene was not carcinogenic following inhalation in rats. NTP is conducting carcinogenicity studies in which toluene is being administered by inhalation and gavage to rats and mice. In addition, carcinogenicity studies by European investigators are expected to be published in the next few years. According to weight-of-evidence carcinogenicity criteria, EPA has classified toluene in Category D, not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity (EPA 1985c).

Toluene has not been shown to be mutagenic in in vivo or in vitro assays (EPA 1985c).

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

Standards. In the first stage of the rule-making process designed to establish a MCL for toluene in drinking water, EPA has issued a proposed MCLG of 2,600 ug/L derived from the AADI of 10,100 ug/L by allocating a 20 percent of drinking water contribution to total intake from all sources of exposure (EPA 1985c). Subsequent to finalization of the MCLG, EPA will evaluate analytical feasibility and feasibility of control in establishing an enforceable MCL.

Criteria. In the absence of adequate dose-response data for oral exposure to toluene, EPA derived a 1-day EA, based on NOAEL of 377 mg/m³ reported in studies of humans, the subjects of single inhalation exposures of up to 8 hours. Based upon the NOAEL, an uncertainty factor of 100, and a variety of physiological parameters and intake assumptions, EPA derived 1-day EAs of 18,000 ug/L and 63,000 ug/L for a 10-kg child and 70-kg adult, respectively (EPA 1985d).

In the absence of sufficient data, EPA derived 10-day EAs of 6,000 ug/L (child) and 21,000 ug/L (adult), by applying an uncertainty factor of 3 to the 1-day EA. The Agency utilized a three-fold rather than the usual 10-fold uncertainty factor because toluene is rapidly distributed and excreted, and because the chemical presents little bioaccumulation potential relative to typical toxicants (EPA 1985d).

The EPA ambient water quality criterion for the protection of human health is 14,300 ug/L (EPA 1980a).

CER 051804

E000762

EPA has developed a risk reference dose (RRfD) of 0.35 mg/kg/day based upon a NOAEL of 1,365 mg/m³ reported in a study in which mice were exposed by inhalation for 14 weeks. EPA derived the RRfD by application of an uncertainty factor of 100, a 30% absorbed dose, and standard physiological parameters (EPA 1985g).

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

There have been two TCA carcinogenicity bioassays. The first, conducted by NCI, was judged to be inadequate due to poor survival in treated animals. Preliminary results of the second, by NTP, showed elevated incidences of hepatocellular carcinomas. These initial results have been questioned and the study is currently being audited (EPA 1985b). Based upon these results, EPA has classified TCA according to weight-of-evidence criteria in Group D, not classifiable--inadequate human and animal evidence of carcinogenicity (EPA 1987a).

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

Standards. EPA has established a drinking water MCL for TCA of 200 ug/L.

Criteria. EPA has developed a 1-day HA based upon a LOEL of 1.4 g/kg/day reported in a study of rats receiving a single oral dose of TCA. Based upon the LOEL, and standard weight and intake assumptions, EPA derived a 1-day HA of 14,000 ug/L for a 10-kg child (EPA 1984d). In the absence of sufficient data, EPA has not developed a 10-day HA. EPA has developed longer-term HAs of 35,000 ug/L (child) and 125,000 ug/L (adult), based upon a NOAEL of 0.5 g/kg/day reported in a study in rats receiving TCA by gavage for 12 weeks (EPA 1985d).

The EPA lifetime HA of 200 ug/L is equivalent to and was derived by the same methodology as the RMCL (EPA 1985d).

The EPA ambient water quality criterion for TCA for the protection of human health is 18,700 ug/L (EPA 1980a).

CER 051805

E000753

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

Six studies of the carcinogenicity of TCE in animals have been published. Two have reported significant increases in liver tumors in mice. EPA has judged three others as technically flawed. A sixth reported that TCE, containing epichlorohydrin and epoxybutane, was carcinogenic in a less responsive mouse strain, but pure TCE was not (EPA 1985b). Recognizing the lower responsiveness of the mice in the latter study, EPA has classified TCE based upon weight-of-evidence carcinogenicity guidelines in Category B2--probable human carcinogen (EPA 1987a).

Commercial TCE containing stabilizers has been reported to be weakly mutagenic in a variety of in vitro and in vivo assays representing a wide evolutionary range of organisms (EPA 1985g). Based on these data, EPA has concluded that commercial TCE may have the potential to cause weak or borderline increases above the spontaneous level of mutagenic effects in exposed human tissues (EPA 1985g).

Drinking Water Standards

EPA has established a drinking water MCL for TCE of 5 ug/l (EPA 1987a).

CER 051806

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ug/g and mice receiving 14,700 ug/g. Assuming that rats weighed 0.4 kg and consumed 0.02 kg/day, NAS estimated a minimum toxic dose of 500 ng/kg/day (NAS 1982).

Carcinogenicity and Mutagenicity

Technical grade TCP was administered in the diet to male and female F344 rats and male B₆C₃F₁ mice at concentrations of 5,000 ug/g and 10,000 ug/g, respectively, for 105 to 107 weeks (NCI 1979 as cited in NAS 1982). Female B₆C₃F₁ mice received TCP at 10,000 ug/g to 20,000 ug/g, but at 38 weeks, the doses were reduced by a factor of 4 because of reduced weight gain. Under the conditions of the experiment, TCP was reported to be carcinogenic in male F344 rats (lymphomas or leukemias) and B₆C₃F₁ mice (hepatocellular carcinomas or adenomas) (NAS 1982). Polychlorinated dibenzofurans and dioxins may be formed during the chemical synthesis of TCP. The dioxin content of the technical grade TCP used in these studies was not reported.

Based upon the positive animal studies, EPA has categorized TCP as a B₂, probable human carcinogen (EPA 1986a).

TCP was not reported as mutagenic in the Ames assay with or without activation by hepatic microsomes (EPA 1984c). TCP did increase the mutation rate but not the intragenic recombination in S. cervisiae (EPA 1984c).

Drinking Water Standards and Criteria

EPA has not developed drinking water standards or health advisories for TCP. EPA has established ambient water quality criteria (AWQC), based upon TCP's carcinogenicity in animals, for the protection of human health. The AWQC criteria are 1.2 ug/L for water and fish consumption, and 3.6 ug/L for fish consumption only. These criteria are equivalent to the estimated incremental increased 1×10^{-6} lifetime cancer risk, based upon the animal carcinogenicity study results (EPA 1986g).

CER 051807

E000785

REGION V

DATE: July 26, 1982
SUBJECT: June 3, 1982 Trip Report to Dead Creek Saugat, Illinois
FROM: Michael C. O'Toole *Michael C. O'Toole*

St. Clair Co
Cahokia/Dead Creek

TO: File

On June 3, 1982 at 9:00 a.m., I met Tom Powell of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) at their office in Collinsville, Illinois. Tom drove me to the Dead Creek site in Cahokia, Illinois. My objective was to determine if personal safety equipment would be required for any contactor installing a chain link fence around the perimeter of the site.

Tom and I arrived at the site around 10:00 a.m. The weather was sunny warm and humid and the temperature was approximately 85°F. The creek bed is approximately 10 feet below the bottom of the existing fence. There was water in the creek but it appeared to be stagnant. Tom remarked that he had never seen that much water in the creek. The existing fence (see photographs) was down in several areas and in one location was being held down with rocks. The existing fence was in definite need of replacement.

I decided that it would be necessary to dig a hole every forty paces as close to the existing fence as possible. Tom and I would then use the HNU Photoionizer to determine if any contaminants gases were emanating from the holes. Tom and I dug 42-holes (see attached map) approximately 18-24 inches deep and 9 inches in diameter. Holes numbers 31, 32, 34 and 35 were the only ones that the HNU readout was greater than the 2 ppm background. The readings for those holes was approximately 4 ppm. Tom was surprised that those holes showed greater than background levels. Tom conducted most of the early investigations at the Dead Creek site and he was very familiar with the locations of the heavy contamination discovered by IEPA.

Tom and I decided that the readings from those four holes could be discounted because they were not significantly higher than background. In addition those readings were probably associated with the farming activities at that portion of the site. A soybean crop had just been planted.

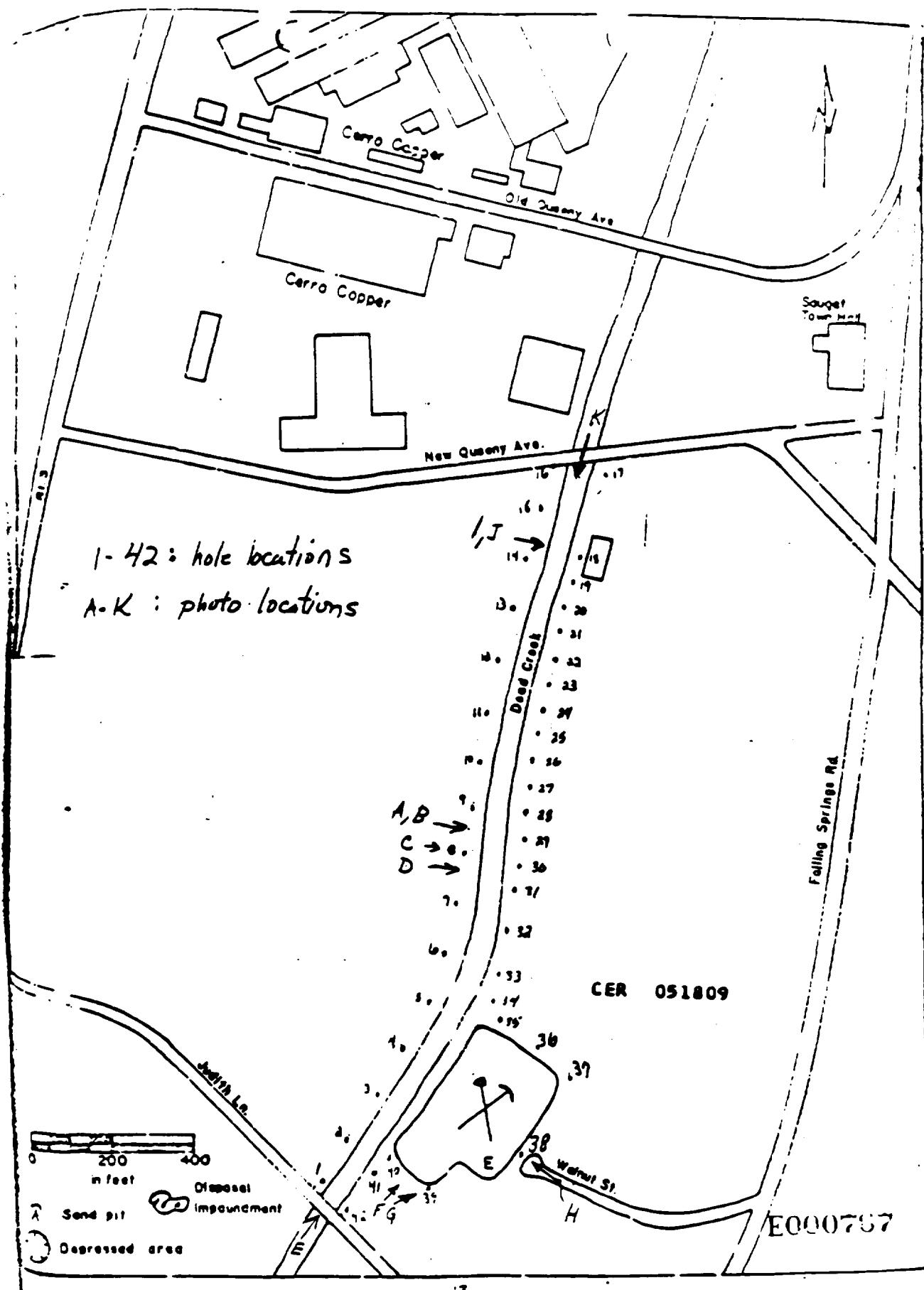
Based on this field trip I decided that no personal safety equipment would be required to install the fence.

cc: Tom Powell, IEPA

CER 051808

KM

E000756





ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

MEMORANDUM

TO: Division File

DATE: 10/12/82

FROM: J.P. Evans

SUBJECT: General - SI Clark C. County Dead Creek

 Information only Response requested

On Friday, Sept 17, 1982 an inspection was made of the Dead Creek area to determine the status of the construction of the fence. At the time of the inspection there was no activity. The status of the fence, as contested, is as follows: Posts have been installed on the ^{entire} west edge of the creek, but no fencing. The north edge has both posts and fencing. The east side has posts and fencing up to the private home located in the southeast corner of the creek. Snow fence is still in place from the property surrounding the private home, and along the south edge of the creek.

CER 051810

E000738



ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

MEMORANDUM

TO: Division file

DATE: 10-17-82

FROM: Tom Powell-Southern

 Information only

SUBJECT: Cerulean St Clarks Cahokia/David Park

 Response requested

On October 21, 1982 the writer visited the subject site, along with Mike O'Toole - USEPA Regional Engineer for the purpose of inspecting the completed fence for final payment. Mr. O'Toole was responsible for inspecting the completed fence to make sure it conformed to the contract specifications, after the determination is made only then could final payment be made. Upon arrival at the site the writer met with Mr. O'Toole and Ed Bentley - Granite City Fence. While walking on the east side, just north of the pond it was apparent that someone had had to steal portions of the fence. Two corner fences were missing, the barbed wire cut and the fence cut from the fence posts. Except for the act of vandalism, the fence met the contractual specifications, and according to Mr. O'Toole final payment will be made. While still present at the site crew from Granite City Fence were repairing the damage. As of the visit, all work has been completed except for the top strand of barbed wire on portion of the western side. After leaving the site, the writer stopped at the Cahokia Police Department to report that vandalism had occurred to the fence, and to ask them assistance to control any future vandals actions. Note - Granite City fence has still not supplied a gate per the contract. Ed Bentley said that a "faster" drill is supplied in a day or two.

EPA-90A (6/78-10M) CR-91A CER 051811 E000783



ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

MEMORANDUM

TO: Division 6

FROM: Tom Powell - southern region

SUBJECT: Census St. Clair Co. Cahokia/Dead Creek

DATE: 11/30/82 Information only Response requested

On October 28, 1982 the writer traveled to the subject site along with Doug Tolson and Ken Case of our Springfield office. Messrs. Tolson and Case came down to inspect the finished fence at Dead Creek as well as to make a determination how to transport the old snow fence back to Springfield. Mr. Tolson said that he would be in contact with Bob Robinson (618-337-5810) of the Village of Cahokia to set up times, dates, etc. for the pick-up of the fence which is at present stored at the Cahokia Municipal garage.

CER 051812

E000770

January 6, 1983

Division File

Tom Powell ^{TEP} - Southern Region

LPC - General - St. Clair County - Cahokia/Dead Creek

This office has received reports that recent heavy rainfalls have had an impact on Dead Creek. The amount of water within the creek is as high as this writer has seen since the Agency became aware of the situation in the spring of 1980.

On January 4, 1983, Tony Townsen, the Health and Safety Officer of Cahokia, contacted this office to say that water is flowing through the blocked culvert under Judith Street. Officer Townsen was concerned that water from the contaminated portions of the creek would wash contaminants downstream. Officer Townsen was told that there is little that the Agency could do to correct the situation as it now exists, but that the Agency could sample the water as it flows under Judith to see if there is a problem.

On January 5, 1983, this office received a call from Nancy Batson, 102 Walnut St., Cahokia, 618/337-4089. Mrs. Batson lives next to the borrow pit that is adjacent to Dead Creek. She stated that water is flowing into her basement at an alarming rate and that a sump pump must be operated 24 hours a day. She wondered that if perhaps some of this water could be contaminated, since a strange faint odor is noticeable at times. After a short discussion within this office, this writer contacted Mrs. Batson to say that someone would be out, later in the day, to sample the water in her basement.

This writer arrived in the area at approximately 3:00 p.m. that afternoon. A water sample was then obtained from the south side of Judith, where the blocked culvert discharged. The water level on the south side was above the culvert. Subsequently, it was impossible to estimate the flow rate. A water sample was collected, however, near an eddy on the south side. (See lab sheets) The freeboard on the north side of Judith was approximately 4-5 feet, so the likelihood of the water running over Judith was remote. After obtaining this sample, this writer proceeded to the Batson residence to obtain a water sample from the basement. As stated previously, water was entering the basement at a substantial rate. Mrs. Batson was told that after results are received from the lab she would be notified. With the samples in hand, this writer left the site.

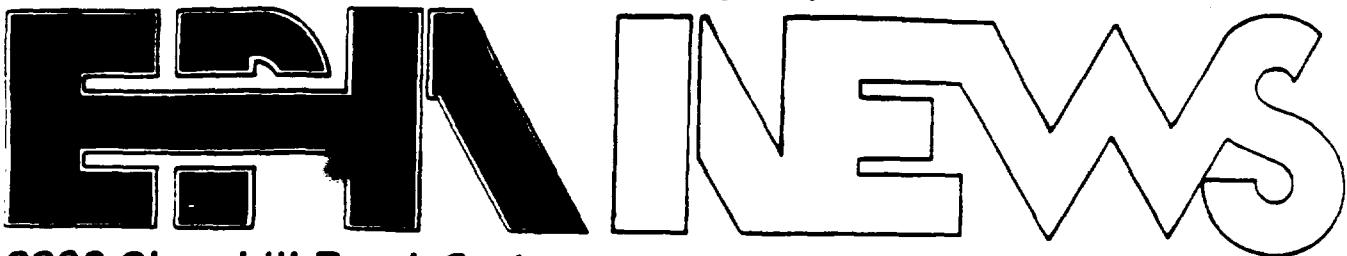
TEP:jlr

cc: Southern Region ✓

CER 051813

E000771

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency



2200 Churchill Road, Springfield, Illinois 62706 217/782-5562

For Immediate Release

Contact: John Muraro

SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, SEPTEMBER 24, 1980

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency's involvement in Cahokia's Burning Ditch (Dead Creek) was slow in developing. The Agency received initial reports from area residents in May of periodic smoldering of materials in the ditch between Queeny Avenue and Judith Lane. At that time the incident did not appear to be of a serious nature, and the Agency assigned it a low priority.

That all changed on August 27 when it was learned that Peter Laumann's dog rolled in the ditch and died of apparent chemical burns. Preliminary samples taken in the ditch revealed hazardous levels of phosphorous, heavy metals and PCB's along the half-mile of ditch between the two streets.

Subsequent soil samples ~~taken on September 16 and 17~~ of soil in the ditch substantiated earlier results, (see attached table). At that time water samples were taken from three private wells plus a pond adjacent and connected to the ditch.

Samples from the wells were analyzed and showed normal levels of metals. Analysis of the same wells for organic chemicals were negative for two but the well at 101 Walnut Street adjacent to the pond showed low levels of chlordane, PCB's and alkylbenzenes.

Analysis of the pond water showed normal levels of metals with low levels of PCB's and aliphatic hydrocarbons which are petroleum products such as motor oil.

CER 051814

E000772

Based on the initial samples the Agency moved to seal off the ditch between the roads. Fencing and signs warning the public were placed at each end of the ditch. On September 17 the Illinois Department of Transportation, District 8, began installing a snow fence along both sides of the ditch and around the pond, sealing off the contaminated area to unauthorized personnel. This installation involved 7,000 feet of fencing from DOT stocks and was under the supervision of Dale Kiehr, the district engineer. Cost of the fence is estimated at \$7,500 and will be paid for by the Illinois Emergency Services and Disaster Agency from the Governor's Disaster Relief Fund. Tests taken by the Illinois Department of Public Health show no radioactivity in the area.

These actions complete the first phase of dealing with this situation aimed primarily at safeguarding the public's health and safety.

Phase two will concern itself with the long-term environmental impact of the contamination, its extent and assessment of the liability and responsibility for the situation.

Phase three will address the problem of cleanup and disposal.

At this time the Agency feels there is no threat from the ditch to the health and safety of the public. There are no vapors from the contamination unless the ground in the bed of the ditch is disturbed. These will be sampled later this week for laboratory analysis to determine their content.

With the public safety issue winding down the Emergency Response Unit will turn over future action by the Agency to the Division of Land Pollution Control as provided for in IEPA operating procedures. This division will develop a program to determine the extent of the pollution in the affected area as well as north and south of the area of immediate concern.

Its primary objective will be to establish the exact perimeter of the contamination by a sampling program that includes:

CER 051815

E000773

1. east and west of the ditch from Queeny Avenue to Judith Lane.
2. north and south of that area from Queeny to beyond the industrial complex and from Judith to the Mississippi River as well as both sides.
3. testing vegetation along both sides of Dead Creek along the area outlined plus take samples of crops in the immediate vicinity.
4. core sampling along the same route to determine the extent, if any, of groundwater contamination.

Land personnel will also pursue reports that a buried dump exists on a three-acre site 300 yards south of Sauget Village Hall in an area bounded by Queeny Avenue, Falling Springs Road and the northern boundary of the old Waggoner Trucking Company property.

This phase of the Agency's actions will extend over a period of several months. Unfortunately there are no quick solutions to solving problems such as those that have been found here. It will take time for these actions as well as establishing who is responsible and liable for creating this situation.

CER 051816

E000774

Specifications and Statement of Work

Background

Dead Creek is located in the towns of Sauget and Cahokia in St. Clair County, Illinois. The creek supplies drainage for part of the Mississippi River flood plain known as the American Bottoms. During the past forty years Dead Creek has received industrial wastes from a variety of industries including the Harold Waggoner Trucking Company, Monsanto Corporation, Midwest Rubber Reclaiming Company, Chemical Warfare Service Division of the U.S. Army, Lewis Metals Company (now the Cerro Copper Company), American Zinc (now AMAX Zinc), Lubright Refinery (now a Mobil Oil Marketing Terminal) and Empire Disposal. A majority of these discharges were eliminated prior to 1971 when a culvert under New Queeny Avenue was plugged. These industrial wastes are now discharged to the Sauget Wastewater Treatment plant.

The creek was blocked at Judith Lane which prevented contaminated waters from being transported downstream. Concentration of several metals including barium, copper, lead, nickel, phosphorous and zinc exceeded several thousand parts per million (ppm). Polychlorinated biphenyls (10000 ppm), dichlorobenzene (12000 ppm), xylene (540 ppm), trichlorobenzene (3700 ppm), chloronitrobenzene (240 ppm), biphenyl (9000 ppm), dichlorophenol (170 ppm), alkylbenzenes (370 ppm), naphthalenes (650 ppm), and hydrocarbons (21000 ppm) were also identified in a few of the samples.

Scope of Work

The Contractor shall furnish the necessary personnel, materials, services, facilities (except as otherwise specified herein), and otherwise do all things necessary or incident to the performance of the work as set forth below:

Products

- a) Fence - Chain link wire fabric shall be made of No. 9 gauge galvanized steel wire, woven in a 2 inch mesh. Top and bottom edges shall be twisted and barbed. The fabric will be one piece with a width of 72 inches.
- b) Barbed Wire - Galvanized steel wire shall consist of two strands of No. 12 1/2 gauge steel wire with four point barbs on five inch centers.
- c) Posts and Railing - Pipe line posts shall be 2" OD galvanized steel pipe. Schedule 40 pipes. Corner and gate posts shall be 3" OD galvanized steel pipe. Railing and top rail shall be 1 - 5/8" OD galvanized steel pipe.

CER 051817

E060775

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY CY Samp. = 20

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

DU22315

Time Collected 2:45

Sub-Basin 31

Date Collected 9-1-81

Collector Hartmann

Facility Name:

Facility Number:

File Town

Stream Name(s) Dead Creek

Stream Code:

Source of Sample: (Exact Location)

Water pooled river catch basin on North side
of Queeny Ave. is directly across from Dead Cr.

Physical Observations, Remarks: Approx. 2-2½" rain in previous 24 hrs.
water fairly clear w/ slight oil sheen, → TEST FOR
PCB, phthalates, and aromatic & halogenated hydrocarbons.

Flow	Field Dissolved Oxygen	Field pH	Field Temp.
Arsenic	Coliform/100ml	800	
Barium	Fecal Coliform 100 ml	COD	
Boron	Fecal Strep 100 ml	TS/EC	
Cadmium	Algae (Total) /ml	Susp. Solids	
Copper	Ammonia (N) <small>IL Environmental Protection Agency</small>	Vol. Susp. Solids	
Chromium (tri)	Organic Nitrogen (N) <small>JAN 20 1982</small>	pH (units)	
Chromium (hex)	Nitrate + Nitrite (N) <small>Divided of Water Pollution Control</small>	Turbidity (JTU)	
Iron (Total)	Phosphorus (P) <small>Field Operations Section - Reg. VI</small>	Hardness	
Iron (Dissolved)	Chloride	Alkalinity	
Lead	Fluoride	Total Acidity	
Manganese	Sulfate	Free Acidity	
Mercury (ppb)	Cyanide <small>PCBs = 0.63 ug/l oil</small>		
Nickel	Other organic compounds not detected in <small>MBAS</small>	Other (Specify)	
Selenium	The extract of this sample by gc/mass spectrometer		
Silver	Phenol (ppb)		
Zinc			

Results in mg/l unless otherwise noted.

100% Received Pass

IL532-0546

LABS 9 3/73

KM
PCM

Transported by: <u>Karen M. G.</u>
Received by: _____
Transported by: _____
Received by: CER 051818

DU22315 USE ONLY

Lab Number: _____	Rec'd by: <u>5</u>
Date sample rec'd: <u>9/1/81</u>	Time: _____
Date analysis completed: _____	
Date results forwarded: <u>1/11/82</u>	
Total Tests requested: _____ Tests run: _____	
Lab Section <u>Soil</u> Supervisor <u>D. D. Murphy</u>	
E000776	

PR 276



CER 051819

E000777

DEAD CREEK C-109 AMOUNT
WELL #11 DUE OF 10 FT.
SUSPENDED SAMPLE 1-28-81
OF SUSPENDED CREEK
DEAD CREEK

1-28-81
SUSPENDED
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ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

NAME (PRIVATE WELL, STREAM, SPRING, ETC.)		SITE INVENTORY (CROSS SECTION) ¹	
(S) Surface Water (1) Ground Water		(1) Stream (2) River	
(2) Private well (2) Pond		(3) Seep (4) Lake	
(3) Domestic (5) Collection (1) Other		(6) Spring (7) Sewer System	
(4) Industrial		(8) Rainwater	
(9) Impounded			
NAME (PRIVATE WELL, STREAM, SPRING, ETC.)		TIME COLLECTED DATE	
(10) <u>5-2-5-4-2-1-31</u>		(11) <u>6/10/73</u> (12) <u>COLLECTED 06/28/73</u>	
MONITOR POINT NUMBER		(13) <u>610</u>	
(14) <u>10</u>		(15) <u>10</u>	
STATION NO. - LPC REGION		(16) <u>S</u> (17) <u>3</u>	
Collector's Name (Location, Responsible Party)		Board Order (X) (18)	
Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: (1) Billing		(19) <u>0</u>	
Time Collected <u>11:55</u> a.m. Unable to collect sample (X) (20)		Depth to water (21) (from T.O.C.) (22) (23)	
Sample temp. (24) <u>60</u> °		Background (X) (25) (26)	
Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Billing		(27) <u>0</u> ft.	
(2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify)		(28) <u>0</u> ft.	
Sample Appearance: <u>Slightly turbid, odorous</u>		(29) <u>0</u> ft.	
Collector comments: <u>Fast freezegage</u>		(30) <u>0</u> ft.	
P.C. <u>D.C. & T. Powell</u> (31) <u>LPC</u> Received by <u>D.C. Powell</u> (32) <u>LPC</u> Transported by <u>D.C. Powell</u> (33) <u>LPC</u>		Lab Comments: <u>LPC 051821</u>	
LAB USE ONLY		(34) <u>LPC 051820</u>	
Lab No. <u>B 36386</u>		(35) <u>0</u> ft.	
Date Rec'd <u>6/11/81</u>		(36) <u>0</u> ft.	
Rec'd by <u>D.C. Powell</u> (37) <u>0</u> ft.		(38) <u>0</u> ft.	
Sample temp. acceptable (39) <u>NO</u>		(40) <u>0</u> ft.	
Sample properly preserved (41) <u>NO</u>		(42) <u>0</u> ft.	
Date completed <u>6/11/81</u>		(43) <u>0</u> ft.	
Date forwarded <u>6/11/81</u>		(44) <u>0</u> ft.	
Supervisor Signature		(45) <u>0</u> ft.	
Name _____		(46) <u>0</u> ft.	
Address _____		(47) <u>0</u> ft.	
Lab _____		(48) <u>0</u> ft.	

Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. Values reported in the lab comments section: test requested but not run should also be explained.

Comments section.

¹ Alkalinity is to be determined as ppm or CaCO_3 at pH 4.5. E011077

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ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE PROTECTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point			
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(L) Leachate	(E) Special
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) Fissile or deep	(1) Soil
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	(2) Pond	(2) Paste
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(4) Run-off	(4) Tetherometer	System	
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W.S.		
Name: Private well, Stream, Spring, Impounded water only.			
L P C S M D I O (17) - (20)		SITE INVENTORY NUMBER (17) - (20)	General (18) - (21)
MONITOR POINT G / O 2 NUMBER (17) - (20)		DATE COLLECTED (21) - (24)	012881 (25)
St. Clair		Co. - LPC	REGION S (27)
Cahokia, Dead Creek (Location)		(Responsible Party)	
Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: (28)		Board Order (X) (29)	
Time Collected 11:20 p.m. (30)		Unable to collect sample (X) (30)	
Stick-up 10 ft. (31) - (33)		Depth to water 16.8 ft. (from T.O.C.) (34) - (36)	
Sample temp. (37) - (39)		Background (X). . . . (40)	
Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Seiling; (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify)		1 (41)	
Sample Appearance: turbid, odorless		1	
Collector comments: fast recharge		1	
B.C. Meiss + T. Powell		LPC	
Collected by B.C. Meiss		Div. or Company LPC	
Transported by		Div. or Company	
LAB USE ONLY Lab No. 36387		LPC 363870 Lab Comments:	
Date Rec'd JUN 29 1981		(37) - - - - - (38)	
Rec'd by A Time 4:00 AM		(37) - - - - - (38)	
Sample temp. acceptable YES NO Sample properly preserved YES NO		(37) - - - - - (38)	
Date completed		(37) - - - - - (38)	
Date forwarded		(37) - - - - - (38)	
Supervisor Signature		(37) - - - - - (38)	
Name _____		(37) - - - - - (38)	
Address _____		(37) - - - - - (38)	
of Lab _____		(37) - - - - - (38)	
Private Lab (X) (37) - - - - - (38)			
IEPA Lab (X) (37) - - - - - (38)			

* Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

HIAI

ANALYSES	TESTS
X Ammonium NH ₃	- 2 - E E E
X Arsenic As	- - - 2 0 E E
X Barium Ba	- - - 0.016
X Cadmium Cd	- - - 1 2 E E
X Copper Cu	- - - 3 E E E
X Iron Fe	- - - 2 - E E E
X Lead Pb	- - - 0.02 E E
LAB TESTS	
X Chromium Cr (tot)	- - - 0.02 E E
X Chromium Cr ⁶⁺	- - - X E E
X Copper Cu	- - - 0.29 E E
X Cyanide CN	- - - 0.00 E E
X Ferric, Fe ³⁺	- - - X E E
X Fluoride F	- - - X E E
X Hardness CaCO ₃	- 107.7 X E E
X Iron Fe	- - - 0.02 E E E
X Lead Pb	- - - 0.02 E E
LAB COMMENTS	
X Bromine Br	- 18.0 E E E
X Manganese Mn	- 1.12 E E E
X Mercury Hg	- - - 0.0000 C
X Nickel Ni	- - - 0.1 E E E
X Nitrate-nitrite N	- - - 2.5 E E E
X Oil and Grease	- - - X E E
X pH (Units)	X X - 7.0 X E E
X Phenolics	- - - 0.00 D D
X Phosphorus P	- - - 2.85 E E
X Potassium K	- - - 12.1 E E E
UPCOMING	
X H.C.E. (150°C)	- - - X E E
X Selenium Se	- - - 0.002
X Silver Ag	- - - 2.00 E E
X Sodium Na	- - - 4.3 - X E E
X SC (umhos/cm)	- - - - X E E
X Sulfate SO ₄	- - - 52.3 - X E E
X Zinc Zn	- - - 1.2 E E E
CER 051822	

¹ Alkalinity is to be determined as ppm of CaCO₃ at pH 4.5.

E000750

DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION CONTROL
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

Key for Identification of Sampling Point	
(S) Surface Water	(C) Ground Water
(1) by System	(1) Natural Fresh or salt water
(2) Hydro-site	(2) Private well
(3) Domestic	(3) Pump station
(4) Run-off	(4) Collection System
(5) Impounded	(5) Public U.S.
Name: Private well, current spring, no. 222-Sept. 20, 1981	
POINT NO. 103 SIZE: INVENTORY (1/2) SURFACE / (1/2) DEEP	
COLLECTED (2) 1/2 2 8 8 2 (26)	
Co. - L.P.C. REGION 5	
F. Chaire, Head Creek	
Location:	
(1) illegal (2) Indicate one: (1) Responsible party).	
Board Order (X) (28)	
Collected 11:10 A.M.	
Unable to collect sample (X) (20)	
Depth to water 5' 0" in. (from T.O.C.) (26)	
Background (X) . . . (40)	
Sample temp. (37)° (59)	
Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Baiting: (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) (4)	
Sample Appearance: Slightly turbid, odorless	
Collector comments: fast recharge, casing	
Collaborated 65.	
D. M. & T. Inc. (46)	
Collected by D. M. & T. Inc.	
Transported by D. M. & T. Inc.	
USE ONLY	
Lab No. 13	36388
Date Rec'd. 10/29/81	(27)
Lab Comments: Lab 2000	
(28)	
Rec'd by D. M. & T. Inc.	
Sample temp. acceptable (T.S. NO. (37))	
Sample properly preserved (T.S. NO. (37))	
Date completed _____	
Date forwarded _____	
Supervisor Signature: (37)	
Name _____	
Address _____	
of Lab _____	

1/2 P C S 4 2 1 (59) SITE INVENTORY (1/2) SURFACE / (1/2) DEEP

• POINT 6103 COLLECTED (2) 1/2 2 8 8 2 (26)

(1) illegal (2) Indicate one: (1) Responsible party).

Board Order (X) (28)

Collected 11:10 A.M.

Unable to collect sample (X) (20)

Depth to water 5' 0" in.
(from T.O.C.) (26)

Background (X) . . . (40)

Sample temp. (37)° (59)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Baiting:
(2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) (4)

Sample Appearance: Slightly turbid, odorless

Collector comments: fast recharge, casing

D. M. & T. Inc. (46)

Collected by D. M. & T. Inc.

Transported by D. M. & T. Inc.

USE ONLY

Lab No. 13

36388

Lab Comments: Lab 2000

(27)

Rec'd by D. M. & T. Inc.

(37)

Sample temp. acceptable (T.S. NO. (37))

Sample properly preserved (T.S. NO. (37))

Date completed _____

Date forwarded _____

Supervisor Signature: (37)

Name _____

Address _____

of Lab _____

CEA 051823

CER

EO00751

Alkalinity is to be determined as pH of
CaCO₃ at pH 4.5.

4/11

Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples.
Exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section:
Tests requested but not run should also be explained in the
Comments section.

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LABORATORY AND FIELD CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSTS FORM

(5) SURFACE WATER (3) GROUND WATER OR SPRING TESTS

(1) STREAM (1) NESTER WELL (1) FISH OR

(2) WAD SITE (2) PRIVATE WELL (2) SOIL

(3) STREAM (3) SPRING (3) LEAVES

(4) RIVER (4) BACTERIA (4) OTHER

(5) IMPounded (5) PUBLIC W.S.

(7) Private well, stream, spring, river, lake, other body
(7) NUMBER (7) 104 (7) WATER (7) PRIVATE

(7) MONITOR POINT (7) 104 (7) DATE (7) 10/28/76 (7) COLLECTED

S.T. Clark Co. - L.P.C. (7) REGION (7) S

Carthage, Del Norte (7) Location (7) Responsible Party

(6) (1) Mailed (2) Indicate One: (7) Board Order (X)

(7) Time Collected (7) 11:45 (7) P.M. (7) unable to collect sample (X)

(7) STICK-UP (7) 0 (7) Depth to water (7) 6 (7) ft.

(from T.O.C.) (7) 0 (7) in. (7) Background (X) (7) 0

(7) Pound water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Billing: (7) 0

(7) Sample Appearance: (7) turbid water (7) ut

(8) Locate comments: (8) Restroom Cr. / River

to River off Hwy 170, Carthage, IL, flowing
to River off Hwy 170, Carthage, IL, flowing
to River off Hwy 170, Carthage, IL, flowing
to River off Hwy 170, Carthage, IL, flowing

Collected by (7) L.P.C.
Transported by (7) L.P.C.

USE ONLY (7) Dr. or Company

No. B 36389 (7) LPCSDR0 (7) Lab Comment:

Rec'd 10/29/76 (7) ----- (7) -----

Item Temp. acceptable (7) YES (7) No

properly preserved (7) YES (7) No

sampled (7) NO

overruled (7) NO

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67	CER	051824	EQUITY
68	Alkalinity	to be determined	Code: (7) to be determined
69	Chloride	0.002	Code: (7) 0.002
70	Chlorine	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
71	Chlorophyll a	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
72	Chromium	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
73	Cobalt	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
74	Copper	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
75	Cyanide	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
76	Dissolved oxygen	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
77	Fluoride	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
78	Iron	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
79	Magnesium	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
80	Manganese	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
81	Nitrate-nitrite	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
82	Nitrogen	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
83	Nitrite-nitrate	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
84	Oil and grease	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
85	Phosphate	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
86	Phenol	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
87	Phosphorus	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
88	Potassium	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
89	Silica	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
90	Sodium	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
91	Sulfate	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
92	Tannins	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
93	Total hardness	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
94	Total dissolved solids	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
95	Total solids	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
96	Total suspended solids	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
97	Water hardness	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000
98	Zinc	0.000	Code: (7) 0.000

are to be performed on unfiltred samples. Values reported but not run should also be explained in section:

no. or places shown are reported in the lab comment section.

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point			
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(L) Leverage	(T) Tunnel
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) Fresh or deep	(1) Soil
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	(2) Feed	(2) Tissue
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(4) Run-off	(4) Weatherometer	System	
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W.S.		

Name Private Well, Stream, Spring, Impounded area only

L P C S M O 1 0 SITE INVENTORY General
(1) (8) NUMBER (1) (2)

MONITOR POINT G 1 0 5 DATE 01 2881
NUMBER (1) (2) COLLECTED (2) (26)

S. Clair Co. - LPC REGION S
(27)

Cahokia, Dead Creek
(Location) (Responsible Party)

Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: 1 Board Order (X) (28) (29)

Time Collected 10:55 p.m. Unable to collect sample (X) (30)

Stick-up 0.0 ft. Depth to water 14.0 ft.
(31) (33) (from T.O.C.) (34) (35)

Sample temp. 0 Background (X). (37) (39) (40)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing; 1
(2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify)

Sample Appearance: turbid, odorless

Collector comments: Past recharge; casing broken
at G.E.

B.C. Mann + T. Powell LPC
Collected by B.C. Mann Div. or Company
Transported by B.C. Mann Div. or Company

LAB USE ONLY

Lab No. B 36390

Date Rec'd Jul 29, 1981

Rec'd by BB Time 9:00 A.M.

Sample temp. acceptable YES NO

Sample properly preserved YES NO

Date completed _____

Date forwarded _____

Supervisor Signature _____

Name _____

Address _____

of Lab _____

LPCMS020

Lab Comments:

(37) ----- (36)

(37) ----- (26)

(37) ----- (36)

(37) ----- (66)

(37) ----- (76)

Private Lab (X) (77) (76)

IIEPA Lab (X) (76)

Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values
exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section;
tests requested but not run should also be explained in the
comments section.

(41A)

ANALYSIS	TEST	RESULT	UNITS
X	Chromium Cr (tot)	0.035	%
X	Chromium Cr ⁶⁺		%
X	Copper Cu	0.43	%
X	Chloride Cl	2.01	%
X	Ferric Fe		%
X	Fluoride F		%
X	Hardness CaCO ₃	114	ppm
X	Iron Fe	0.8	%
X	Lead Pb	0.07	%

ANALYSIS	TEST	RESULT	UNITS
X	Magnesium Mg	73.6	%
X	Manganese Mn	4.70	%
X	Mercury Hg	0.02	%
X	Nickel Ni	0.2	%
X	Nitrate-nitrite N	0.0	ppm
X	Oil and Grease		%
X	pH (Units)	7.0	ppm
X	Phenolics	0.003	ppm
X	Phosphorus P	0.0	%
X	Potassium K	1.3	%

ANALYSIS	TEST	RESULT	UNITS
X	R.D.E. (mg/L)	1.5	ppm
X	Reactive Si	0.003	ppm
X	Silver Ag	0.002	ppm
X	Sodium Na	5.0	ppm
X	SC (umhos/cm)	1.5	ppm
X	Sulfate SO ₄	24.2	ppm
X	Tite Zr	1.5	ppm

1 Alkalinity is to be determined as ppm of
CaCO₃ at pH 4.5.

E060783

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENT - ACTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point			
(1) Surface Water	(2) Ground Water	(3) Leachate	(4) Material
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) Flow or seep	(1) Soil
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	(2) Pond	(2) Waste
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(4) Run-off	(4) Tensiometer	System	
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W.S.		
Name: Private well, Stream, Spring, Impounded water body			
L P C S M O I C (17) _____ (28) _____	SITE INVENTORY NUMBER (17) _____ (28) _____	General (18) _____	
MONITOR POINT NUMBER (17) _____ (28) _____	DATE COLLECTED (17) _____ (28) _____	O L 2 8 8 1 (18) _____	
St. Clair Co. - LPC		REGION (17) _____	S
Cahokia / Dead Creek (Location)		(Responsible Party)	
Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: (28) _____		Board Order (X) (29) _____	
Time Collected 11:30 AM		Unable to collect sample (X) (30) _____	
Stick-up (31) _____ (33) _____	Depth to water (from T.O.C.) (34) _____ (35) _____	16.5 ft. (36) _____	
Sample temp. (37) _____ (39) _____	Background (X). . . .		(40) _____
Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Boiling; (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify)		1 (41) _____	
Sample Appearance: <u>turbid; strong organic</u> <u>odor</u>			
Collector comments: <u>fast exchange</u>			
<u>B.C. Mean + T. Powell</u> Collected by <u>B.C. Mean</u>		LPC Div. of Company LPC	
Transported by		Div. of Company	
LAB USE ONLY		LPCSM020 Lab Comments:	
Lab No. <u>10 34 391</u>	Date Rec'd <u>1W 29 1981</u>	(37) _____ (38) _____ (39) _____ (40) _____ (41) _____ (42) _____ (43) _____ (44) _____ (45) _____ (46) _____ (47) _____ (48) _____ (49) _____ (50) _____ (51) _____ (52) _____ (53) _____ (54) _____ (55) _____ (56) _____ (57) _____ (58) _____ (59) _____ (60) _____ (61) _____ (62) _____ (63) _____	
Rec'd by <u>B.C. Mean</u>	Time <u>4:00 PM</u>	(36) _____ (45) _____ (46) _____ (47) _____ (48) _____ (49) _____ (50) _____ (51) _____ (52) _____ (53) _____ (54) _____ (55) _____ (56) _____ (57) _____ (58) _____ (59) _____ (60) _____ (61) _____ (62) _____ (63) _____	
Sample temp. acceptable <u>YES</u> NO	Sample properly preserved <u>YES</u> NO	(64) _____ (65) _____ (66) _____ (67) _____ (68) _____ (69) _____ (70) _____ (71) _____ (72) _____ (73) _____ (74) _____ (75) _____ (76) _____ (77) _____ (78) _____	
Date completed	Date forwarded	(79) _____ (80) _____ (81) _____ (82) _____ (83) _____ (84) _____ (85) _____ (86) _____ (87) _____ (88) _____ (89) _____ (90) _____ (91) _____ (92) _____ (93) _____ (94) _____ (95) _____ (96) _____ (97) _____ (98) _____ (99) _____ (100) _____ (101) _____ (102) _____ (103) _____ (104) _____ (105) _____ (106) _____ (107) _____ (108) _____ (109) _____ (110) _____ (111) _____ (112) _____ (113) _____ (114) _____ (115) _____ (116) _____ (117) _____ (118) _____ (119) _____ (120) _____ (121) _____ (122) _____ (123) _____ (124) _____ (125) _____ (126) _____ (127) _____ (128) _____ (129) _____ (130) _____ (131) _____ (132) _____ (133) _____ (134) _____ (135) _____ (136) _____ (137) _____ (138) _____ (139) _____ (140) _____ (141) _____ (142) _____ (143) _____ (144) _____ (145) _____ (146) _____ (147) _____ (148) _____ (149) _____ (150) _____ (151) _____ (152) _____ (153) _____ (154) _____ (155) _____ (156) _____ (157) _____ (158) _____ (159) _____ (160) _____ (161) 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_____ (826) _____ (827) _____ (828) _____ (829) _____ (830) _____ (831) _____ (832) _____ (833) _____ (834) _____ (835) _____ (836) _____ (837) _____ (838) _____ (839) _____ (840) _____ (841) _____ (842) _____ (843) _____ (844) _____ (845) _____ (846) _____ (847) _____ (848) _____ (849) _____ (850) _____ (851) _____ (852) _____ (853) _____ (854) _____ (855) _____ (856) _____ (857) _____ (858) _____ (859) _____ (860) _____ (861) _____ (862) _____ (863) _____ (864) _____ (865) _____ (866) _____ (867) _____ (868) _____ (869) _____ (870) _____ (871) _____ (872) _____ (873) _____ (874) _____ (875) _____ (876) _____ (877) _____ (878) _____ (879) _____ (880) _____ (881) _____ (882) _____ (883) _____ (884) _____ (885) _____ (886) _____ (887) _____ (888) _____ (889) _____ (890) _____ (891) _____ (892) _____ (893) _____ (894) _____ (895) _____ (896) _____ (897) _____ (898) _____ (899) _____ (900) _____ (901) _____ (902) _____ (903) _____ (904) _____ (905) _____ (906) _____ (907) _____ (908) _____ (909) _____ (910) _____ (911) _____ (912) _____ (913) _____ (914) _____ (915) _____ (916) _____ (917) _____ (918) _____ (919) _____ (920) _____ (921) _____ (922) _____ (923) _____ (924) _____ (925) _____ (926) _____ (927) _____ (928) _____ (929) _____ (930) _____ (931) _____ (932) _____ (933) _____ (934) _____ (935) _____ (936) _____ (937) _____ (938) _____ (939) _____ (940) _____ (941) _____ (942) _____ (943) _____ (944) _____ (945) _____ (946) _____ (947) _____ (948) _____ (949) _____ (950) _____ (951) _____ (952) _____ (953) _____ (954) _____ (955) _____ (956) _____ (957) _____ (958) _____ (959) _____ (960) _____ (961) _____ (962) _____ (963) _____ (964) _____ (965) _____ (966) _____ (967) _____ (968) _____ (969) _____ (970) _____ (971) _____ (972) _____ (973) _____ (974) _____ (975) _____ (976) _____ (977) _____ (978) _____ (979) _____ (980) _____ (981) _____ (982) _____ (983) _____ (984) _____ (985) _____ (986) _____ (987) _____ (988) _____ (989) _____ (990) _____ (991) _____ (992) _____ (993) _____ (994) _____ (995) _____ (996) _____ (997) _____ (998) _____ (999) _____ (1000) _____ (1001) _____ (1002) _____ (1003) _____ (1004) _____ (1005) _____ (1006) _____ (1007) _____ (1008) _____ (1009) _____ (1010) _____ (1011) _____ (1012) _____ (1013) _____ (1014) _____ (1015) _____ (1016) _____ (1017) _____ (1018) _____ (1019) _____ (1020) _____ (1021) _____ (1022) _____ (1023) _____ (1024) _____ (1025) _____ (1026) _____ (1027) _____ (1028) _____ (1029) _____ (1030) _____ (1031) _____ (1032) _____ (1033) _____ (1034) _____ (1035) _____ (1036) _____ (1037) _____ (1038) _____ (1039) _____ (1040) _____ (1041) _____ (1042) _____ (1043) _____ (1044) _____ (1045) _____ (1046) _____ (1047) _____ (1048) _____ (1049) _____ (1050) _____ (1051) _____ (1052) _____ (1053) _____ (1054) _____ (1055) _____ (1056) _____ (1057) _____ (1058) _____ (1059) _____ (1060) _____ (1061) _____ (1062) _____ (1063) _____ (1064) _____ (1065) _____ (1066) _____ (1067) _____ (1068) _____ (1069) _____ (1070) _____ (1071) _____ (1072) _____ (1073) _____ (1074) _____ (1075) _____ (1076) _____ (1077) _____ (1078) _____ (1079) _____ (1080) _____ (1081) _____ (1082) _____ (1083) _____ (1084) _____ (1085) _____ (1086) _____ (1087) _____ (1088) _____ (1089) _____ (1090) _____ (1091) _____ (1092) _____ (1093) _____ (1094) _____ (1095) _____ (1096) _____ (1097) _____ (1098) _____ (1099) _____ (1100) _____ (1101) _____ (1102) _____ (1103) _____ (1104) _____ (1105) _____ (1106) _____ (1107) _____ (1108) _____ (1109) _____ (1110) _____ (1111) _____ (1112) _____ (1113) _____ (1114) _____ (1115) _____ (1116) _____ (1117) _____ (1118) _____ (1119) _____ (1120) _____ (1121) _____ (1122) _____ (1123) _____ (1124) _____<br	

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CIVICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Sampling		Date of Monitoring Point	
(S) Surface Water	(C) Ground Water	(L) Laboratory	(T) Test
(1) Natural	(2) Man-made	(1) Fresh or spray	(1) Soil
(2) Wind-sites	(2) Private well	(2) Rain	(2) Waste
(3) Stormwater	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(4) Run-off	(4) Discharge		
(5) Impacted	(5) Public U.S.		

Name _____ Date _____ SPAN: _____ after 3:00 p.m.

TIME POINT 5-12-92 (ET) SITE INVENTORY G-2 AND G-2 (ET)

NUMBER 07 DATE 07-28-92 (ET)

COLLECTED 0-L 282 L (ET)

ST. CLAIR CO. - I.P.C. REGION S

Cahokia, Dead Creek
Location

Legal (1): Residential (2): Indicate one: Land Order (X) (23)

Time Collected 12:10 (ET) Unable to collect sample (X) (35)

Depth to water 9 ft.
(from T.O.C.) (X) (25)

Background (X) . . . (25)

Sample Temp. 77 ° (ET)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Billing: W.F.

(2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) Very turbid, staining organic

Sample appearance: color

Collector comment: fast flowing, well lit is
slightly cloudy and sticks to glasses

PC 274 and T. Powell (ET)
Collected by PC 274
Transported by T. Powell

Lab Comments: LPC 2020

Lab No. 31-392 (ET)

Date Rec'd Jul 29, 1981 (ET)

Reid PC 274 (ET)

Sample temp. acceptable YES NO NO (ET)

Sample properly preserved NO (ET)

Date completed ----- (ET)

Date forwarded ----- (ET)

Supervisor Signature ----- (ET)

Date _____

Address _____

of Lab _____

Private Lab (X) (ET)

IPCA Lab (X) (ET)

CER 051827 (ET)

Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. "Values" preceding no. or places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the comments section.

(411)

Alkalinity is to be determined as ppm of
CaCO₃ at pH 4.5. ECU(07-5)

DIVISION OF WATERS - FIELD
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS SECTION

Date Collected		Location	Depth	Water Temp.	Conductivity	pH	Alkalinity
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58
59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66
67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74
75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82
83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106
107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114
115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122
123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130
131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138
139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146
147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154
155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162
163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170
171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178
179	180	181	182	183	184	185	186
187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194
195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202
203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210
211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218
219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226
227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234
235	236	237	238	239	240	241	242
243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250
251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258
259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266
267	268	269	270	271	272	273	274
275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282
283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290
291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298
299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306
307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314
315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322
323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330
331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338
339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346
347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354
355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362
363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370
371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378
379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386
387	388	389	390	391	392	393	394
395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402
403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410
411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418
419	420	421	422	423	424	425	426
427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434
435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442
443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450
451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458
459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466
467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474
475	476	477	478	479	480	481	482
483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490
491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498
499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506
507	508	509	510	511	512	513	514
515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522
523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530
531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538
539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546
547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554
555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562
563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570
571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578
579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586
587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594
595	596	597	598	599	600	601	602
603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610
611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618
619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626
627	628	629	630	631	632	633	634
635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642
643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650
651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658
659	660	661	662	663	664	665	666
667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674
675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682
683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690
691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698
699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706
707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714
715	716	717	718	719	720	721	722
723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730
731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738
739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746
747	748	749	750	751	752	753	754
755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762
763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770
771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778
779	780	781	782	783	784	785	786
787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794
795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802
803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810
811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818
819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826
827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834
835	836	837	838	839	840	841	842
843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850
851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858
859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866
867	868	869	870	871	872	873	874
875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882
883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890
891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898
899	900	901	902	903	904	905	906
907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914
915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922
923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930
931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938
939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946
947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954
955	956	957	958	959	960	961	962
963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970
971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978
979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986
987	988	989	990	991	992	993	994
995	996	997	998	999	1000	1001	1002

Date Rec'd 29-1-81
Rec'd by Time 10:00 AM
Sample temp. acceptable YES NO
Sample properly preserved YES NO
Date completed
Date forwarded

Supervisor Signature (Signature)
Address
Lab

Private Lab (X) (77)
ITPA Lab (X) (77)

Analyses to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values
*No. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section;
*Values requested but not run should also be explained in
the lab comments section.

(Signature)
(Signature)
Lab

Private Lab (X) (77)
ITPA Lab (X) (77)

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(Signature)
Lab

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(Signature)
Lab

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(Signature)
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(Signature)
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(Signature)
Lab

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(Signature)
Lab

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ITPA Lab (X) (77)

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(Signature)
Lab

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ITPA Lab (X) (77)

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(Signature)
Lab

Private Lab (X) (77)
ITPA Lab (X) (77)

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(Signature)
(Signature)
Lab

Private Lab (X) (77)
ITPA Lab (X) (77)

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(Signature)
(Signature)
Lab

Private Lab (X) (77)
ITPA Lab (X) (77)

Analyses to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values
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(Signature)
(Signature)
Lab

Private Lab (X) (77)
ITPA Lab (X) (77)

Analyses to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values
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*Values requested but not run should also be explained in
the lab comments section.

(Signature)
(Signature)
Lab

Private Lab (X) (77)
ITPA Lab (X) (77)

Analyses to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values
*No. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section;
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the lab comments section.

(Signature)
(Signature)
Lab

Private Lab (X) (77)
ITPA Lab (X) (77)

Anal

ILLINOIS STATE PLANNING AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND USE PLANNING AND CONTROL
ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS FORM

For Determining Type of Monitoring Point			
(S) Surface Water	(C) Ground Water	(W) Wastewater	(D) Discharge
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) Flow or Depth	(1) Solid
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private Well	(2) Point	(2) Leachate
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(4) Run-off	(4) Litter	(4) Filter	
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W.S.		

Time (Private Well, Stream, Spring, Groundwater when applicable)

L P C S M D I C SITE INVENTORY General
 (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23)

MONITOR POINT G 1/6 DATE OL 2881
 NUMBER (17) (20) COLLECTED (21) (22) (23)

S. Clair Co. - LPC REGION S
 (17)

Cahokia, Dead Creek
 (location) (responsible party)

Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: 1 Board Order (X) (23)

Time Collected 2:00 3 Unable to collect sample (X) (23)

Stick-up 1.1 ft. (17) (33) Depth to water 15.0 ft.
 (from T.D.C.) (24) (36)

Sample temp. 0 (37) Background (X) (43)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing; 2 (41)
 (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify)

Sample Appearance: slightly turbid; slight organic odor

Collector comments: flat recharge

R.C. Meiss + T. Powell LPC
 Collected by R.C. Meiss Div. or Company LPC
 Transported by _____ Div. or Company _____

LAB USE ONLY	LPCSL320
Lab No. <u>B 36395</u>	Lab Comments:
Date Rec'd <u>11/29/81</u>	(27) ----- (36)
Rec'd by <u>TL</u> Time <u>4:00</u> S.H. _____	(37) ----- (46)
Sample temp. acceptable <u>YES</u> NO	(37) ----- (46)
Sample properly preserved <u>YES</u> NO	(47) ----- (56)
Date completed _____	(37) ----- (66)
Date forwarded _____	
Supervisor Signature _____	
Name _____	(67) ----- (76)
Address _____	
of Lab _____	

Private Lab (X) (77)
 EPA Lab (X) _____

*Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

Alkalinity is to be determined as ppm of CaCO_3 at pH 4.5.

E000755

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF WATERSHED POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Identifying Type of Monitoring Point			
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(P) Stream	(D) Lake
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(2) River or Stream	(2) Lake
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private Well	(2) Pond	(3) Estuary
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(4) Run-off	(4) Watermeter	(4) System	
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W.S.		

Name Private well, stream, spring, impounded, after shore

L P C S M D I C SITE INVENTORY General
(1) (2) (3) NUMBER (4) (5)

MONITOR POINT 6111 DATE 012881
NUMBER (17) (20) COLLECTED (21) (22)

S. Clair Co. - LPC REGION S
(18) (19)

Cahokia, Dead Creek
(Location) (Responsible Party)

Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: 6 Board Order (X) (23)

Time Collected 1:45 Unable to collect sample (X) (20)

Stick-up 1.5 ft. Depth to water 16.2 ft.
(21) (23) (from T.O.C.) (24) (25)

Sample temp. 0 Background (X) (26) (27)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Boiling;
(2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) 4

Sample Appearance: slightly turbid; slight
undetectable odor

Collector comments: fast recharge; water sample
exposed to skin it causes a burning sensation

R.C. Mean + T. Powell Div. or Company
Collected by R.C. Mean Div. or Company
Transported by

LAB USE ONLY

B 36396

Lab No.

Date Rec'd JUN 29 1981

Rec'd by Time 4:00 p.m.

Sample temp acceptable YES NO

Sample properly preserved YES NO

Date completed

Date forwarded

Supervisor Signature

Name

Address

of Lab

LPCSD100
Lab Comments:

(27) ----- (26)

(27) ----- (26)

(27) ----- (26)

(27) ----- (26)

(27) ----- (26)

Private Lab (X)

EPA Lab (X)

*Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

ANALYSIS	TEST	UNITS
X	Chloride Cl	PPM
X	Chlorine Cl ₂	PPM
X	Chromate CrO ₄ ²⁻	PPM
X	Chromium Cr	PPM
X	Copper Cu	PPM
X	Chromide Cr	PPM
X	Ferric Iron Fe ³⁺	PPM
X	Fluoride F	PPM
X	Hardness CaCO ₃	PPM
X	Iron Fe	PPM
X	Lead Pb	PPM

ANALYSIS	TEST	UNITS
X	Manganese Mn	PPM
X	Manganese Mn	PPM
X	Mercury Hg	PPM
X	Nickel Ni	PPM
X	Nitrate-nitrite N	PPM
X	Oil and Grease	PPM
X	pH (Units)	PPM
X	Chromate Cr	PPM
X	Phosphate P	PPM
X	Potassium K	PPM

ANALYSIS	TEST	UNITS
X	Alkalinity, NaOH	PPM
X	Calcium Ca	PPM
X	Silver Ag	PPM
X	Sodium Na	PPM
X	SC (uhms/cm)	PPM
X	Sulfate SO ₄	PPM
X	Ammonium NH ₄	PPM

ANALYSIS	TEST	UNITS
X	Alkalinity, NaOH	PPM
X	Calcium Ca	PPM
X	Silver Ag	PPM
X	Sodium Na	PPM
X	SC (uhms/cm)	PPM
X	Sulfate SO ₄	PPM
X	Ammonium NH ₄	PPM

CER 051831

¹Alkalinity is to be determined as ppm of CaCO₃ at pH 4.5.

EO00759

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point			
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(P) Private	(C) Collection
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) River or Stream	(1) Sewer
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	(2) Pond	(2) Septic
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(4) Run-off	(4) Rainmeter	(System)	
(5) Impounded	(5) Public WS		

Name: Private well, stream, spring, impounded after analysis

P C S M O I C SITE INVENTORY General
 (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16)

MONITOR POINT GLL3 DATE COLLECTED 012881
 WUGER (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26)

St. Clair Co. - LPC REGION S
 Cahokia, Dead Creek
 (Location) (Responsible Party)

Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: 1 Board Order (X) 2 (27) (28) (29)

Time Collected 2:40 Unable to collect sample (X) (30)

Stick-up 2.7 ft. Depth to water 1.8 ft.
 (11) (31) (from T.O.C.) (32) (33) (34) (35) (36)

Sample temp. ° Background (X) . . .
 (37) (38) (40)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Boiling;
 (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) 2 (41)

Sample Appearance: off colorless; organic
 odors detected

Collector comments: fast recharge

R.C. Mean + T. Powell

Collected by R.C. Mean

Transported by

LAB USE ONLY	LPC
Lab No. B 30397	Div. or Company
Date Rec'd Jul 29 1981	LPC
Rec'd by <i>J. H.</i> Time 9:00	Div. or Company
Sample temp. acceptable YES NO	LPC 4020
Sample properly preserved YES NO	Lab Comments:
Date completed	(27) ----- (30)
Date forwarded	(37) ----- (40)
Supervisor Signature	(27) ----- (36)
Name _____	(37) ----- (46)
Address _____	(47) ----- (76)
of Lab _____	Private Lab (X) (77)
	IUPA Lab (X) (78)

Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

1	Aluminum Al	2.20 E 0
2	Boron B	0.50 E 0
3	Cadmium Cd	0.35 E 0
4	Chromium Cr ⁶⁺	4.7 E 0
5	Chloride Cl	2.02 E 2 X
6	Chromium Cr ³⁺	0.29 E 0 X
7	Copper Cu	0.29 E 0 X
8	Chromate CrO ₄ ²⁻	0.01 E 0 X
9	Ferric Iron Fe ³⁺	0.01 E 0 X X X
10	Fluoride F	0.01 E 0 X X X
11	Hardness Total	4.26 E 0 X X X
12	Iron Fe	1.97 E 0 X X X
13	Lead Pb	0.00 E 0 X
14	Manganese Mn	54.0 E 0 X X
15	Manganese Mn	2.79 E 0 X
16	Mercury Hg	0.00 E 0 X X
17	Nickel Ni	0.01 E 0 X X
18	Nitrate-nitrite N	0.0 E 0 X X
19	Oil and Grease	0.0 E 0 X X X
20	PH (Units)	4.9 E 0 X X X
21	Phenolics	0.45 E 0 X X
22	Phosphorous P	2.53 E 0 X X
23	Potassium K	2.0 E 0 X X X
24	4,4-D. (1,4-dioxane)	0.0 E 0 X X X
25	Tellurium Te	0.00 E 0 X X
26	Silver Ag	0.00 E 0 X X
27	Sodium Na	1.2 E 0 X X X
28	SC (unhos/cm)	0.0 E 0 X X X
29	Sulfate SO ₄	3.4 E 0 X X X
30	Iron Fe	2.9 E 0 X X X
31	CER 051832	-----

¹Alkalinity is to be determined as ppm of CaCO₃ at pH 4.5.

E0000710

PRIMARY

SECONDARY CONCERN

SUSPECT DUMP

14

4

2

一

SAUGET

Midway
Rock

۱۰۲

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL SECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/MINERALS POLLUTION CONTROL

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Analyses are to be performed on ~~untreated~~ samples. Values exceeding no. of pieces shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

5-100
Time Collected: 11:50 AM Priority UU12721
Date Collected: 1-28-81 SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM
Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:	FILE HEADING:	FILE NUMBER:
<u>St. Clair</u>	<u>Cahokia/Dead Creek</u>	<u>General</u>
SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)	<u>new factory well</u>	<u>██████████</u>
	<u>C-106</u>	

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: Turbid - very strong organic odor

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann + Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: <u>CML ECO</u>	DATE COMPLETED: <u>3-19-81</u>	DATE FORWARDED: <u>3-19-81</u> <u>JK</u>
-----------------------------	-----------------------------------	--

HCBs. <0.1 ug/l

0.1 ppb

CER 051835

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000793
UU12721

G-100

Priority

Time Collected: 10:55

Lab # DU19737

Date Collected: 1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE HEADING:

Cahokia/Dead Creek

FILE NUMBER:

GENERAL

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) monitoring well C-105

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: odor-less - turbid - very fast rec.

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann + Tom Prouty TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CMC ECP

DATE
COMPLETED:

3-19-81

DATE

FORWARDED: 3-19-81

8 Thursday

PCB- < 0.1 mg/l

L.O.I. (PPB)

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A.-D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051836

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000794

DU19737

Time Collected: 11:45 AM Lab # UU12732
Date Collected: 1-28-81 SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM
Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY: St. Clair FILE HEADING: Cahokia / Dead Creek FILE NUMBER: General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) Monitoring well (2-104)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: colorless - turbid

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Terry Mann + Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Terry Mann
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: C M DATE COMPLETED: 3-19-81 DATE FORWARDED: 3-19-81
ELP J. Sunday

PCB₂ = 0.3 ug/l

0.3 ffb

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051837

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E0000795
UU12732

Time Collected:

11:50 A.M.

PRIORITY

Lab #

DU12731

Date Collected:

1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received

JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE HEADING:

Cahokia / Dead Creek

FILE NUMBER:

General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) monitoring well C-1C3

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:

odorless - slightly turbid

TESTS REQUESTED:

P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann & Tom Powell

TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CML

DATE
COMPLETED:

DATE
FORWARDED:

3-19-81

3-19-81

& Shirley

PCBs < 0.1 mg/l

L 0.1 PPB

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A.
STATE OF ILLINOIS
D.L.P.C.

CER 051838

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000796
DU12731

5-100
Time Collected: 11:00 AM Lab # DU19730

Date Collected: 1-28-81 SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY: St. Clair FILE HEADING: Calhoun / Dead Creek FILE NUMBER: GENERAL

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) Monitoring well C-102

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: odorless - turbid

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann + Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CM DATE COMPLETED: 3-19-81 DATE FORWARDED: 3-19-81
ECP 2/21/81 D. Shirley

P.C.B. = 3.9 ug/l

3.9 PCB

RECEIVED
OCT 15 1981
U.S. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051839

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

DU19730 EOP0730

Time Collected: 11:55 AM

Lab # U019729

Date Collected: 1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

FILE HEADING:

FILE NUMBER:

St. Clair

Cahokia / Dead Creek

General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE:

(Exact Location) WELL

G-101

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: odorless - slightly turbid

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Terry Mann + Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Terry Mann

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CNS ECR

DATE
COMPLETED:

3-19-81 FORWARDER: 3-14-81

D. Hanley

PCB_a = 0.22 ug/l

22 ppB

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051840

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000738
U019729

101

Time Collected:

2:05 pm

Lib

DU1973?

Date Collected:

1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received

JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE HEADING:

Calumet/David Creek

FILE NUMBER:

General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

sample X-1 was collected from a field from a point h/100 yds west of #6108

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: sample is a sludge like oily-like substance having a similar type odor

TESTS REQUESTED:

P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann + Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY:

CNC
ECD

DATE

COMPLETED:

3-19-81

DATE

FORWARDED: 3-19-81

John Shirley

LBS received by - in the morning (7:00)

74 ppm

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051841

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000709
DU1973?

Time Collected: 2:10 pm
Date Collected: 1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Lab # DU12723

Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE HEADING:

Cahokia/Dent Creek

FILE NUMBER:

GENERAL

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact location) sample X-2 was collected from the wheat field immediately adjacent to where X-1 was collected

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: sample generally appears to be uncontaminated top soil.

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann & Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CMC DATE COMPLETED: 3-19-81 DATE FORWARDED: 3-19-81

D. Henley

6/13 7:5 AM (P.M.)

75 PPB

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051842

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000600

DU12723

Time Collected: 3:15 pm Lab # D019775
Date Collected: 1-28-81 SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM
Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY: St. Clair FILE READING: Cahokia / Dead Creek FILE NUMBER: GENERAL

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) S-56 was collected from
the north pond at the northern end of
Cerro Copper's property, adjacent to Monsanto's proper-

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: Bright Brownish-orange
color, oil film on surface, strong
organic odor.

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Ferry Mann + Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Ferry Mann
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CNC 6:15 DATE COMPLETED: 3-19-81 DATE FORWARDED: 3-19-81
S. Shirley

PCBs < 0.1 ug/l

L 19Ph

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051843

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000801
D019775

Time Collected: 3:00 pm

19011

Lab # DU19775

Date Collected: 1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE HEADING:

Cahokia/David Creek

FILE NUMBER:

General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

Sample S501 was collected from
the south pond at the south end located on Caro's property,
~~██████████~~

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:

greenish gray color with slight
odor detected.

TESTS REQUESTED:

P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann & Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CMC

DATE
COMPLETED:

3-19-81

DATE
FORWARDED:

3-19-81

J. Henley

Ref: E.C., mg/l

2 PPB

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.G.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051844

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000802
DU19775

U-112
Time Collected: 2:46 PM Priority: C Lab # DO 12740
Date Collected: 1-28-81 SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY: St. Clair FILE HEADING: Cahokia Road Creek FILE NUMBER: General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) monitoring well G-112

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: colorless slight organic odor

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann + Tom French TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CMD DATE COMPLETED: 3-19-81 DATE FORWARDED: 3-19-81
GMI 8-19-81 J. H. Herring

PCBs < 0.1 ug/l < 0.1 PPB

Chlorobenzene = 25. ug/l (PPB) 25 PPB

Chloroaniline = 21 ug/l (PPB) 21 PPB

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051845

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000803
DU12710

Time Collected:

1:45 PM

Prior 115

Date Collected:

1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

1012729

JAN 29 1981

Date Received

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE HEADING:

Cahokia/David Creek

FILE NUMBER:

General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE:

(Exact Location) monitoring well C-111

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: slightly turbid, slight sedimentation
odc

TESTS REQUESTED:

P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann + Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: C M

DATE
COMPLETED:

3-19-81

DATE
FORWARDED:

3-19-81
J. Murray

PCBs < 0.1 ug/l

0.1

PPB

CER 051846

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000804

DU12775

Time Collected: 2:00 PM

Date Collected: 1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY: <u>St. Clair</u>	FILE HEADING: <u>Cahokia/David Creek</u>	FILE NUMBER: <u>General</u>
SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) <u>Monitoring well C-110</u>		

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: slightly turbid, slight organic odor

TESTS REQUESTED:

P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann + Tom Powell / TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CML Ely

DATE
COMPLETED: 3-19-81

DATE
FORWARDED: 3-19-81
to Shirley

PCBs < 0.1 ug/g

< 0.1 ppb

CER 051847

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. EPA - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000805

DC12718

C-147

PRIO R 14

Time Collected: 1:00 PM

Lab # UW13737

Date Collected: 1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

FILE HEADING:

FILE NUMBER:

St. Clair

Cahokia / Dead Creek

GENERAL

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) Monitoring well C-109

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: light green color - strong organic odor.

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann & Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: C.M. E.P.D.

DATE

COMPLETED:

3-19-81

DATE

FORWARDED: 3-19-81

Dr. Stanley

ppb < 0.1 mg/L

Chlorobenzenes

Not detected

L 0.1 PPB

CER 051848

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

UW E840696

(G-108) Priority Lab # UU12736
Time Collected: 2:15 PM SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM
Date Collected: 1-28-81 Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
COUNTY: St. Clair FILE HEADING: Chalkia / Dead Creek FILE NUMBER: General
SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) Monitoring well G-108

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: colorless, slight organic odor

TESTS REQUESTED: P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Terry Mann + Tom Howell TRANSPORTED BY: Terry Mann
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CMC DATE RECEIVED: 3-19-81 DATE COMPLETED: 3-19-81 DATE FORWARDED: 3-19-81
D Murray

P.C.B.s < 0.1 mg/l.

< 0.1 ppb

CER 051849

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

U-107

Time Collected: 12:10 PM

Priority:

Lab #

DU12735

Date Collected: 1-28-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received JAN 29 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE HEADING:

Calumet/Dead Creek

FILE NUMBER:
General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

Monitoring well G-107

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: Very turbid - strong organic odor

TESTS REQUESTED:

P.C.B.'s + Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY: Perry Mann & Tom Powell TRANSPORTED BY: Perry Mann

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CNC

DATE
COMPLETED:

DATE
FORWARDED:

3-19-81

Dr. Hinsley

PCB = 0.4 ug/l^b (PPB) 0.4 PPB

Chlorobenzene = 63 ug/e (PPB) 63 PPB

Chloroaniline = 90 ug/e 90 PPB

Dichlorophenol = 560 ug/e 560 PPB

CER 051850

RECEIVED

OCT 15 1981

ILL. E.P.A.-D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

E000813

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

DU12735

Time Collected:

1:34 P.M.

Lab #

DO20139

Date Collected:

3-10-81

Date Received

MAR 11 1981

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

ST. CLAIR

FILE HEADING:

FILE NUMBER:

CAHOKIA/DEAD CREEK

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

G-111 (Monitor Well)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:

REMOVED ONE VOLUME
BAILED 2 QT.

TESTS REQUESTED:

PCB - Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

COLLECTED BY:

Ken Bosset & Dan Tocino

DLPC

DLPC

TRANSPORTED BY: Karpinski & Dan Tocino

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY:

CMC

DATE
COMPLETED:

DATE
FORWARDED:

J. Shirley

4/25/81

Pb < 0.1 ug/lR

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

RECEIVED

APR 29 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.

STATE OF ILLINOIS

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.

STATE OF ILLINOIS

0000807

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

DO20139

KM

CER 051851

PCM-X
TP-

Time Collected:

2:15 P.M.

Lab #

Date Collected:

3-10-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received

MAR 11 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

ST. CLAIR

FILE HEADING:

CAHOOKIA/DEAD CREEK

FILE NUMBER:

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

G 110 (Monitor Well)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:

REMOVED ONE VOLUME
BAILED 2 PTS.

TESTS REQUESTED:

PCB - Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

Deleted per instruction

COLLECTED BY:

Ken Basie & Dave Town D.L.P.C. D.L.P.C.

TRANSPORTED BY:

Ken Basie & Dave Town

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY:

CMC

DATE

COMPLETED:

DATE

FORWARDED:

J. Shirley

PCB 0.9 ug/lc

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

RECEIVED

APR 29 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.

STATE OF ILLINOIS

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.

STATE OF ILLINOIS

DO20128

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

CER 051852

E060810

Time Collected: 8:32 A.M. Lab # D020137
Date Collected: 3-11-81 SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM MAR 11 1981
Date Received _____

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
COUNTY: ST. CLAIR FILE HEADING: CAHOKIA/DEAD CREEK FILE NUMBER: _____

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)
G 109 (Monitor Well)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: VERY STRONG Odor - DIRTY
REMOVED ONE VOLUME 3-10-81
BAILED 2 Qt.

TESTS REQUESTED: PCB - CLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
deleterious contamination of
DLPC DLPC

COLLECTED BY: Kev Basa & Dan Tarn TRANSPORTED BY: Ken Basa & Dan Tarn

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CNC DATE COMPLETED: DATE FORWARDED: 4/26/81
John

PCB < 0.1 mg/lm

CER 051853

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

RECEIVED

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

APR 29 1981

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

D020137

E000811

Time Collected:

12:58 P.M.

Lab #

0020136

MAR 11 1981

Date Collected:

3-10-81

Date Received

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

COUNTY:

ST. CLAIR

FILE HEADING:

CAHOKIA/DEAD CREEK

FILE NUMBER:

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

G 108 (Monitor Well)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: REMOVED ONE VOLUME
BAILED ONE QT.

TESTS REQUESTED:

PCB

COLLECTED BY:

Ken Posie & Don Tolson

DLPC

TRANSPORTED BY: Ken Posie & Don Tolson

DLPC

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CNC

DATE
COMPLETED:

DATE
FORWARDED:

4/25/81
St. Henry

PCB <0.1 mg/lr

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

RECEIVED

APR 29 1981

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051854

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

0020136

E000812

DU20135

Time Collected:

4:59 P.M.

Lab #

Date Collected:

3-10-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received

MAR 11 1981ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

ST. CLAIR

FILE HEADING:

CAHOKIA/DEAD CREEK

FILE NUMBER:

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

G 107 (Monitor Well)PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: DIRTY STRONG ODOR
REMOVED ONE VOLUME
BALLED 2 QTS.

TESTS REQUESTED:

PCB & Chlorinated Hydrocarbons
detected per instruction -

COLLECTED BY:

Ken Basse & Doug Tola ^{D.L.P.C.} _{D.L.P.C.}
TRANSPORTED BY: Ken Basse & Doug Tola

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CMC

DATE
COMPLETED:DATE
FORWARDED:J. Shirley165 0.37 cu. ft.RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

RECEIVEDILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

APR 29 1981

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051855

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

DO20135

EOCOS13

Time Collected:

5:15 P.M.

Lab #

Date Collected:

3-10-81

20134

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received

MAR 11 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

ST. CLAIR

FILE HEADING:

FILE NUMBER:

CAHOKIA/DEAD CREEK

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

G 106 (Monitor Well)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:
DIRTY & STRONG ODOR
REMOVED ONE VOLUME
BAILED 2 QTS.

TESTS REQUESTED:

PCB - CLORINATED HYDROCARBONS
deleted, per instruction
from D.L.P.C. D.L.P.C.

COLLECTED BY:

Ken Barr & Don Tocino D.L.P.C.

TRANSPORTED BY:

Ken Barr & Don Tocino D.L.P.C.

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY:

CNC

DATE

COMPLETED:

DATE

FORWARDED:

4/28/81

D. Kline

PCB a.4 w.12

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

RECEIVED

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

APR 29 1981

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

CER 051856

20134
E000814

S:C (DO20133
Time Collected: 2:00 P.M. Lab #
Date Collected: 3-10-81 SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM Date Received MAR 11 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY: ST. CLAIR FILE HEADING: CAHOVIA/DEAD CREEK FILE NUMBER:

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)
G-105 (MONITOR WELL)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: REMOVED ONE VOLUME
BAILED 1 QT.

TESTS REQUESTED: PCB

COLLECTED BY: Ken Bone & Don Tamm DLPC
TRANSPORTED BY: Ken Bone & Don Tamm DLPC
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CMC DATE COMPLETED: DATE FORWARDED: 4/25/81
J. Hunter

PCB < 0.1 mg/l

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

RECEIVED

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

APR 29 1981

CER 051857

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

Time Collected:

4:20 P.M.

Lab #

DU20132

Date Collected:

3-10-81

Date Received

MAR 11 1981

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

ST. CLAIR

FILE HEADING:

CAHOKIA/DEAD CREEK

FILE NUMBER:

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

G 104 (MONITOR WELL)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: REMOVED ONE VOLUME
BAILED 1 QT.

TESTS REQUESTED:

PCB

COLLECTED BY:

Ken Bone & Dan Tolson DLPC

DLPC

TRANSPORTED BY:

Ken Bone & Dan Tolson

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CMc

DATE
COMPLETED:

DATE
FORWARDED: 4/25/81

J. Henley
Feb 21 1981

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

RECEIVED

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

APR 29 1981

CER 051858

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

DU20132

E000816

D020131

Time Collected: 5:26 P.M.

Lab #

Date Collected: 3-10-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received

MAR 11 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

ST. CLAIR

FILE HEADING:

CAHOKIA / DEAD CREEK

FILE NUMBER:

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

G-103 (Monitor Well)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:

Removed ONE VOLUME

BAILED 1 QT.

TESTS REQUESTED:

PCB

COLLECTED BY:

Ken Buske + Dave Tocan

DLPC

DLPC

TRANSPORTED BY: Ken Buske + Dave Tocan

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY:

Cmc

DATE

COMPLETED:

DATE

FORWARDED:

5/25/81
St. Louis

PCB < 0.1 mg/l

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

RECEIVED

APR 29 1981

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051859

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

D020131

E000817

DO20130

Time Collected: 3:50 P.M.

Lab #

Date Collected: 3-10-81

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received _____

MAR 11 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

ST. CLAIR

FILE HEADING:

FILE NUMBER:

CAHOKIA/DEAD CREEK

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

G 102 (Monitor Well)PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: REMOVED ONE VOLUME
BAILED ONE QT.

TESTS REQUESTED:

PCBCOLLECTED BY: Ken Bosie + Doug Tolman DLPC
TRANSPORTED BY: Ken Bosie + Doug Tolman DLPC
LABORATORYRECEIVED BY: CMCDATE
COMPLETED:DATE
FORWARDED:4/28/81
J. ShirleyRec'd a. 46 May 12

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

RECEIVED

APR 29 1981

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

DO20130

CER 051860

E000815

Time Collected: 4:47 P.M. Lab #
Date Collected: 3-10-81 SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM Date Received MAR 11 1981

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location) G101 (Monitor Well)

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS: REMOVED ONE VOLUME
~~PENINSULA~~ BAILED 1 QT.

TESTS REQUESTED: PCB

COLLECTED BY: Ken Bone + Dave Togni DLPC TRANSPORTED BY: Ken Bone + Dave Togni DLPC
LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: CMC DATE COMPLETED: DATE FORWARDED: 4/28/81
J. Hunter

Feb 0-13, 1910

RECEIVED

MAY 21 1981

ILL. E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

~~RECEIVED~~

~~APR 29 1981~~

~~E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS~~

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

CER 051861

D020129
E000829

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

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Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point			
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(B) Leachate	X) Special
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) Flow or seep	(1) Soil
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	(2) Pond	(2) Waste
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(4) Run-off	(4) Weatherometer	System	
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W.S.		

Monitor Well

(S) ~~Monitor Well~~
Monitor Well

Name Private Residential Spring, Grounded Water Only

L P C C N S I S SITE INVENTORY
NUMBER

MONITOR POINT G109 DATE 031181
NUMBER (2) COLLECTED (26)

ST. CLAIR CO. - LPC REGION

CAHOKIA DEAD CREEK

Legal (1); Illegible (2); Indicate One: 2 Board Order (X) 29

Time Collected 8:32 p.m. Able to collect sample (X) (30)

Stick-up 03.5 ft.
(31) (33)
Sample temp. °
Depth to water 19.1 ft.
(from T.O.C.) (X) (36)
Background (X). . . (2)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing;
(2) Pumping; (3) Other . Specify _____

Sample Appearance: DIRTY - VERY STRONG ODOR
TBW = 323

Collector comments: REMARKS ONE VALUE 3-10-81.

~~FILTERED SAMPLES EXCEPT ONE TO GRID.~~

KEN BOSE & Doug Tamm DLPC
Collected by DIV. OF COMPANY
KEN BOSE & Doug Tamm DLPC
Transported by DIV. OF COMPANY

LAB USE ONLY	BU43549	LPCM020
Lab No.		Lab Comments:
Date Rec'd	11-2 11-1981	(27) - - - - - (36)
Rec'd by	<i>JL</i> Time 5 P.M.	(37) - - - - - (45)
Sample temp. acceptable	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>	(47) - - - - - (56)
Sample properly preserved	YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/>	(57) - - - - - (66)
Date completed		(67) - - - - - (76)
Date forwarded	MAIL 30 1981	
Supervisor Signature		
Name		
Address		
of Lab		

CHEMTECH

* Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

PARAMETER	CONC.
Acidity	5.8
Ammonia as N	4.5
Argenine As	3.9
Boride Br	0.1
BOD - ₅	3.35
Boron B	0.5
Cadmium Cad	0.07
Calcium Ca	4.31
Chloride Cl	9.30
Chloride Cl	2.4

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chromium Cr (total)	0.01	█ █ █ █ █
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chromium Cr ⁶⁺		█ █ █ █ █
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copper Cu	67.0	██████████
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cyanide CN	0.00	█ █ █ █ █
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ferric Fe(III)		█ █ █ █ █
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fluoride F	7.7	██████████
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hardness Total	166.8	██████████
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Iron Fe	1.4	██████████
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lead Pb	0.0	██████████

Chromesum 1%	138.	X	X	X
Stannous 1%	6.22	X	X	X
Mercury Hg	0.0003			
Nickel Ni	123.	X	X	X
Nitrate-nitrite %	0.3	X	X	X
Oil and Grease	1	X	X	X
pH (Units)	4.6	X	X	X
Mercapto 1%	1.40			
Phosphoric 2%	2.8	X	X	X
	1.1			

¹Alkalinity is to be interpreted as nmol of CaCO_3 at pH 7.5.

186 8 2011 2000

CEB 051862

E0000820

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point					
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(L) Leachate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Special		
(1) Stream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) Flow or Seep	(1) Soil		
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	2) Pond	(2) Waste		
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other System		
(4) Run-off	(4) Watermeter				
(5) Impounded	(5) Public WS				

MONITOR WELL

Name: Private well, stream, spring, impounded water only.

P C E M O I C SITE INVENTORY
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)

MONITOR POINT NUMBER G107 DATE 031181
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)

COLLECTED (21) (26)
ST. CLAIR Co. - LPC REGION S

CAHOKIA DEAD CREEK
(Location) (Responsible Party)

Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: 2 Board Order (X)
(21) (26)

Time Collected 7:51 a.m. Unable to collect sample (X)
(21) (26)

Stick-up (31) ft. Depth to water 107 ft.
(31) (33) (34) (35)

Sample temp. 0 Background (X). . . .
(37) (39) (40)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing; 2
(2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) (41)

Sample Appearance:

T.D.W. - 272

Collector comments: REMOVED ONE VOLUME

3-10-81; FILTERED SAMPLES EXCEPT. OIL/GREASE

KEN BOSSIE & DOUG TOLAN DLPC

Selected by KEN BOSSIE & DOUG TOLAN DLPC
Div. or Company

Transported by

BU43547

Lab No.

Date Rec'd MAR 11 1981

Rec'd by (21) Time 5 a.m.

Sample temp acceptable YES NO

Sample properly preserved YES NO

Date completed

Date forwarded MAR 10 1981

Supervisor Signature

Name

Address

of Lab

LPCM020

Lab Comments:

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

(21) (26)

*Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

PARAMETERS		CODE
Alkalinity	657	
Ammonia-N	0.2	
Arsenic	0.004	
Boron	0.1	
Boron	39	
Cadmium	0.0001	
Calcium	1.968	
Chloride	47	
Chloride	23.5	

PARAMETERS		CODE
Chromium Cr (tot)	0.00	
Chromium Cr ⁶⁺		
Copper Cu	0.01	
Cyanide CN	0.00	
Ferric Iron		
Fluoride F	0.7	
Hardness (ACU)	1096	
Iron Fe	2.4	
Lead Pb	0.0	

PARAMETERS		CODE
Arsenium Hg	44.8	
Manganese Mn	2.12	
Mercury Hg	0.0002	
Nickel Ni	0.01	
Nitrate-nitrite N	0.0	
Oil and Grease	1.8	
pH (Units)	6.7	
Phenol	1.70	
Phosphorus P	0.03	
Potassium K	2.7	

PARAMETERS		CODE
D.E. (mg/m ³)	1610	
Iodine I	0.000	
Miller Ag	0.01	
Sodium Na	39.2	
OR (uhms/cm)	2290	
Sulfate SO ₄	31.3	
Iron Fe	0.1	
SULFIDE	0.00	

¹ Alkalinity is to be determined as sum of CaCO₃ at pH 4.5.

CER 051863

E000821

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point					
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(L) Leachate	X) Special		
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) Flow or deep	(1) Soil		
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	(2) Pond	(2) Waste		
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other		
(4) Run-off	(4) Lysimeter	(4) System			
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W.S.				

MONITOR WELL

Name (Private well, Stream, Spring, Impounded Water only)

L P C S M O 1 3 SITE INVENTORY
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)

MONITOR POINT G106 DATE 03/18/1
NUMBER (1) (2) COLLECTED (2) (3) (4)

ST. CLAIR Co. - LPC REGION S

CAHOKIA, DEAD CREEK

(Location)

(Responsible Party)

Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: 2 Board Order (X) (28)

Time Collected 8:00 a.m. Unable to collect sample (X) (30)

Stick-up 02 ft. Depth to water 17 ft.
(31) (33) (from T.O.C.) (24) (26)

Sample temp. ° Background (X) (37) (39) (40)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing;
(2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) 2 (41)

Sample Appearance: BLACK & DIRTY

Collector comments: REMOVED ONE VOLUME 3-10-81,

FILTERED SAMPLE EXCEPT DR + GRIP

KEN BOSE & DOUG TOLAN DLPC

Collected by

DIV. OR COMPANY

KEN BOSE & DOUG TOLAN DLPC

Transported by

DIV. OR COMPANY

LAB USE ONLY	LPCM020
Lab No. BU43546	Lab Comments:
Date Rec'd MAR 11 1981	(27) ----- (36)
Rec'd by (41) Time 5 p.m.	(37) ----- (46)
Sample temp acceptable YES NO	(47) ----- (56)
Sample properly preserved YES NO	(37) ----- (46)
Date completed	(47) ----- (56)
Date forwarded MAR 30 1981	(37) ----- (46)
Supervisor Signature	(47) ----- (56)
Name _____	(67) ----- (76)
Address _____	(Private Lab (X)) (77)
of Lab _____	(EPFA Lab (X)) (78)

* Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

PARAMETER	PPM
Alkalinity	594
Amonia-NH ₃	3.0
Arsenic-As	0.085
Boron-B	0.31
Boron-B	19
Cadmum Cd	2.5
Calcium-Ca	0.00
Chloride-Cl	175
COP	146
Chloride-Cl	150

PARAMETER	PPM
Chromium Cr (tot)	0.00
Chromium Cr ⁶⁺	
Copper Cu	0.01
Cyanide-CN	0.00
Fluoride-F	2.7
Hardness-TAC	615
Iron Fe	4.9
Lead-Pb	0.06

PARAMETER	PPM
Manganese-Mn	44.8
Manganese-Mn	1.62
Mercury-Hg	0.0001
Nickel-Ni	0.0001
Nitrate-nitrite-N	0.0
Oil and Grease	2.5
pH (Units)	6.7
Phenol-Ph	0.0001
Phosphorus-P	1.5
Potassium-K	5.7

PARAMETER	PPM
Alkalinity (as CO ₂)	1100
Chromium Cr	0.0001
Chloride-Cl	0.01
Sodium Na	92.6
EC (uhmhos/cm)	1820
Sulfate-SO ₄	146
T-e-f	0.1
SULFIDE	0.00

¹ Alkalinity is to be determined as ppm of CO₂ at pH 4.4.

CER 051864

E000822

WEC

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point			
(S) Surface Water	(1) Ground Water	(3) Leachate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Special
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) Flow or seep	(1) Soil
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	(2) Pond	(2) Waste
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(4) Run-off	(4) Streamer	System	
(5) Impounded	(5) Public WS		

MONITOR WELL

Name (Private Well, Stream, Spring, Impounded water only)

- L P C S M D I C SITE INVENTORY
 (1) - - - - - NUMBER (2) - - - - - (16)
 MONITOR POINT G101 DATE 031181
 NUMBER (17) (20) COLLECTED (21) (26)
ST. CLAIR Co. - LPC REGION S (27)
CAHOKIA, DEAD CREEK
 (Location) (Responsible Party)

Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: 2 Board Order (X) (28) (29)

Time Collected 7:23 p.m. Unable to collect sample (X) (30)

Stick-up ft. Depth to water ft.
 (31) (32) (33) (34) (35) (36)

Sample temp. ° Background (X). . . .
 (37) (38) (39) (40)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing; 2 (41)
 (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify)

Sample Appearance:

T.D.W. - 25

Collector comments: REMOVED ONE VOLUME 3-10-81

FILTERED SAMPLES EXCEPT OIL & GRATE.

KEN BOSE & DOUG TOLAN DLPC
 (Selected by) (Div. or Company)
 KEN BOSE & DOUG TOLAN DLPC
 (Transported by) (Div. or Company)

LAB USE ONLY	B043541	LPC36020
Lab No.		Lab Comments:
Date Rec'd	10/2 11 1981	(27) - - - - - (36)
Rec'd by	90	Time 5 (28)
Sample temp acceptable	YES NO	(37) - - - - - (38)
Sample properly preserved	YES NO	(39) - - - - - (40)
Date completed		(41) - - - - - (42)
Date forwarded	MAR 30 1981	(43) - - - - - (44)
Supervisor Signature		
Name	91	(45) - - - - - (46)
Address		(47) - - - - - (48)
of Lab	CHEMTECH	Private Lab (X) (49) IPPA Lab (X) (50)

* Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

PARAMETERS	RESULTS
Alkalinity	703
Ammonia-N	0.2
Ammonium-N	2.001
Barium	0.0
Boron	1
Boron	0.2
Cadmium Cu	0.009
Calcium Ca	154
Chloride Cl	14
Chromium Cr (tot)	0.005
Chromium Cr ⁶⁺	0
Copper Cu	0.04
Cyanide CN	0.00
Iron Fe	0.0001
Fluoride F	0.5
Hardness CaCO ₃	542
Iron Fe	0.3
Lead Pb	0.0
Thermometer	34.2
Mercury Hg	2.00
Mercury Hg	0.0001
Nickel Ni	0.0001
Nitrate-nitrite N	0.0
Oil and Grease	1.0
pH (Units)	6.9
Chloride	0.000
Phosphorus P	0.00
Potassium K	4.0
Hydrogen Ion	676
Potassium Br	0.000
Uranium U	0.01
Sodium Na	11.0
SC (umhos/cm)	1050
Sulfate SO ₄	118
Turb.	0.1
SULFIDE	2.00

¹ Alkalinity is to be determined as mg/l of $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ at pH 4.5.

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point					
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(L) Leachate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Special		
- (1) Upstream	- (1) Monitor Well	- (1) Flow or deep	(1) Soil		
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	(2) Pond	(2) Waste		
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other System		
(4) Run-off	(4) Lysimeter				
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W.S.				

MONITOR WELL

Name (Private well, Stream, Spring, Impounded water only)

L P C S M O 1 3	SITE INVENTORY NUMBER	(27) ----- (36)
MONITOR POINT GLO2	DATE COLLECTED	03LO81
NUMBER (17) (20)	(22) (26)	
ST. CLAIR Co. - LPC	REGION	S (27)
CAHOKIA (Location)	DEAD CREEK (Responsible Party)	

Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: 2 Board Order (X) (28)

Time Collected 3:50 Unable to collect sample (X) (35)

Stick-up 0.10 ft. Depth to water 17.8 ft. (from T.O.C.) (34) (36)

Sample temp. °C Background (X). (40)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing; (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) (41)

Sample Appearance:

T.D.W. - 30°

Collector comments: REMOVED ONE VOLUME

FILTERED SAMPLES EXCEPT OIL & GREASE.

KEN BOSE & DOUG TOLAN DLPC

Selected by Div. or Company
Transported by Div. or Company

LAB USE ONLY BU43542
Lab No.

Date Rec'd MAR 11 1981

Rec'd by Time a.m. p.m.

Sample temp. acceptable YES NO
Sample properly preserved YES NO

Date completed

Directed forwarded MAR 30 1981

Supervisor's Signature

Name
Address
of Lab

LPCM020
Lab Comments:

(27) ----- (36)

(37) ----- (36)

(27) ----- (36)

(37) ----- (36)

(37) ----- (36)

Private Lab (X) (77)

IPPA Lab (X) (78)

* Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

PARAMETERS	TESTED
Alkalinity	369
Amonia-N	0.0
Arsenic-A	0.000
Boron	0.2
BOD	1.1
Boron	0.4
Cadmium Cu	0.001
Calcium Ca	33.3
Iron Fe	24
Chloride Cl	13.4

PARAMETERS	TESTED
Chromium Cr (tot)	0.005
Chromium Cr ⁶⁺	
Copper Cu	0.06
Cyanide CN	0.00
Ferrous-Coll	
Fluoride F	0.7
Hardness CaCO ₃	1002
Iron Fe	0.3
Lead Pb	0.0

PARAMETERS	TESTED
Chromium Mn	77.9
Manganese Mn	2.98
Mercury Hg	0.0001
Nickel Ni	0.3
Nitrate-nitrite N	1.1
Oil and Grease	1.0
pH (Units)	6.9
Phenol(s)	0.0000
Phosphorus P	0.01
Potassium K	10.8

PARAMETERS	TESTED
H,D,F, Li-CO ₃	16.0
Tellurium Te	0.0001
Ullwer Ag	0.0001
Sodium Na	64.0
SC (umhos/cm)	2120
Sulfate SO ₄	61.7
Trace Cr	0.8
SVLFIDE	0.22

¹ Alkalinity is to be determined as non-CO₂ at pH 4.4.

CER 051866

E000824

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point					
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(L) Leachate	X Special		
(T) Upstream	(M) Monitor Well	(F) Flow or seep	(S) Soil		
(2) Mid-site	(P) Private well	(2) Pond	(2) Waste		
(3) Downstream	(S) Spring	(3) Collection	(3) Other		
(4) Runoff	(L) Lysimeter	(4) System			
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W S				
<u>MONITOR WELL</u>					
Name Private well, Stream, Spring, Impounded water only					
P	C	S	M	D	I
(2)	(1)	(3)	(3)	(1)	(3)
SITE INVENTORY					
NUMBER (ST) ----- (16)					
MONITOR POINT NUMBER (1) (20) DATE COLLECTED (03) (26) ST CLAIR Co. - LPC REGION S (27)					
CAHOKIA / DEAD CREEK (Location) (Responsible Party)					
Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: <u>2</u> Board Order (X) <u>29</u>					

Time Collected 3:31 P.M. Unable to collect sample (X) (30)
 Stick-up 008 ft. Depth to water 170 ft.
 (11) (33) (from T.O.C.) (X) (36)
 Sample temp. 60 ° Background (X) . . . (40)
 (37) — (39)
 Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing;
 (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) 2 (41)

Sample Appearance: T.D.W. - 31°
Collector comments: REMOVED ONE VOLUME.
FILTERED SAMPLES EXCEPT OIL + GRSE.
KEN BOESE & Doug Tolay DLPC
COLLECTED BY KEN BOESE & Doug Tolay DLPC

LAB USE ONLY	BU43543	LPCM020
Lab No.		Lab Comments:
Date Rec'd	11/28 11 1981	(27) ----- (36)
Rec'd by	Time 5 a.m. p.m.	(37) ----- (45)
Sample temp. acceptable	YES NO	(27) ----- (35)
Sample properly preserved	YES NO	(37) ----- (45)
Date forwarded	DATE FORWARDED MAR 30 1981	(27) ----- (35)
Supervisor Signature		(37) ----- (45)
Name	(57) ----- (76)	
Address	Private Lab (X)	
of Lab	(77)	
IPPA Lab (X), (77)		

*Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of pieces shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

ANALYSTS	TEST
Ammonia as N	319
Arsenite As	0.003
Barium Br	0.1
BOD - 5	1
Boron B	0.3
Cadmium Cd	0.013
Calcium Ca	16.1
Chlorine Cl	47
Chloride Cl	4
Chromium Cr (total)	0.00
Chromium Cr ⁶⁺	
Copper Cu	0.08
Cyanide CN	0.00
Ferric Iron Fe ³⁺	
Fluoride F	0.8
Hardness CaCO ₃	620
Iron Fe	1.6
Lead Pb	0.0
Manganese Mn	41.9
Manganese Mn	351
Mercury Hg	0.0001
Nickel Ni	1.1
Nitrate-nitrite N	0.0
Oil and Grease	0
pH (Units)	6.8
Phenolines	0.005
Phosphorus P	0.03
Potassium K	10.4
Water Hardness	1070
Titanium Ti	0.001
Uranium U	0.00
Silicon Si	0.00
Sodium Na	45.6
SC (umhos/cm)	1470
Sulfate SO ₄	5.7
Tac S	2.8
SULFIDE	0.00

¹ Alkalinity is to be determined as ppm of CaCO_3 at pH 4.5.

CER 051867

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point					
(1) Surface Water	(2) Ground Water	(3) Leachate	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Special		
(1) Upstream	(1) Monitor Well	(1) Flow or Seep	<input type="checkbox"/> Soil		
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	(2) Pond	<input type="checkbox"/> Waste		
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	(3) Collection System	<input type="checkbox"/> Other		
(4) Run-off	(4) Lysimeter				
(5) Impounded	(5) Public WS				

MONITOR WELL

Name: Private Well, Stream, Spring, Impounded Water only.

L P C S M O I C SITE INVENTORY
(1) — — — — — — — — (16)

MONITOR POINT NUMBER G104 DATE 03/08/1
NUMBER (17) (20) COLLECTED (21) (26)

ST. CLAIR Co. - LPC REGION S (27)

CAHOKIA / DEAD GREEK
(Location) (Responsible Party)

Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: (28) Board Order (X) (29)

Time Collected 4:20 p.m. Unable to collect sample (X) (30)

Stick-up 0.17 ft. Depth to water 1.99 ft.
(31) (33) (from T.O.C.) (34) (36)

Sample temp. ° Background (X). . . . (37) (39) (40)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing; (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) 2 (41)

Sample Appearance:

T.D.W. - 281

Collector comments: REMOVED ONE VOLUME;
FILTERED SAMPLES EXCEPT Oil & Grease.

KEN BOSIE & Doug TOLAN DLPC
Selected by *Doug Tolan* Div. or Company

KEN BOSIE & Doug TOLAN DLPC
Transported by *Doug Tolan* Div. or Company

LAB USE ONLY	BU43544	LPCSM020
Lab No.		Lab Comments:
Date Rec'd	MAR 11 1981	(27) — — — — — — — — (36)
Rec'd by	<i>JP</i>	Time 5 a.m. (37) — — — — — — — — (46)
Sample temp acceptable	YES NO	(37) — — — — — — — — (46)
Sample properly preserved	YES NO	(37) — — — — — — — — (46)
Date completed		(37) — — — — — — — — (46)
Sample forwarded	MAR 30 1981	(37) — — — — — — — — (46)
Supervisor Signature		(37) — — — — — — — — (46)
Name _____ Address _____ of Lab _____		(67) — — — — — — — — (76)
		Private Lab (X) (77)
		IEPA Lab (X) (78)

*Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

PARAMETERS	RESULTS
Alkalinity	56.8
Ammonia-NH ₃	0.0
Arsenic As	0.001
Boron B	0.2
BOD ₅	1
Boron B	0.7
Cadmium Cd	0.003
Calcium Ca	20.5
Chloride Cl	28

PARAMETERS	RESULTS
Chromium Cr (tot)	0.01
Chromium Cr ⁶⁺	
Copper Cu	0.02
Cyanide CN	0.01
Fecal Coli	
Fluoride F	0.3
Hardness Total	8.39
Iron Fe	0.0
Lead Pb	0.0

PARAMETERS	RESULTS
Manganese Mn	56.8
Manganese Mn	0.61
Mercury Hg	0.0001
Nickel Ni	0.01
Nitrate-nitrite N	2.3
Oil and Grease	2.1
pH (Units)	6.9
Phenol	0.0001
Phosphorus P	0.02
Potassium K	5.9

PARAMETERS	RESULTS
4,4'-D.E. (ppm)	1.200
Chromium Cr	0.003
Fluoride F	0.001
Sodium Na	17.4
SC (umhos/cm)	1550
Sulfate SO ₄	30.3
Total Cr	0.1
SVLE 10	0.02

¹Alkalinity is to be determined as one of
CaCO₃ at pH 4.5.

CER 051868

E000826

CER 051869

2476 May 1935

E00008

8.9	8	8.9	8	8.9	8
0.1	0	0.1	0	0.1	0
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
0.2	0	0.2	0	0.2	0
0.3	0	0.3	0	0.3	0
0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
0.2	0	0.2	0	0.2	0
0.3	0	0.3	0	0.3	0
2.32	2	2.32	2	2.32	2
47.00	47	47.00	47	47.00	47

DATAFILE	APPEAL NO.	DATE REC'D.	REASON	ATTORNEY	AMOUNT	TYPE	STATUS
CHI15140	23	5/2					
COP	23						
COP	18						
COP	18						
CAD-3 OF CAD	0.00						
SOPPEN	0.34						
SOPPEN	2						
SOPPEN	2						
SOPPEN	0.25						
SOPPEN	0.013						
SOPPEN	0.2						
SOPPEN	393						

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point		
(S) Surface Water	(G) Ground Water	(D) Surface
(1) Petroleum	(2) Monitor Well	(3) Deep or Flow or Soil
(2) Acidic	(2) Private well	(4) Deep
(3) Domestic	(3) Pond	(2) Waste
(4) Radon	(3) Collection	(3) Other
(5) Leoponized	(5) Public Sys	System

Monitor Well

Name _____

Private well, stream, pond, impounded water only)

	WATER	SOIL	LEAVES	FRUIT
Acetone	4.64	2.2	2.2	2.2
Acetone + 13%	2.2	-	-	-
Acetone + 25%	0.00	1.0	-	-
Acetone + 50%	0.2	-	-	-
SDC - 1	-	1.0	-	-
SDC - 2	-	0.2	-	-
SDC - 3	-	0.2	-	-
CaCO ₃ + 10%	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
CaCO ₃ + 20%	1.48	1.2	1.2	1.2
CaCO ₃ + 30%	-	5.1	5.1	5.1
Chloroform Cr (10%)	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chloroform Cr (20%)	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cobalt Cr	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
Cyanide Cr	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22
Ferric Cr	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22
Muriate Cr	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22
Hardness factor	3.29	3.29	3.29	3.29
Iron Fe	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Lead Pb	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

MONITOR POINT	G-108	DATE	(12/20/86)
NUMBER		COLLECTED	(LPC)
St. Clair		CO. - LPC	REGION (MI)
<u>CAHOKIA DEEP CREEK</u>		(Responsible Party)	
Location:			
Label (1); illegal (2); Indicate One:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Time Collected	L:58 AM	Unbr.	Collect sample (X) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Stick-up	(Y) — (S)	Depth to water (from T.O.C.)	(<u>5.9</u>) m.
Sample temp.	(Y) — (S)	Background (X) . . .	(<u>45</u>)
Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Boring: (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) _____			
Sample Appearance:			
TPW - 342			
Collector comments: <u>Removed Dave Turner</u> , <u>Entered Smokes Creek on trail</u> .			
Key Bore & Done Today <u>DUPC</u> Directed by <u>Dave Turner</u> <u>DUPC</u> Key Bore & Done Today <u>DUPC</u> Transported by <u>Dave Turner</u> <u>DUPC</u>			

Collector comments: Removed One Vial only,	
Entered Samples intact on & time.	
Ken Balle + Dave Toner DUPE Directed by Ken Balle + Dave Toner DUPE Transported by DUPE	
LAB USE ONLY BU43548	
Lab No.	
Date Rec'd	Mar 11 1981
Rec'd by	DL
Time	5
a.m.	
Sample type acceptable	(<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes) <input type="checkbox"/> No
Sample properly preserved	(<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes) <input type="checkbox"/> No
Specimen prepared	Mar 11 1981
Specimen received	
Supervisor Signature	
Lab Comments:	
(<input type="checkbox"/>)	-----
Spec Lab (<input type="checkbox"/>)	(<input type="checkbox"/>)

Analyses are to be performed on unfilled samples. Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point	
(1) Surface Water	(1) Ground Water
(1) Stream	(1) Monitor Well
(2) Sediment	(2) River or Creek
(3) Compost	(2) Pond
(4) Runoff	(3) Collection (1) Other System
(5) Impounded	

Monitor Well

Name: Private well, stream, spring, impounded water body

SITE INVENTORY NUMBER: (78)

MONITOR POINT # (78)
NUMBER COLLECTED: 031086

St. Clair Co., ILPC REGION: S

CAHOKIA, DEAD GREEK
Responsible Party
Location:

Land Use: Residential (2); Indicate One: 23

Time Collected: 2/15 (78) Unable to collect sample (X) (78)

Stick-up (ft.)—(78) ft.
(from P.O.C.) (78) ft.

Sample temp. (78)—°
Background (X). . . . (78)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Boring; (2)
(Pumping; (3) Other (Specify))

Sample Appearance:

T.D.W. - 198

Collector comments: REMAINED ONE VOLUME;

FILTERED SAMPLES EXCEPT ON THE GROVE.

Ken Boyle & Dave Taylor DPC

Ken Boyle & Dave Taylor DPC
Transported by

LAB USE ONLY

LPC9020 Lab Comments:

Lab No. 00445500 (78)

Date Rec'd Mar 11, 1981 (78)

Rec'd by John Tim (78)

Sample left acceptable (78) NO
Sample properly preserved (78) NO

Date completed (78) Mar 30, 1981

Supervisor Signature

Name _____
Address _____
or Lab _____

Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. Values

exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section:
tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

LPC-E REV. 7/77

CHARACTER	TEST	TEST
20. Atmosphere	33 L	33 L
21. Atmosphere 10 m	0 C	0 C
22. Atmosphere 40 m	0 C	0 C
23. Particulate	0.1	0.1
24. EAT	1	1
25. Boron	0 / 1	0 / 1
26. Cadmium Cr (ppm)	10.0	0.04
27. Calcium Ca	121	121
28. COP	1.0	1.0
29. Chloride Cl	1.7	1.7
30. Chromium Cr (ppm)	0.002	0.002
31. Chromium Cr (ppm)	0.02	0.02
32. Cobalt Co	0.02	0.02
33. Cyanide CN	0.00	0.00
34. FSS? Cr (ppm)	1	1
35. Fluoride F	75	75
36. Hardness Total	72.9	72.9
37. Iron Fe	0.0	0.0
38. Lead Pb	0.0	0.0
39. Manganese Mn	28.7	28.7
40. Mercury Hg	0.1	0.1
41. Nickel Ni	0.02	0.02
42. Nitrobenzene Nitro	1.2	1.2
43. Oil and Grease	1.5	1.5
44. pH (Unadjusted)	6.6	6.6
45. Phenol Phenol	0.002	0.002
46. Thorium Th	0.01	0.01
47. Potassium K	6.3	6.3
48. Zinc Zn	55.8	55.8
49. Zn (Unadjusted)	0.01	0.01
50. Cadmium Cd	4.1	4.1
51. Zinc Zn	1.8	1.8
52. TMA Lab (Y) (78)	SYLVE 102	SYLVE 102
53. Private Lab (X) (77)	4.1	4.1
54. TMA Lab (Y) (77)	1.8	1.8
55. TMA Lab (Y) (77)	0.0	0.0

20. Atmosphere	33 L	33 L
21. Atmosphere 10 m	0 C	0 C
22. Atmosphere 40 m	0 C	0 C
23. Particulate	0.1	0.1
24. EAT	1	1
25. Boron	0 / 1	0 / 1
26. Cadmium Cr (ppm)	10.0	0.04
27. Calcium Ca	121	121
28. COP	1.0	1.0
29. Chloride Cl	1.7	1.7
30. Chromium Cr (ppm)	0.002	0.002
31. Chromium Cr (ppm)	0.02	0.02
32. Cobalt Co	0.02	0.02
33. Cyanide CN	0.00	0.00
34. FSS? Cr (ppm)	1	1
35. Fluoride F	75	75
36. Hardness Total	72.9	72.9
37. Iron Fe	0.0	0.0
38. Lead Pb	0.0	0.0
39. Manganese Mn	28.7	28.7
40. Mercury Hg	0.1	0.1
41. Nickel Ni	0.02	0.02
42. Nitrobenzene Nitro	1.2	1.2
43. Oil and Grease	1.5	1.5
44. pH (Unadjusted)	6.6	6.6
45. Phenol Phenol	0.002	0.002
46. Thorium Th	0.01	0.01
47. Potassium K	6.3	6.3
48. Zinc Zn	55.8	55.8
49. Zn (Unadjusted)	0.01	0.01
50. Cadmium Cd	4.1	4.1
51. Zinc Zn	1.8	1.8
52. TMA Lab (Y) (78)	SYLVE 102	SYLVE 102
53. Private Lab (X) (77)	4.1	4.1
54. TMA Lab (Y) (77)	1.8	1.8
55. TMA Lab (Y) (77)	0.0	0.0

E000829

CER 051871

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

E009030

CER 051872

SLIDE NO.	SLIDE NO.	SLIDE NO.
0.00	0.00	0.00
0.10	0.10	0.10
0.20	0.20	0.20
0.30	0.30	0.30
0.40	0.40	0.40
0.50	0.50	0.50
0.60	0.60	0.60
0.70	0.70	0.70
0.80	0.80	0.80
0.90	0.90	0.90

2.9	1	1
0.0	1	1
2.5	0	2
2.5	2	1
2.5	3	1
2.7	4	1
2.7	5	1
2.7	6	1
2.7	7	1
0.0	8	1
0.0	9	1
1.0	2	1
1.0	3	1

Chromel-Ale Cr (10%)	Chromel-Ale Cr (10%)	Chromel-Ale Cr (10%)
0.00	0.00	0.00
0.07	0.07	0.07
0.00	0.00	0.00
Catalytic Cr	Catalytic Cr	Catalytic Cr
0.00	0.00	0.00
0.50	0.50	0.50
119000000	119000000	119000000
Interlock F	Interlock F	Interlock F
0.50	0.50	0.50
Address (Alt)	Address (Alt)	Address (Alt)
Iron Fe	Iron Fe	Iron Fe
0.25	0.25	0.25
0.07	0.07	0.07
Lead Pb	Lead Pb	Lead Pb

ENVIRONMENTAL ACTIVISM: ACCORD
DIVISION OF LAND/MINER POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS ROOM

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL
CHEMICAL ANALYSIS FORM

WE-2

Key for Determining Type of Monitoring Point					
(1) Surface Water	(2) Ground Water	(3) Leachate	(4) Special		
(1) Upstream	(2) Monitor Well	1. Flow or deep	2. Soil		
(2) Mid-site	(2) Private well	3. Pond	4. Waste		
(3) Downstream	(3) Spring	4. Collection	5. Other		
(4) Run-off	(4) Rainmeter	System			
(5) Impounded	(5) Public W.S.				

Monitor Well

Name: Private Well, Stream, Spring, Impounded Water only

L P C S M D I O	SITE INVENTORY
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)	NUMBER (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15)
MONITOR POINT NUMBER (17) (18)	DATE COLLECTED (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26)
<i>St. CLAIR</i>	Co. - LPC REGION S (27)
<i>CAHOKIA</i> (Location)	<i>DEAD CREEK</i> (Responsible Party)
Legal (1); Illegal (2); Indicate One: (27)	Board Order (X) (28) (29)

Time Collected *11:23* p.m. Unable to collect sample (X) (30)

Stick-up (ft.) (31) (32) Depth to water *18.7* ft. (from T.O.C.) (33) (34) (35)

Sample temp. (36) (37) Background (X) (40)

Ground water sampled by (Indicate one): (1) Bailing; (2) Pumping; (3) Other (Specify) *2* (41)

Sample Appearance: *SILTY & DIRTY*

T.D.W. - 35² (GERRD COPPER MINE)

Collector comments: *No Odor; ONE VOLUME REMOVED; FILTERED SAMPLES EXCEPT OIL & GREASE*

KEN BASIE & DON TOWN *D.L.P.C.*
Collected by *KEN BASIE & DON TOWN* *D.L.P.C.*
Transported by

LAB USE ONLY	<i>BU43552</i>	LPC3MD020
Lab No.		Lab Comments:
Date Rec'd	<i>MAR 11, 1981</i>	(27) (36)
Rec'd by	<i>JL</i>	Time <i>5</i> a.m. (37) (46)
Sample temp. acceptable	YES NO	
Sample properly preserved	YES NO	
Date completed		(47) (56)
Date forwarded	<i>MAR 30, 1981</i>	
Supervisor Signature		(57) (66)
Name		(67) (76)
Address		
of Lab		

CRAVEN

Private Lab (X) (77)
IPPA Lab (X) (78)

*Analyses are to be performed on unfiltered samples. *Values exceeding no. of places shown are reported in the lab comments section; tests requested but not run should also be explained in the lab comments section.

PARAMETER	CODE
Alkalinity	400 E E E
Ammonia as N	0.7 E E E
Ammonium NH ₄ ⁺	0.003 E E E
Boron	0.2 E E E
BOD ₅	LO E E E
Boron	3.4 E E E
Cadmium Cd	0.15 E E E
Calcium Ca	207 E E E
Chlorine Cl	52 E E E
Chloride Cl	133 E E E

Chromium Cr (total)	0.00 E E E
Chromium Cr ⁶⁺	E E E
Copper Cu	0.48 E E E
Cyanide CN	0.22 E E E
Ferric Fe ³⁺	E E E E
Fluoride F	4.8 E E E
Hardness (mg/L)	789 E E E
Iron Fe	0.5 E E E
Lanthanum La	0.0 E E E

Chromium Cr	12.0 E E E
Chromium Cr ⁶⁺	3.10 E E E
Mercury Hg	0.0001 E E E
Nickel Ni	0.4 E E E
Nitrate-nitrite N	0.23 E E E
Oil and Grease	1 E E E
pH (Units)	6.6 E E E
Phosphate P	0.005 E E E
Phosphorus P	0.03 E E E
Potassium K	40.2 E E E

Lead Pb	1530 E E E
Nickel Ni	0.0002 E E E
Uranium U	0.01 E E E
Sodium Na	94.6 E E E
SC (umhos/cm)	2040 E E E
Sulfate SO ₄	544 E E E
Total T	11.8 E E E
Sum Total	0.02

¹Alkalinity is to be determined at ppm of CaCO₃ at pH 4.4.



ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

MEMORANDUM

DATE: February 22, 1983

TO: Division File

FROM: Tom Powell - Southern Region

SUBJECT: DLPC - General - St. Clair County - Cahokia/Dead Creek

On February 14, 1983, William DeLisle, 130 Edwards Place, Cahokia, Illinois (618)337-2171 phoned the Division of Water Pollution Control, Region 6, to report that substantial quantities of water are seeping into his basement. Mr. DeLisle reported that the water has an orange chemical looking substance in it, as well as a black tar-looking material upon the surface. Mr. DeLisle, worried about the recent reports of dioxin in the Dead Creek area and with the water seeping into his basement, wanted IEPA to sample to determine if any contaminants from Dead Creek are entering his basement. Since the Division of Land Pollution Control has been involved in the Dead Creek investigation, this information was forwarded to DLPC for consideration.

Attempts to contact Mr. DeLisle were not successful until he contacted this office on February 16, 1983. In speaking to Mr. DeLisle, this writer told him that a representative of the DLPC would be out to his residence the following morning to obtain water samples from his basement.

This writer arrived at Mr. DeLisle's residence at 10:00 a.m. on February 17, 1983 and as stated previously, Mr. DeLisle was concerned with the recent press reports that dioxin has been found in Dead Creek. Since his residence is approximately 200 yards east of the creek, he wanted samples taken from within his basement. The basement, constructed of concrete block walls with a poured concrete floor had approximately 3-4 inches of very fine grained grey sand over most of the floor. The water sample point for the organics, inorganics and volitiles were taken from the foot of the basement stairs, while the sediment sample for organics was taken from the southwest corner of the basement. The southwest corner was where the orange and black tar-looking stains were observed upon the sand. It is felt, by this writer, that these stains are from the leaching of the black tar material used to seal basements against water leakage. The orange material appears to be rust, however it is not known where this material could be coming from, although metal sheets used possibly as forms in the construction of the house were noted outside of the house's foundation.

Mr. DeLisle was told that it would be several weeks before test results were finished, and at that time he would be notified of the results. After obtaining the samples, this writer departed from the site.

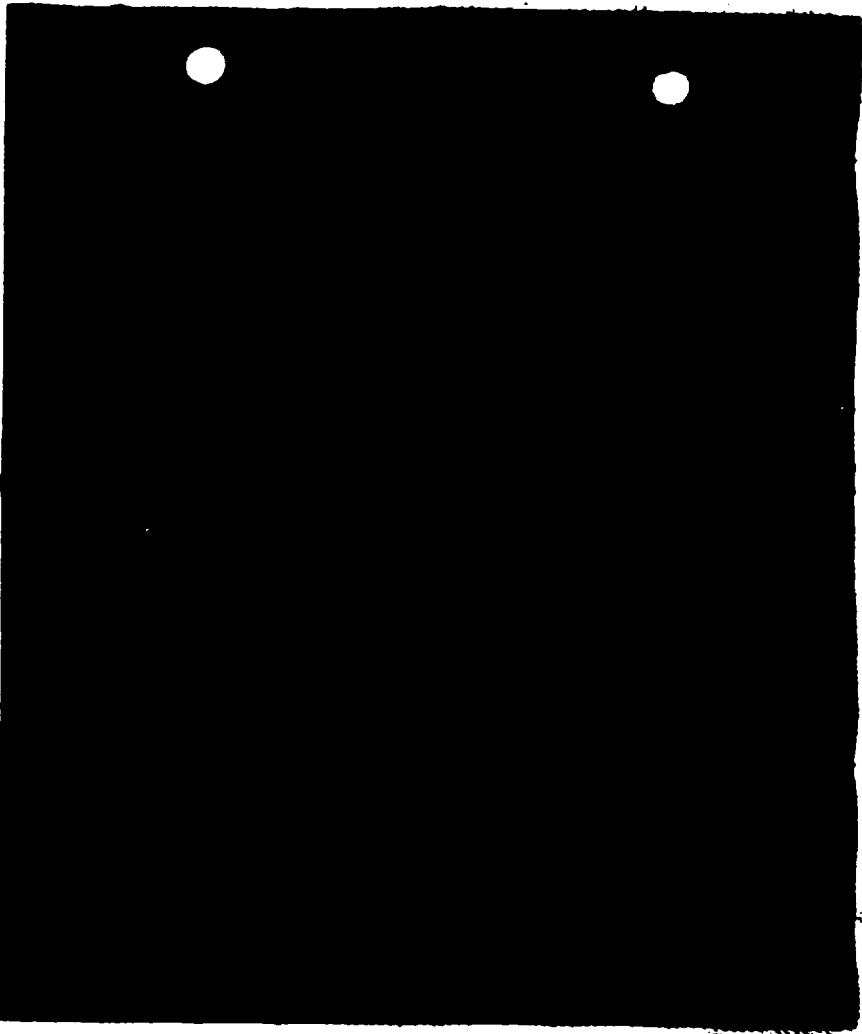
TEP:jlr

cc: Southern Region

.1.

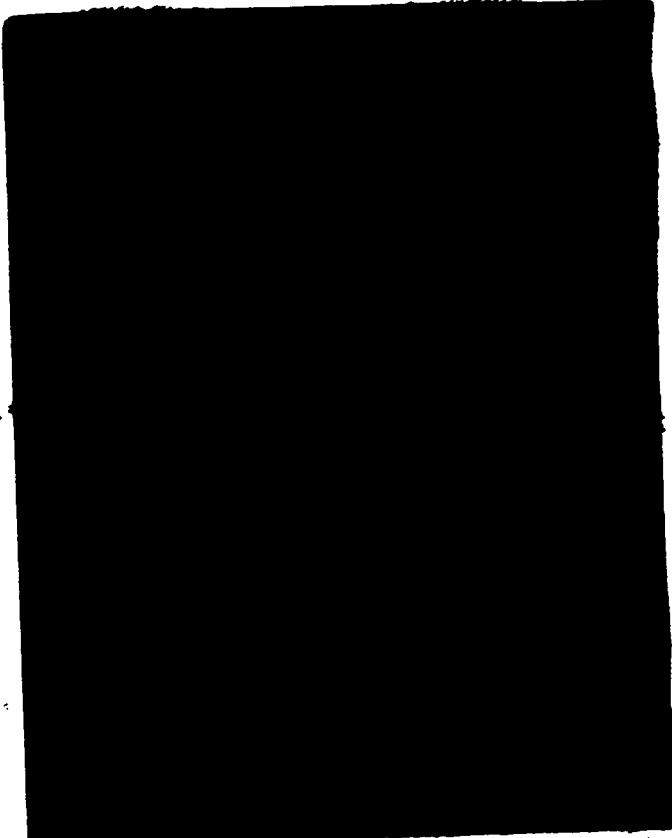
CER 051874

E000832



CER 051875

E000833



CER 051877

E000835

POSITION OF BASIC UNITS, SECTION CONTROL 2607

SCIENTIFIC AREA, FORM

Name	Geothermal	Location	Collected by
Site Number	1	Depth	Special
Address	W. Geothermal Well	Feet	M.F.P.L. - 1024
Collection Date	10-10-93	Depth	2' Water
Collector	Spring	Collector Type (A) (1)	Station 1024
Comments	(S) Public	Station	1024
Geothermal - steam discharge - Collected under order - see next schedule			

S301 010593

St. Clair

Collector

Geothermal

Time Collected 3:20

Board Reader (X) 2

Board Reader (X) 2

Stick-on - - - - -

Board Reader (X) 2

Board Reader (X) 2

Sample Length - - - - -

Board Reader (X) 2

Board Reader (X) 2

Ground water sample (1) Indiana Jon (1) Read line: 3

Board Reader (X) 2

Board Reader (X) 2

Sample Name: Geothermal water - coldest

Board Reader (X) 2

Board Reader (X) 2

Collector comments: Sign sample from backwash

Board Reader (X) 2

Board Reader (X) 2

Bob Haase Geothermal GE or Company

Board Reader (X) 2

Board Reader (X) 2

Date Sampled: 10-10-93

Lab No.: 1024

Lab Comments:

Lab USE Date: 10-10-93

Lab No.: 1024

Lab Comments:

Geothermal R.E.

Board Reader (X) 2

Board Reader (X) 2

* Analysis and interpretation of results in this section:
existing records, previous analyses, and other data
being reviewed by the analyst.
Comments: 0

* Analysis and interpretation of results in this section:
existing records, previous analyses, and other data
being reviewed by the analyst.
Comments: 0

KM

* Summary of analysis and conclusions

TP

E000836

51	X	Chromium Cr (total)	0.000
52	X	Chromium Cr (60%)	0.000
53	X	Chromium Cr (40%)	0.000
54	X	Chromium Cr (20%)	0.000
55	X	Chromium Cr (10%)	0.000
56	X	Chromium Cr (5%)	0.000
57	X	Chromium Cr (1%)	0.000
58	X	Chromium Cr (0.5%)	0.000
59	X	Chromium Cr (0.1%)	0.000
60	X	Chromium Cr (0.05%)	0.000
61	X	Chromium Cr (0.01%)	0.000
62	X	Chromium Cr (0.005%)	0.000
63	X	Chromium Cr (0.001%)	0.000
64	X	Chromium Cr (0.0005%)	0.000
65	X	Chromium Cr (0.0001%)	0.000
66	X	Chromium Cr (0.00005%)	0.000
67	X	Chromium Cr (0.00001%)	0.000
68	X	Chromium Cr (0.000005%)	0.000
69	X	Chromium Cr (0.000001%)	0.000
70	X	Chromium Cr (0.0000005%)	0.000
71	X	Chromium Cr (0.0000001%)	0.000
72	X	Chromium Cr (0.00000005%)	0.000
73	X	Chromium Cr (0.00000001%)	0.000

Time Collected: 2:30

Date Collected: 1/5/83

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received 2/10/83

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE HEADING:

Cahokia/Dead Creek

FILE NUMBER:

0000838

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

Drip sample from underneath Judith St. where
Cabinet discharge - on the south side of road

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:

odorless - slightly smoky

TESTS REQUESTED: Organic Stan - Especially PCB's, chlorophenol
chlorobenzene, dichlorobenzene, dichlorophenol
cyclotetrasiloxane chloroanilines

COLLECTED BY: Tom Small DEPC TRANSPORTED BY: Bob Haagel

LABORATORY ILN 2730A

RECEIVED BY: C.C.

DATE
COMPLETED:

2/9/83

DATE
FORWARDED: 2/19/83

J Shirley

PCBs < 0.1 mg/l

Organic compounds (listed above) not detected in the extract
of this sample.

RECEIVED

FEB 10 1983

E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS

CER 051880

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

E000838

Time Collected: 4:00 P

Dropal "

27805

Date Collected: 1-5-83

Lab

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received: JAN 10 1983

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

FILE HEADING:

FILE NUMBER:

St. Clair

Cahokia/Dead Creek

Census

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

Dip sample from basement of baton window
102 Walnut St. Cahokia - Sample of water supply

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:

turb. & odorless

TESTS REQUESTED: organic scan - especially, PCB's chlorophenol
Chlorobenzene, dichlorobenzene, trichlorophenol
cyclohexylane, chloroaniline

COLLECTED BY:

Bob Hagel

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: G.C.

DATE
COMPLETED: 3/16/83 11:15

DATE
FORWARDED: 3/19/83

G. Murray

PCBs < 0.1 ug/l

Chlorobutane (alpha-omega) = 0.13 ug/l

Other organics not detected in the extract of this
sample

RECEIVED

FEB 11 1983

R.H.A. D.L.P.C.

CER 051881

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

10/17/83

E000839

RECEIVED
FEB 22 1983
R.H.A.
D.L.P.C.
ILLINOIS

Time Collected: 3:10

Sample 11

Lab

11-1730
11-1730-3

Date Collected: 1/5/83

SPECIAL ANALYSIS FORM

Date Received _____

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE READING:

Calhoun/ Dead Creek

FILE NUMBER:

General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

*1st sample from underneath Judith St where
culvert discharge - on the south side of road.*

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:

odorless - slightly mushy

TESTS REQUESTED: *Organic Soln - Especially PCB's, chlorophenol
chlorobenzene, dichlorobenzene, dichlorophenol
cyclohexeneone chloroaniline*

COLLECTED BY: *Tom Small MTC* TRANSPORTED BY: *Bob Haagel*

LABORATORY *11-1730-1*

RECEIVED BY: *A.C.*

DATE
COMPLETED:

2/9/83

DATE
FORWARDED: *2/9/83*

J. Huneay

PCBs < 0.1 mg/l

*organic compounds (listed above) not detected in the extract
of this sample.*

RECEIVED

FEB 14 1983

*ILL. EPA
STATE OF ILLINOIS
D.L.P.C.*

LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

CER 051882

11-1730-1

E000840

Time Collected: 4:00 P

Dwyer

102-1005

Date Collected: 1-5-83

Lab

Date Received AN 10 1983

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF LAND/NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL

COUNTY:

St. Clair

FILE HEADING:

Cahokia/Seab Creek

FILE NUMBER:

General

SOURCE OF SAMPLE: (Exact Location)

1/2 sample from bottom of bottom surface
102 Walnut St Cahokia - Sample of water surface

PHYSICAL OBSERVATIONS, REMARKS:

turb. & odorous

TESTS REQUESTED: organic scan - especially PCB's chlorobenzene
Chlorobenzene, dichlorobenzene, trichlorobenzene,
cyclohexylbenzene, chloroaniline

COLLECTED BY: Tom Gossel LPC TRANSPORTED BY: Bob Hagedorn

LABORATORY

RECEIVED BY: G.C.

DATE
COMPLETED: 1/19/83

DATE
FORWARDED: 2/9/83

D. Murray

PCBs < 0.1 ug/l

Chlorobenzene (alpha+gamma) = 0.13 ug/l

Other organics not detected in the extract of this
sample

*RECEIVED
FEB 14 1983
IL E.P.A. - D.L.P.C.
STATE OF ILLINOIS*

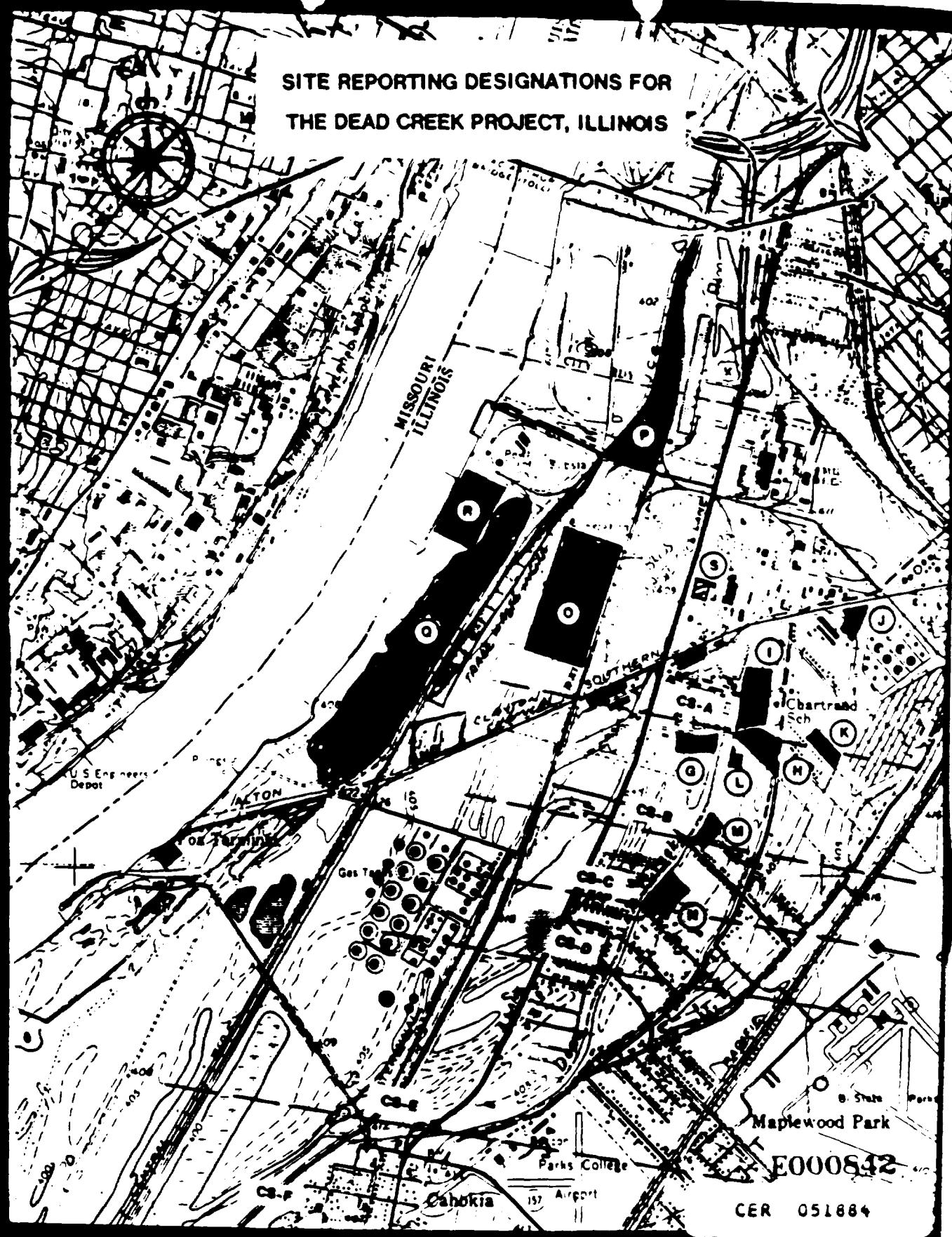
LPC-8A 4/77

(NOT FOR DATA PROCESSING)

CER 051883

E000841

SITE REPORTING DESIGNATIONS FOR
THE DEAD CREEK PROJECT, ILLINOIS



FIELD PHOTOGRAPH LOG SHEET

Page 1

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 9:10 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSE SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny, slight windfrom S (~5 mph), Temp ~50°FSITE Sunset II / Dead CreekTODD F5 - 8203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays, III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera: Canon AE-1 w/
Canon FD 50mm F1.8
lensDESCRIPTION: Looking up (northerly) Dead Creek from Judith Lane towards
Monsanto and Cerro CorporationPicture # 12 Corresponds to number
on negativesDATE March 23, 1982TIME 9:40 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 ESE SE SSE
S SSE SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Same as aboveSITE Sunset II / Dead CreekTODD F5 - 8203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASome camera and lens
as above

Picture # 13

DESCRIPTION: Elleen Black and April Richards preparing to go

CER 051885

E000843

FIELD PROJECT LOG SHEET

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 9:50 A.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER Sunny, slight wind
from S (~5 mph) Temp ~50°F

SITE Souget II / Devil CreekTODD FS - 8203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Camera Canon AE-1 w/
Canon lens FD 50mm
f 1.8

DESCRIPTION: On-site work crew beginning air monitoring in Devil Creek.

Picture #14

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 9:55 A.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER Same as aboveSITE Souget II / Devil CreekTODD FS - 8203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASome camera and lens
used as shade

Picture #15

DESCRIPTION: Spot #2 readings at breathing height H-NH₃ (117 ppm) 5:11pm
H-NH₃ (12.2 ppm) = 2 pp.m

CER 051886

E000844

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY LOG SHEET

3

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 9:56 A.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NNW

WEATHER Sunny Slight windTemp $\sim 50^{\circ}\text{F}$ SITE Soujet II / Dead CreekID# FS - E263 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Camera: Canon AE-1 w/
 Canon FD 50mm f1:1.8
 lens

DESCRIPTION: Show's lake formed on Walnut Grove Subdivision property by
 Dead Creek



Picture #16

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 9:58 A.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NNW

WEATHER Same as aboveSITE Soujet II / Dead CreekID# FS - E263 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASame camera and lens
used as above

Picture #17

CER 051887

DESCRIPTION: Show's spot #3 - recordings with H-Nu (117 lamp) at breathing range
 5 ppm

E000845

DATE March 23 1982TIME 10:00 P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NWWWEATHER Sunny, slight wind
from S (~3 mph) Temp ~50°FSITE Saugel, IL / Devil CreekID# FS - 8203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera: Canon AE-1 w/
Canon FD 35mm f1:1.8
lensDESCRIPTION: Show: ground water well put in by Ron St. John while working
with the Illinois G.P.A. for the Northern Devil Creek Study.

Picture #18

DATE March 23 1982TIME 10:02 P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NWWWEATHER Same as aboveSITE Saugel, IL / Devil CreekID# FS - 8203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASame Camera and lens as
above.

Picture #19

CER 051888

DESCRIPTION: Spot #4 - reading w/m 1t-Nu (11.7 lamp) 4 to 5pm

E000846

1960 - 1961 YRS. 100

DATE March 23 1962

TIME 10:05 (AM) P.M.

DIRECTION: N WNE NE ONE
E ESE SE SSE
S SW SW NW
W NW NW NW

WEATHER Sunny, light wind

from S (WSW) Temp ~ 50°F

SITE Sector II / Dead Creek

1004 FS - E203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Glenn E. Mats III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Camera: Canon AE-1 w/
Circular Polarizing Filter
lens

DESCRIPTION: Shows spots # 54 & 6 - recesses w/in 14-mm (11.7 lamp.) 8 and 7 mm

DATE March 23 1962

TIME 10:10 (AM) P.M.

DIRECTION: N WNE NE (ENE)
E ESE SE SSE
S SW SW NW
W NW NW NW

WEATHER Same as above

SITE Sector II / Dead Creek

1004 FS - E203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Glenn E. Mats III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Same camera and lens

DESCRIPTION: Shows same fence (placed here by the TEP A) on top of the hill



Picture # 21

CER 051889

E000847

DATE March 23 1982TIME 10:15 (AM) P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE

ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER Sunny slight wind

Sun S (~50°), Temp ~50°F

SITE Subject II / Dead CreekID# FS-8203-02

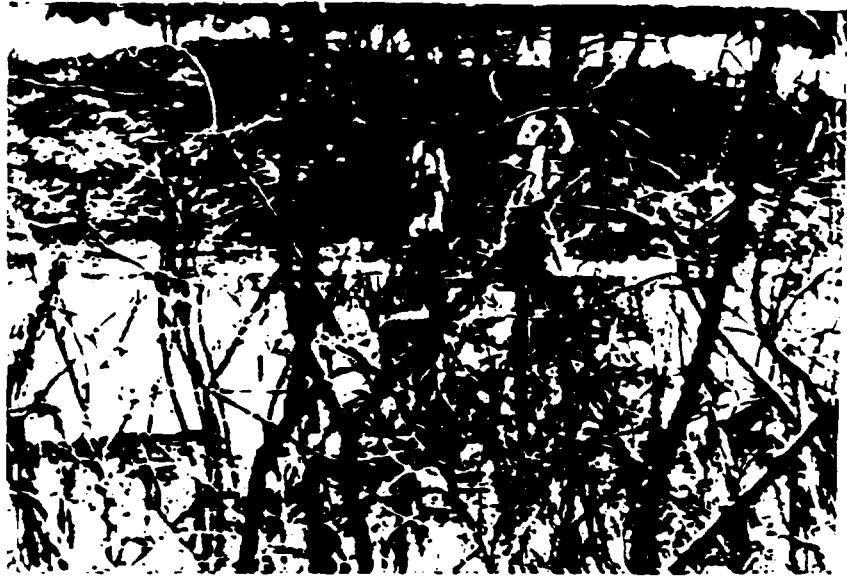
PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Camera: Canon AE-1 w/ 50mm FD 50mm f1:1.8 lens

DESCRIPTION: Show polyethylene acid container in creek.

Picture # 22

DATE March 23 1982TIME 10:30 (AM) P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE

ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER Sunny as aboveSITE Subject II / Dead CreekID# FS-8203-02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Claude E. Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASome camera and lens
are used above

Picture # 23

DESCRIPTION: Taking sample of seepage and placing it into a clear bottle
for later analysis with C : A

CER 051890

E000848

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 11:40 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW HSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny slight wind

from S (~30°) Temp ~50°F

SITE Sougt. IL/David CreekTOOL F5-8203-02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Charles E. Nays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera Canon AE-1 w/
Canon FD 50mm f:1.8
lensDESCRIPTION: Show David Creek and surrounding area south of Judith Lane.

Picture #1

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 11:53 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW HSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny wind from

S-SW @ ~5-10 mph, Temp ~50°F

SITE Sougt. IL/David CreekTOOL F5-8203-02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Den Woods

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera AE-1 camera
Zoom - f: 90mm ~ 230mm
1:4.5 lensDESCRIPTION: Showing area of seepage near land leased to Ruon Tran, et al.

Picture #2

CER 051891

E000849

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 5

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 11:56 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NWWEATHER Sunny wind from S-SW@ 5-10 mph Temp ~ 60°FSITE Suget II / Dead CreekID# F5 - 223 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Don Woods

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera: Canon AE-1 w/
Zoom f=90mm ~ 230mm
1:4.5 lensDESCRIPTION: Area of seepage just south of Cerro Corporation and Quarry Ave in
Dead Creek

Picture #3

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 11:57 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NWWEATHER Same as aboveSITE Suget II / Dead CreekID# F5 - 223 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Don Woods

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASome drums and bins
used as above

Picture #4

CER 051892

DESCRIPTION: Closer of drums on Run Transport Co property. Hitting to see if
some kind on drums

E000850

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

7

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 11:58 (A.M.) P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE

ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NNW

WEATHER Sunny wind from SW

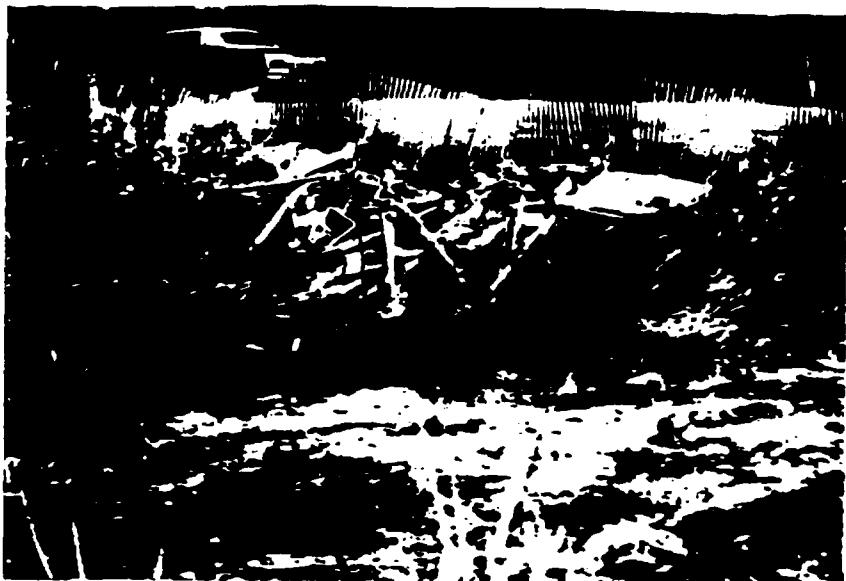
12.5°C min Temp ~60°F

SITE Sargent II / Dead CreekTOOL F5 - E203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Don Woods

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera: Crown AE-1 w/
zoom f: 9mm ~23cm
1:4.5 lensDESCRIPTION: Showing seepage from bank (pipe w/ inside diameter of 3 inches)

Picture #5

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 11:58 (A.M.) P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE

ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NNW

WEATHER Sunny & clearSITE Sargent II / Dead CreekTOOL F5 - E203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Don Woods

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASame camera and lens
used as aboveDESCRIPTION: Closer up of pipe which seems to be the source of seepage

Picture #6

CER 051893

E000851

100-0 3 1982 4 1982 2001

DATE March 23 1982

TIME 11:52 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N WNE NE ENE

(E) ESE SE SSE

S SSW SW WSW

N NW W SW

WEATHER Sunny, wind from S

(S) SSW Wind Temp ~60°

SITE Singlet II / Devil Creek

100# FS-52-3 -02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Don Williams

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Cutter Gun AE-1 w/
Cutter Gun FO 50 mm fine
line

DESCRIPTION: Area of seepage in northern portion of Devil Creek near Custer Camp



Picture # 7

DATE March 23, 1982

TIME 11:53 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: (N) NNE NE ENE

E ESE SE SSE

S SSW SW WSW

N NW W SW

WEATHER Same as above

SITE Singlet II / Devil Creek

100# FS-52-3 -02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Don Williams

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Some cement (and glass)
was found here

Picture # 8

DESCRIPTION: Drums and "old" substances in
pit on Custer Creek - Devil Creek
W.M. 0.5 mi. S.E. Minn (117) camp -
3-4 km.

CER 051894

E000852

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 12:00 P.M. A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSE SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER Sunny, wind from S-SW

@ 5-10 mph. Temp ~60°F

SITE Swinget Il./Deer CreekTOOL FS - S203 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Don Woods

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Camera Canon AE-1 w/
Canon FD 50 mm f:1.8
lens

DESCRIPTION: Another pit w/ drums and "oily" substance on Cervi Corp. property

Picture # 9

DATE _____

TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSE SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER _____

PHOTO

SITE _____

TOOL _____

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

DESCRIPTION: _____

CER 051895

E000853



erology and environment, inc.
223 WEST JACKSON BLVD.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60606

CER 051896

E000854

DEAD CREEK

Neg. missing for pic #?

CKLly 4/2/62 (April used it

for getting a copy
to send to Berlin)

Neg still missing for pic #23

CKLly 7/21/62
FOUND 7/21/62 @ Noon CKLly

recycled paper

FIELD SURVEY LOG SHEET

IT-103-C5-

Date Creek

Page 1

DATE March 23, 1962

TIME 11:10 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SW NW NW
W NW NW NWWEATHER Sunny, slight wind
from SSW. Temperature ESITE ~~Survey 26~~, Dead Creek1000 FS ~~CC~~ CC

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Charles E. May, III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A
Crown: Green Heel: w/
Crown: F1: Green + 1/2
LensDESCRIPTION: Working up (northern) Dead Creek from just below the Lure to mouth
Mossy rock covered surface

Picture #12 of Survey 26

DATE March 23, 1962

TIME 4:40 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SW NW NW
W NW NW NW

WEATHER Sunny, slight wind

SITE ~~Survey 26~~, Dead Creek1000 FS ~~CC~~ CC

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Charles E. May, III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A
Crown: Green Heel: w/
Crown: F1: Green + 1/2
Lens

DESCRIPTION: Erosion gullies on hill side. Lure to previous R



Picture #13

CER 051897

E000855

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 7

DATE March 25, 1966TIME 1:50 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Some cloudsPM 35°FSITE Target 2 - Devil CreekTOPO TS 2405 2405

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Stevens & Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASample taken 140' from
Devil Creek for stream
flowDESCRIPTION: On site work can be seen along the main flow of Devil Creek

Picture #14

DATE March 25, 1966TIME 1:55 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Some cloudsSITE Target 2 - Devil CreekTOPO TS 2405 2405

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Stevens & Mays III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASample taken 140' from
Devil Creek for stream
flowDESCRIPTION: On site work can be seen along the main flow of Devil Creek

Picture #15

CER 051898

E000856

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 9:50 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER CloudyHumidity 50% Temp 73° FSITE Lager 2/Deer CreekTOPO E3 - L3

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Markie L. May

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Comments: Camera 4C 1/2 sec
 Janzen Rd. 2 min plus
 lens

DESCRIPTION: Showy, large formation on Walnut Creek. Surface very dry
Deer Creek



Photo #16

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 9:50 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER CloudySITE Lager 2/Deer CreekTOPO E3 - E2E3 - 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Markie L. May

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Comments: Camera 4C 1/2 sec
 Janzen Rd. 2 min plus



Photo #17

CER 051899

DESCRIPTION: A large spot of dry soil - in the sun, it looks like a dry lake bed
Deer Creek

E000857

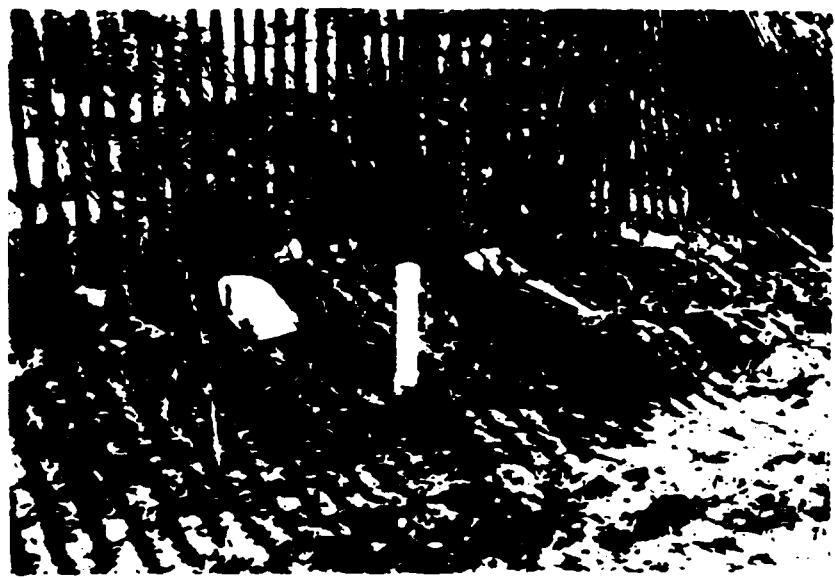
FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 4DATE March 23 1982TIME 10:00 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny, light windF.I.D. 3 (3' amp) Tilt + 10°SITE Dugout I / Devil CreekTOPO F5 Elevation 1000

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Jerome L. May Jr.

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACameras: Canon AE-1 w/
Canon FD Summar f1:1.2
lensDESCRIPTION: Show, ground water well built in by Ron St. John while working
with the Illinois Dept. for the Northern Devil Creek study

Picture #18

DATE March 23 1982TIME 10:00 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny, no cloudsSITE Dugout I / Devil CreekTOPO F5 Elevation 1000

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Jerome L. May Jr.

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASome small trees in
area

Picture #19

CER 051900

DESCRIPTION: Tree #4 - small - in NW (II) lawn) 4 to 5 AM

E000858

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 5DATE March 23, 1982TIME 10:05 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NWWEATHER Sunny, light wind

Clouds (-50%) Temp ~80° F

SITE Coastal PlainTOOL F5 - E63 E6

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Jeanne L. Morris III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera: Minolta Rokkor 28mm
Lenses: Canon FD 50mm f/1.8
(LENS)DESCRIPTION: Shrub species #544c - seedlings ~1m tall (in, young) 3 and 4m

F5 - E63 E6

DATE March 23, 1982TIME 12:10 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NWWEATHER Sunny and hazySITE Coastal PlainTOOL F5 - E63 E6

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Jeanne L. Morris III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera: Minolta Rokkor 28mm
Lenses: Canon FD 50mm f/1.8DESCRIPTION: Shrub, coarse fence (planted fence on the left) on soil - 1 m tall

CER 051901

E000859

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page _____

DATE March 23 1982TIME 10:15 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny, slight windTemp ~70°FSITE Layer II / DebrisTOOL F5 ECOS CC

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Shane E. May, III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera Canon AE-1 w/m
Canon FD 50mm f1.8
lensDESCRIPTION: Shows polyethylene sheet container in creek

Picture # 22

DATE March 23 1982TIME 10:30 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny & warmSITE Layer II / DebrisTOOL F5 ECOS CC

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Shane E. May, III

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A
Same camera and lens
as used aboveDESCRIPTION: Taking sample of strings and filaments with a net
from the water in the creek

Picture # 23

CER 051902

E000860

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 7

DATE March 23 1982TIME 11:45 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NW

WEATHER Sunny, slight wind

Temp 58 (~3 mph) Temp ~56°F

SITE Southeast D/Deas C. & ETOPO F5 - 263 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Tom L. May: II

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera Canon AE-1 Body
Lens FD 50mm f1.8
LensDESCRIPTION: Show: Devil Creek and surrounding areas south of Judith
Lake.

Picture #1

DATE March 23 1982TIME 11:55 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NW

WEATHER Sunny, wind from

S-SW 5-10 mph Temp ~58°F

SITE Southeast D/Devil CreekTOPO F5 - 263 02

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Tom L. May: II

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Camera Canon AE-1 Body

Lens FD 50mm f1.8 mm
145 lensDESCRIPTION: Showing area (approx 100' x 100') around the house

Picture #2

CER 051903

E000861

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 7

DATE March 23 1982TIME 11:56 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny Wind from S ~2-3 km/h Temp ~ 60°SITE Saugatik / Dead CreekTOOL F5 - L43 - C

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Dan Morris

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera Canon ME-1 w/
Zoom F=70mm ~ 210mm
1:4.5 lensDESCRIPTION: Hills of Saugatik just south of Arctic Corporation and Chukchi Hwy
Dead Creek

Picture #3

DATE March 23 1982TIME 11:57 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Same as aboveSITE Saugatik / Dead CreekTOOL F5 - L43 - C

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Dan Morris

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/AScans from original film
4x5 filmDESCRIPTION: Closely spaced trees in forest transition to scrubby heath, S
Dead Creek area

Picture #4 CER 051904

E000862

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 9DATE March 23 1982TIME 11:56 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NWWEATHER Sunny wind from SSWCloudy in. Temp ~25°CSITE Swat R / Dead CreekTODD FS - 223-06

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Den. 2003

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACLIMB Lev. R-1 w/
2cm f. focus ~25m
1:4.5 lensDESCRIPTION: Showing saplings from bank (sp. sp. --/ inside diameter of 3 cm.)

Picture #5

DATE March 23 1982TIME 11:56 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NWWEATHER Sunny w/ cloudsSITE Swat R / Dead CreekTODD FS - 223-06

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Den. 2003

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASame location like
last photo

Picture #6

CER 051905

DESCRIPTION: Close up of. part which excess to the current

E000863

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 10DATE March 23 1982TIME 11 : 30 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny, wind from S55°FSITE Singer 2 / Devil CreekTOOL FS 243 C2

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Dan Woods

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ACamera - Canon AE-1 w/
lens FD 35mm f/1.8

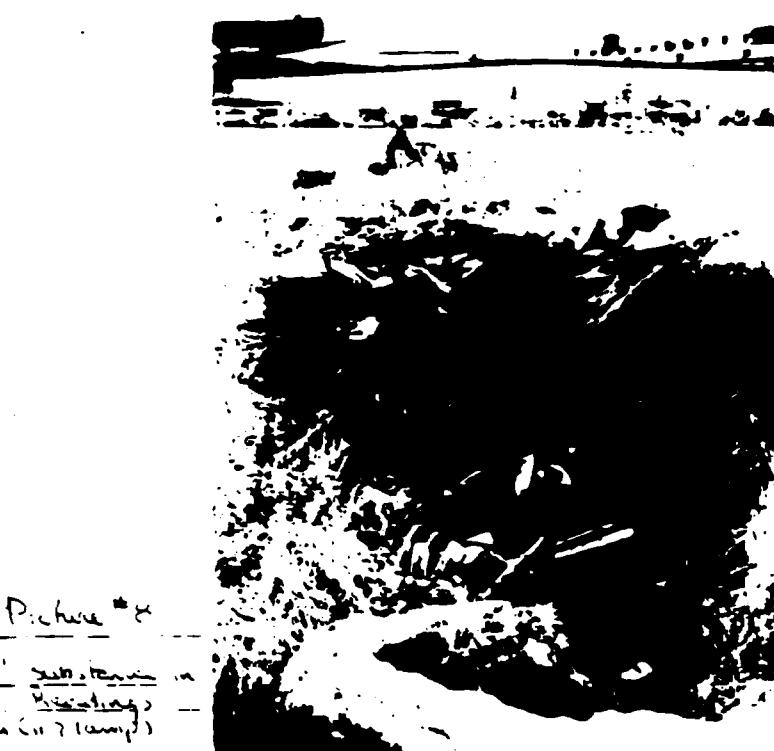
Picture #7

DESCRIPTION: Area of surprise in northern portion of Devil Creek near Singer CorpDATE March 23, 1982TIME 11 : 50 A.M. P.M.DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
E ESE SE SSE
S SSW SW WSW
W NW NW NNWWEATHER Sunny as aboveSITE Singer 2 / Devil CreekTOOL FS 243 C2

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Dan Woods

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/ASome small wood lens
in sand creek

Picture #8

DESCRIPTION: Brown and oily substance in pit on Singer Corp property. Possibly oil from tank?

CER 051906

E000864

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page 11

DATE March 23 1982TIME 12:00 A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER Sunny wind from SSWCloudy rain 20%SITE Swamp Rd/Deer CreekTOOL FS - E203 C2

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Tom Woods

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

N/A

Camera: Canon AE-1 w/
 Canon FD 50mm f/1.8
 lens

DESCRIPTION: Another pit with drums and "oily" substance on their tops mostly

Picture # 9

DATE _____

TIME _____ A.M. P.M.

DIRECTION: N NNE NE ENE
 E ESE SE SSE
 S SSW SW WSW
 W NW NW NW

WEATHER _____

PHOTO

SITE _____

TOOL _____

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

SAMPLE ID# (if applicable)

DESCRIPTION: _____

CER 051907

E000865